The Sydney Morning Herald.

NO. 6862.—VOL. XLI. TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1860. PRICE THREEPENCE.

BIRTHS.

On Sunday, May 27th, at her residence, Union Inn, Cundletown, Manning River, the wife of William T. Smith, of a son.

On the 2nd June, at her residence, Rockville, Snail's Bay, Mrs. J. D. Cronin, of a daughter.

On Sunday, the 3rd instant, at her residence, Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills, Mrs. M. W. Parker, of a son.

On the 3rd instant, at 108, Duke-street, Woolloomooloo, the wife of Captain Fieck, of a son.

On the 3rd instant, at her residence, No. 287, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park, Sydney, Mrs. R. Barton, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

On May 31st, at the Wesleyan Church, York-street, by the Rev. T. Beazley, Hannah, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Henderson, of Manchester, to Mr. Henry Scott, of North Shields.

DEATHS.

On the 26th February, at London, Charles John Skardon, only son of the late Lieutenant-General Charles Ramsay Skardon, H.E.I.C.S., aged thirty-nine.

At the residence of her parents, Macquarie-street South, Jane Mary, the eldest daughter of Edward J. Rubie, aged 17 years.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO ENGLAND.—THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S steamship MALTA, HENRY DOWN, Commander, will be despatched for SUEZ, with her Majesty's mails, passengers, specie, and cargo, on THURSDAY, the 14th of June, 1860, at 4 o'clock p.m., touching at MELBOURNE, KANGAROO ISLAND, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, POINT DE GALLE, and ADEN.
For particulars regarding freight and passage, with information on all subjects connected with the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Lines, apply to HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, Sydney, May 14th, 1860.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND.—The I. R. M. Company's Steamers will be despatched as under:—
For AUCKLAND direct. — Now loading. — LORD ASHLEY, A. KENNEDY, commander, on the 10th June.
For NELSON, TARANAKI, WELLINGTON, PORT COOPER and OTAGO.—PRINCE ALFRED, J. BOWDEN, commander, on the 10th June.
Return tickets are issued at reduced rates, entitling the holders to remain a month in New Zealand.
PEARSON and CO., agents, Grafton Wharf. SAMUEL CLARK, manager.
Shippers will please observe that no bonded goods will be received on board without shipping notes, the same as for free goods.
The name of the port of destination must in all cases be mentioned in the shipping notes, and, where possible, marked also on the packages, to facilitate the stowage of the same.
Notice to consignees.—Bills of lading must be presented at the office, and freight paid before delivery of goods.

STEAM to MANLY BEACH.—The PHANTOM leaves daily. Fares, 1s; on Sundays, 1s. 6d.

Circular Quay, for Manly ...	10·15	2·15	5·15
Woolloomooloo, ditto ...	10·30	2·30	5·0
Manly for Sydney ...	8·15	11·30	4·15

And will call at Watson's Bay 8·15 trip up, and 5·15 down to Manly.
N.B.—The steamer will NOT run 5·15 trip on Saturdays, or 8·15 and 10·15 Sundays.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—EMU, PELICAN, and BLACK SWAN STEAMERS DAILY.
From Parramatta, at 8, and 11 a.m., and 4 p.m.
From Ryde (calling at Gladesville and Hunter's Hill, at ...
From Sydney, at 9 a.m., 1.15 and 4 p.m. (and at quarter past 6 p.m. to Ryde only.)
ON SUNDAYS. Sydney, 9 a.m. Parramatta, 4 p.m.
FARES. Cabin, return tickets, 4s.; steerage, 2s. 6d. Ditto single fares, 2s. 6d.; ditto, 1s. 6d.
No charge for omnibus. Refreshments to be had on board. Phoenix Wharf.
N.B. The cost of travelling by these steamers is little more than ONE-HALF of that by Railway (and omnibus).

RAPID, STEAMER, leaves the Bethel Wharf, for WOLLONGONG, MONDAY EVENINGS, at 9 (cargo only); FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 8, returning same day.
KIAMA, MONDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, at 9.
SHELLHARBOUR WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, at 9.
All freights must be paid in Sydney. A. A. DUNNICLIFF, agent.

STEAM to MERIMBULA.—Every FRIDAY, at 10 a.m., from the Phoenix Wharf.
Passengers will find this route both shorter and more ... than any other to the Kiandra diggings, having ... of accommodation at convenient distances.
Fares, £3 5s.
N.B.—A steampacket starts from Merimbula for Sydney ... o'clock at noon, every Tuesday.

ILLAWARRA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMPACKETS TO
WOLLONGONG, KIAMA, and SHOALHAVEN, THIS NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.
SHELL HARBOUR, TO-MORROW, at 11 p.m.
CLYDE RIVER, on THURSDAY, at 10 a.m.
PORT MACQUARIE, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.
MERIMBULA, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.
ULLADULLA, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to the HUNTER.—The CITY OF NEWCASTLE, THIS (Tuesday) NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.
P. J. COHEN, manager. Offices, foot of Market-street.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to and from the HUNTER during the month of JUNE.
FROM SYDNEY.
CITY OF NEWCASTLE, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 11 p.m.
PATERSON, MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 7 a.m.
FROM MORPETH.
CITY OF NEWCASTLE, MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 8 a.m.
PATERSON, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 2 p.m.
A vessel to CLARENCE TOWN direct, twice during the month.
P. J. COHEN, manager. Offices, foot of Market-street.

THE A. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS TO
MELBOURNE, calling at EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—RANGATIRA, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) AFTERNOON, at 3.
There will be no steamer to Melbourne on Saturday next.
HUNTER RIVER.—COLLAROY, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) NIGHT, at 11.
CLARENCE TOWN direct.—ILLALONG, WEDNESDAY, 13th June, at 11 p.m.
BRISBANE and IPSWICH. — YARRA YARRA, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, at 10.
WIDE BAY. — ————, TUESDAY, 26th June, at 10 p.m.
PORT CURTIS and ROCKHAMPTON direct.—EAGLE, THURSDAY, 21st June, at 6 p.m.
JAMES PATERSON, manager. A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

STEAM to HOBART TOWN (calling at EDEN, Twofold Bay).—The TASMANIA, JOHN CLINCH, commander, will leave the Patent Slip Wharf, on THURSDAY, 7th instant, at 12 (noon). No cargo will be received on day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to WILLIS, MERRY, and CO., 17, Church-hill.

FOR MANNING RIVER.—The POLICEMAN from Commercial Wharf, first fair wind. 327, George-st.

SCHOONER WOODPECKER, for the Moruya River. Sails first fair wind.
For freight or passage, apply to HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

FOR BRISBANE, QUEENSLAND. — The regular trader VANQUISH, SCOTT, master, is now ready to receive cargo at the Grafton Wharf.
For freight or passage apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

FIRST VESSELS for MELBOURNE WHARF.—Regular line of traders from the Commercial Wharf. The A1 clipper MARY AND ROSE, Captain WILLIAMS, will sail on or about WEDNESDAY first. The fine fast-sailing NATIVE LASS, Captain STAFFORD, on FRIDAY following.
For freight or passage apply to ANDERSON, CAMPBELL, and CO., Sussex-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The fine brig FORTUNE, PATON, master, is now fast loading at the Wharf; and having all her dead weight engaged, has only room for light freight, for which or passage apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

ONLY VESSEL for LAUNCESTON.—The regular trader LADY DENISON, J. M'KINLAY, commander, will be despatched with her usual punctuality.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

SANTAGO, schooner.—TENDERS will be received till noon, THURSDAY, the 7th, for REPAIRS &c. to above vessel. For particulars apply to J. KENDALL, Baker's Wharf.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONLY VESSEL for AUCKLAND.—The favourite regular trader BREADALBANE, J. G. BARRON, commander, clears at the Customs TO-MORROW.
Shippers are particularly requested to complete their shipments, pass entries, and forward bills of lading for signature. Has room for a few tons of light freight.
For which or passage apply on board, at the Patent Slip Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and Co., Lloyd's Chambers.

FOR AUCKLAND.—For Passengers only. The A1 clipper ship NUGGET, W. H. Bond, commander, having just completed her passage from London in 86 days, will sail for the above port positively on Wednesday, the 6th instant. Apply to M. BAYLEY, Circular Quay, Sydney.

FOR NELSON.—For light freight and passage only. The fine brig GRATIA, Rogers, master, now loading at Walker's Wharf, will sail about the 5th proximo. Has superior cabin and steerage accommodations.
Apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

ONLY VESSEL for PORT COOPER, and WELLINGTON.—The LOUIS AND MIRIAM will meet with quick despatch.
For freight or passage, apply on board, at the Grafton Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

NEW CALEDONIA POSTAL SERVICE.—The clipper packet CHAMPION, H. H. MENNIE, master, will be dispatched for Port de France with H.I.M. mails immediately after the arrival of the English Mail.
For freight or passage, apply to the Captain, on board, at the Circular Quay.

FOR PORT DE FRANCE, NEW CALEDONIA.—The fast-sailing clipper schooner EAGLE, 124 tons register, will have quick dispatch.
For freight or passage apply to LEVERRIER, CURCIER, and CO., 205, George-street North.

FOR HONGKONG.—The fine first-class American ship FRANCIS P. SAGE, 1424 tons, THOMAS INGERSOLL, commander, will be despatched on or about 5th June. Has unrivalled accommodation both for cabin and steerage passengers.
For light freight or passage, apply to A. TANGE and CO., Wynyard-square.

FOR CALLAO.—The well known regular trader LLOYDS, JOHN R. HARRISON, master, will sail in a few days.
For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to Captain HARRISON, on board; or to GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., agents, Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

ELECTRA, for SAN FRANCISCO.—This vessel is now completing her loading, and will sail in all this week. A few vacancies for passengers in saloon and intermediate.
GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., agents, Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

FIRST SHIP FOR SAN FRANCISCO.—The splendid A1 British built clipper ship ELECTRA, CAYZER, commander (well-known in the London trade), is now loading, and will sail on or about 5th JUNE.
This vessel is remarkable for her fast sailing qualities, and has splendid accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers, at very moderate rates. The dietary scale will be of the most liberal description, and every attention will be given to the comfort of passengers.
For freight or passage apply to Captain CAYZER, on board, Macnamara's Wharf; or to GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO direct.—The fast-sailing A1 clipper ship EDOUARD ET ELISE, AMMONDSON, commander, will leave Newcastle on the 8th June. This vessel has good accommodation for passengers. Apply to BINGLE and CO., Newcastle.

FOR THE UNITED STATES.—The ship BOWDITCH, Captain PATRICK will sail in a few days. For passage apply to ROBERT D. MERRILL, 2, Macquarie-place.

FOR LONDON, with immediate dispatch. The fine A1 ship WATERLOO (belonging to Messrs. D. Dunbar and Sons), 890 tons register, JOHN YOUNG, commander, will sail about 25th June.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., agents.

FOR LONDON.—The fine A1 ship HOLLINSIDE, 700 tons register, ROBERT RIDLAND, commander, is now receiving cargo, and having nearly all engaged, will be quickly dispatched.
For freight or passage apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

BLACKWALL LINE OF PACKETS from MELBOURNE to LONDON.—To sail on the 19th June, the splendid A1 clipper ship DOVER CASTLE, JOHN ADAMS, commander. For rates of passage, &c., apply to J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

WHITE STAR LINE OF BRITISH AND AUSTRALIAN PACKETS.—For LIVERPOOL.—The splendid new clipper ship BLUE JACKET, 1500 tons, will sail from Hobson's Bay, Melbourne, on THURSDAY, the 12th June; and will be succeeded by the celebrated ship RED JACKET, 2500 tons, about 26th June.
For rates of passage, &c., apply to LORIMER, MACKIE, and CO., Melbourne; or to WILLIS, MERRY, and CO., 17, Church-hill.

SHIP LLOYDS, from LONDON.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered, in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned, by noon on TUESDAY, the 5th instant. GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., agents, Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

SHIP DIRIGO, from LIVERPOOL.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered, in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned, by noon on TUESDAY, the 5th instant. GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., agents, Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The splendid British-built ship MARGARET MITCHELL, A1 for 13 years, 894 tons register, DEWAR STILES, commander, now ready for sea. Apply to GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

CHARTER.—WANTED, a VESSEL, about 200 tons, for the coasting trade; twelvemonths' constant employment.
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

WANTED, COASTING VESSELS, for the conveyance of coal from Newcastle to Sydney.
R. TOWNS and CO.

VESSELS WANTED, to carry coal; quick despatch. J. C. DIBBS, Pitt-street, next the Exchange.

SHIP NUGGET, from LONDON.—Captain BOND will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew, whilst in this port. Sydney, June 4.

TO SHIPPERS AND MASTERS OF VESSELS.—CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS CURED BEEF—ACHESON'S Brand, cured expressly for foreign markets—in tierces of 336 lbs, in 42 pieces, weighing 8 lbs. each. A supply of this celebrated brand always on hand. Apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street; G. R. DIBBS, Newcastle; or to CLARK IRVING, Pitt-street.

A. S. B. C.—The undersigned would draw attention to the peculiar advantages of the above Club. F. R. HOLDSWORTH.

A. S. B. C.—Boats of every description LET on Hire to non-subscribers by the day or week.

A. S. B. C.—Gentlemen's Boats taken charge of, and placed under cover for the winter season.

JOSEPH WYATT'S ASSIGNMENT.—The Creditors in the above Estate, are requested to meet at Messrs. D. Cooper and Co.'s office, George-street, on THURSDAY next, at 12 o'clock. T. BUCKLAND.

IN THE ASSIGNMENT of KEARNS and SHAW.—Creditors having claims on the above estate are requested to send in their claims to Mr. T. HOBBS, 160, Pitt-street North, in order that a dividend may be at once declared.
THOMAS HOBBS, W. VIAL, } Trustees.

ESTATE of FREDERICK KORFF, Trading as F. and G. KORFF.—Notice.—Mr. FREDERICK KORFF is authorised by us to COLLECT and give RECEIPTS for DEBTS due to the estate. All Accounts not paid on or before 15th June, will be placed in the hands of a solicitor, for immediate recovery.
J. N. FAIRHURST, ROBERT B. DICKSON, } Trustees.
1st June, 1860.

IN THE ASSIGNMENT of THOMPSON, SYMONDS, and CO.—Persons indebted to this estate are respectfully requested to make payment to Mr. HENRY H. PAUL, the accountant, at the office, 343, George-street; or to Mr. SYDNEY DAVIS, the collector.
THOMAS WALKER, CLARK IRVING, ROBERT COOK, AMBROSE FOSS, } Trustees of the Estate.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JOHN ROBERTSON, Coachbuilder.—The CREDITORS in the above Estate are requested to send in the particulars of their claims, without delay, to the undersigned, at the office of Mr. E. SALAMON, Wynyard-street, to enable them to have made out the promissory notes at the date specified in the deed of assignment.
EDWARD SALAMON, RICHARD BINNIE, } Trustees.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

AGNES GIBSON, who came to this colony in the Hilton, No. 2, in 1856, is requested to write to her sister, ELIZABETH ROLLISON, Bunna Bunna, Talaba Creek, Wee Waa.

HUGH DUGAN, who arrived in Sydney by the Sophia, on 21st January, 1859, will hear of his sister MARGARET DEANEY by writing to care Mr. JAMES O'HARE, Corrowong, Maneroo.

MR. WILLIAM OWEN.—A letter for you at KEEP and PARSONS.

WILLIAM CORNFORD forsook his family five years ago, and with but one exception has not been heard of since—that was very soon after he left. He is supposed to be dead. His wife, or widow, or worse than widow, earnestly begs information from any one who can give it, respecting him. He was tall in person, walked with a stoop, would appear to be fifty years of age, but not so old. He was a plasterer by trade, and of very drunken habits. Information sent to LUCY CORNFORD, Wollongong, will much oblige.

A MEETING will be held THIS EVENING, at half-past seven o'clock, in the new Schoolroom adjoining St. Stephen's Church, Newtown, for the purpose of taking into consideration the best means of liquidating the debt incurred by the erection of the new building, when the seat-holders, friends of the scholars, and members of the congregation are earnestly requested to attend.

PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.—Members of this Society are requested to be punctual in their attendance, THIS EVENING, at 254, George-street, at 7 o'clock precisely. Business—Election of Officers, &c. J. ATKINSON, Secretary.

NEWTOWN CRICKET CLUB.—The usual Monthly MEETING of Members of the above Club will take place THIS EVENING, at the Railway Hotel, to commence at half-past 7 o'clock sharp. S. RABONE, hon. secretary.

RANDWICK MUTUAL IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.—The INAUGURAL ADDRESS, and a LECTURE on "The Optical Principles of the Microscope," will be delivered by the Rev. HENRY J. HOSE, Warden of St. Paul's College, on TUESDAY (THIS) EVENING, the 5th instant. Residents and friends are particularly invited to be present. The chair will be taken at half-past seven o'clock. Admission free.
J. M. MAY, honorary secretary.

SOUTHERN FLOOD FUND.—A MEETING of the Committee will be held, THIS MORNING (Tuesday), at the Exchange Reading Room, at half-past 10 precisely. A large attendance is requested, as a matter of special importance will be brought forward.
CHARLES KEMP, Treasurer.

TO PLUMBERS.—A Preliminary MEETING of the above Trade is requested to meet at the Travellers' Rest, corner of Market and Castlereagh streets, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th instant, at 8 o'clock, on purpose to form themselves into a Body.

BALMAIN TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY.—A MEETING will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 6th June, in the Church of England schoolroom, Adolphus-street, Balmain, for the purpose of advocating total abstinence.
The Rev. Ralph Mansfield, chairman of the municipality, will preside. The following gentlemen will address the meeting:—Revs. P. P. Agnew, Dr. Fullerton, T. Beazley, S. Humphreys, W. Ridley; Captain Welch, Messrs. J. R. Houlding, Theophilus Griffiths, J. D. Thane, and others. The chair will be taken at half-past seven o'clock; doors open at seven. Admission free. The friends of temperance are invited to attend. R. RONALD, Secretary.

BALMAIN SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Mr. PATTISON'S LECTURE on Phrenology will take place THIS EVENING.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—LECTURE, THIS EVENING, POSTPONED in consequence of Mr. DYER'S severe illness. "Readings" will be substituted. Commence at eight o'clock. Members (for this evening, introducing two ladies), free; visitors 3d. each.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Readings, THIS EVENING from Wordsworth, Pope, Dickens, S. Brooks, &c.

MASONIC.—Provincial Grand Lodge, N.S.W., E.C.—A MEETING of the Provincial Grand Lodge will be held, at the Freemasons' Hall, in York street, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th June, at seven o'clock p.m. W. masters of lodges and their wardens, past masters, and other members are requested to attend. By order of the V.W., the D. G. P. Master, JOHN A. MATHEWS Provincial Grand Secretary.

PENRITH NEPEAN BRIDGE COMPANY.—To Contractors and others.—TENDERS will be received by the Directors of the Nepean Bridge Company up to the 14th day of June proximo from parties willing to contract for the construction of a PONTOON BRIDGE across the Nepean River.
Plans, specifications, and all necessary information may be obtained on application to E. O. MORIARTY, Esq., Hunter-street, Sydney.

TO CARPENTERS.—TENDERS are required for the erection of NEW OFFICES for the Clarence and Richmond River Steam Navigation Company, at the Flour Company's Wharf. Plans and specifications may be seen on application to Mr. G. ALLEN MANSFIELD, architect, 178, Pitt-street, to whom tenders are to be addressed before noon of Saturday next, the 9th instant.

TO CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are invited for new roofing, general repairs, and painting to a cottage, at St. Leonard's, North Shore. The specification is at the office of Mr. JOHN BIBB, Macquarie-street, to whom tenders are to be delivered.

TO BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are invited for building an additional story and other works at a cottage, at Darlinghurst. The plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Mr. JOHN BIBB, architect, Macquarie-street, to whom tenders are to be delivered by the 12th June.

TENDERS required for the repairs of the road from Mr. Mountgomery's to Mr. Davy's, on the North Shore. Apply to Messrs. D. M'INNES, or FRANCIS MOONEY.

Council Chambers, Glebe, 1st June, 1860.
PERMANENT LEVEL of MITCHELL-STREET, Glebe.—Notice is hereby given, that a section, shewing the Permanent Level of that portion of Mitchell-street, Glebe, between the Glebe Road and Broughton-street, is now lying at the Office of the Municipal Surveyor, for information and inspection, and will remain until the 26th instant, in order that parties having cause may send in any objection to the same, to the Council Clerk, previous to the final adoption of the permanent level of the aforesaid portion of the said street by the Municipal Council.
H. SANDERSON, Council Clerk.

Council Chambers, Glebe, 1st June, 1860.
PERMANENT LEVEL of BROUGHTON-STREET, Glebe.—Notice is hereby given, that a section, shewing the Permanent Level of Broughton-street, Glebe, is now lying at the office of the Municipal Surveyor, for information and inspection, and will remain until the 26th instant, in order that parties having cause may send in any objection to the same, to the Council Clerk, previous to the final adoption of the permanent level of the said street by the Municipal Council.
H. SANDERSON, Council Clerk.

Council Chambers, Glebe, 1st June, 1860.
PERMANENT LEVEL of HARDEN-STREET, Bishopthorpe, Glebe.—Notice is hereby given, that a section shewing the Permanent Level of that portion of Harden-street, Glebe, between Glebe Road and Derwent-street, is now lying at the office of the Municipal Surveyor, for information and inspection, and will remain until the 26th instant, in order that parties having cause may send in any objection to the same, to the Council Clerk, previous to the final adoption of the permanent level of the aforesaid portion of the said street by the Municipal Council.
H. SANDERSON, Council Clerk.

NOTICE.—The Partnership hitherto existing under the firm of HUDSON and ROLLINGS, has been THIS DAY, June 2nd, 1860, DISSOLVED by mutual consent. All debts owing by the late firm will be paid by H. Hudson, who is also authorised to receive all accounts due to the late firm, and will carry on the business as usual.
(Signed) HENRY C. HUDSON, JOHN ROLLINGS.
Witness—GEORGE BROWN.

NOTICE.—In consequence of parties in Sydney selling flour as Thompson's Camden Flour, I hereby give Notice that Mr. STEPHEN NUTTER, Baltic Wharf, is my SOLE SYDNEY AGENT, and no other party has authority to sell flour on my account.
HENRY THOMPSON, Steam Flour Mills, Camden, June 4th.

NEWCASTLE WALLSEND COAL COMPANY.—FOURTH CALL.—NOTICE is hereby given that a Fourth Call of £1 per share will be payable at the office of this Company, on MONDAY, the 18th day of June next.
ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Managing Director.
Office, No. 11, Exchange, Sydney, 7th May, 1860.

NEWCASTLE WALLSEND COAL COMPANY.—Applicants for the situation of SECRETARY to this Company are informed that the appointment has been FILLED UP, and that their letters and testimonials will be returned to them by Mr. Macdonald, at the office, between the hours of 10 and 1 o'clock daily.
Office, No. 11, Exchange, Sydney, 4th June.

PRINCE OF WALES OPERA HOUSE.—Manager and Lessee, Mr. ALEXANDER FITZGERALD. Patron,—His Excellency the Governor-General, SIR W. T. DENISON and LADY DENISON.
NOVELTY UNPRECEDENTED.
Prices of admission less than London rates for the same attraction.
Scenery and effects surpass all previous efforts. The well known artiste, Herr Habbie, being engaged expressly on account of his great ability and talent.
TUESDAY EVENING, June 5th.
FIRST TIME in Sydney of the great Opera of
LA TRAVIATA,
Ou, La Dame de Camille.
Supported by,—
SIGNORA BIANCHI, as Violetta
SIGNOR BIANCHI, Alfredo
Miss OCTAVIA HAMILTON, as Flora
Monsieur E. COULON, as Germont Gorgio
Signor GROSSI, as Medico.
Together with the full strength of the Vocal and Instrumental mammoth troupe.
SCENERY.
Reception Saloon in the house of Violette, Paris.—Habbie.
Act 2.—Scene, The Boudoir of Violetta at her country seat.—Guy.
Act 3.—Scene, Magnificent Ball Room, or Salle de dance, in Paris.—Habbie.
Act 4.—Scene, the Bedroom of Violetta, Paris.—Guy.
Box-sheet open at the entrance to Dress Circle, Castlereagh-street, where places may be secured on application to Mr. COLVILLE, from 11 to 3 o'clock. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Curtain will rise at a quarter-past 8 precisely.

LIBRETTOS OF LA TRAVIATA! (in Italian and English) now ready, price one shilling; and may be had at the Caxton Printing Office, 317, George-street, Mr. J. R. CLARKE, George-street; Mr. MOSS, Hunter-street; and at the doors of the Opera House each evening of performance.
Patrons of the opera may rely on the Italian and English edition being correct, the publisher having had the copy revised by Mons. A. Paltzer, conductor, and the proof-sheets carefully read by a gentleman, thoroughly conversant with the Italian language.

TOOGOOD'S SALOON.—New Company, under the management of Mr. WEBSTER. Liquors at bar prices.

MR. W. CLARK'S Quadrille Assembly, THIS EVENING (Tuesday), at his Academy, 75, William-street.

NOTICE.—All ACCOUNTS against the undersigned must be sent in before the 12th instant, as I intend removing to Queensland, and all outstanding accounts due to me not settled before the abovenamed time, will be handed over to my solicitor for collection. D. MITCHELL, 219, Castlereagh-street.

MOSSMAN'S BAY.—I give NOTICE, that in consequence of the wanton damage done to my fences, I will prosecute any person found trespassing upon my land, or attempting to establish a thoroughfare to or from either of my jetties. H. STUART RUSSELL. The Rangers, May 30.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.—Trinity Term will commence on MONDAY, the 11th June. HUGH KENNEDY, Registrar.

FOUND, a Gold RING, corner Bathurst and George streets. The owner can have it by paying expenses. W. GRIFFITHS, 269, Pitt-street.

FOUND, a GOAT. The owner can have it by paying expenses. Apply at the Dublin Tea and Grocery Warehouse, Church-hill.

TERRIER LOST, on Friday last, at North Shore, a light brown rough-haired Terrier Bitch, answers to the name of FLORA, had a curb collar on with name. Any person bringing her to Mr. J. R. CLAYTON, Town Hall, Sydney; or to EDWARD LORD, Esq., Careening Cove, North Shore, will receive ten shillings rewards; if detained after this notice the party will be prosecuted as the law directs.

LOST, opposite the Haymarket, on Monday morning, Two TEETH, mounted in gold. The finder will be rewarded by returning the same to Mr. MOSS, 631, opposite the Hymarket.

LOST (Reward), a gold PENCILCASE with SEAL—crest. Apply to Mr. WILLIAMS, HERALD Office.

STRAYED, from Paddington, a Light Red COW, white neck, belly and streak on back, branded WH on ribs, milking side. The finder will be rewarded on returning her to THOMAS YOUNG, Underwood-street, Paddington; and parties are cautioned against keeping her after this notice.

STRAYED, from Lovedale, Concord, a Chesnut MARE, BS under saddle. 10s. will be paid if returned to the above, or New Company's Wharf, Sydney.

£1 REWARD.—Strayed, from Petersham on the night of the 29th May, a small CHESNUT MARE, white stripe down the face, white hind feet, collar-marked on the off shoulder. Any one bringing the same to Mr. JAMES WHITE, Petersham, will receive the above reward.

£2 REWARD.—Stolen from my bedroom, a gold miniature BROOCH. The above reward will be paid on conviction of the thief, and restoring the brooch, to GEORGE WATSON, George's Restaurant, Pitt-street North.

£5 REWARD.—Lost a BLACK HORSE, branded MT over JC near shoulder, two hind fetlocks white, snip on nose, star on forehead. The above reward will be paid if stolen, or £2 if strayed, upon delivery to Mr. LIMBERT, Broadway, Kiandra.

ADVICE GRATIS.—Mornings, from 9 till 11 o'clock. Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street.

DR. PERCY and CO.'S CORDIAL BALM OF CIRCASSIA for invigorating debilitated constitutions, and the cure of diseases resulting from the follies of youth. Price 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s. per bottle. 37, Elizabeth-street.

PREMATURE DECLINE, Consumption, Debility, &c., &c., consult Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street North. Hours, from 9 till 2; and from 5 till 8 evenings.

D. BUIST and SON, Pianoforte makers. Pianos tuned, repaired, or removed. 254, George-st.

E. CURTISS, Painter, Paperhanger, &c., 340, George-street.—Paperhangings, oils, paints, &c., on sale.

ESTATE AGENCY. Investments made. Rents and interest collected and punctually remitted to absentees by Mr. HELLICAS, Eldon Chambers, Melbourne.

FREEMAN, BROTHERS, Photographers, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.—Portraits taken in Messrs. FREEMAN'S new and spacious gallery, at reduced prices, by the most approved photographic processes, and artistically coloured. Children taken instantaneously. Photographic views of Sydney for home presents. 392, George-street.

FUNERALS.—Funerals furnished on the most reasonable terms by THOMAS HILL, undertaker (of the firm of John Hill, jun., and Son), King and Riley streets.

GRIFFITHS, Practical Watchmaker and Jeweller, 521, Brickfield-hill, opposite Wilshire-place. Watches, clocks, and jewellery of every description cleaned and carefully repaired, at strictly moderate charges. Watch glasses fitted, 1s.

JOHNSON'S Bedding Warehouse, and Feather-dressing Steam Works, 128, Pitt-street North, near Hunter-street.

MR. W. J. ANDERSON, F.R.C.S., Surgeon, author of various works on the diseases of women and children, and nervous affections, may be consulted daily, at Ashgrove Cottage, Darling-street, Balmain.

MR. A. EMANUEL, Teacher of the Pianoforte and Singing (established 1840), William-street, next to York House.

W. J. JOHNSON and CO., Pianoforte, Harmonium, and Music Warehousemen, 172, Pitt-street.—Instruments by Broadwood, Collard, Cadby, Kirkman, &c., always on hand. Persons intending to purchase pianos are invited to inspect their stock, which is marked at very moderate prices. Music and catalogues forwarded to the interior, post free.

BETTERIDGE and HAYDON have removed their Office to the corner of Bridge and New Pitt streets.

MR. HENRY ROBERTSON, architect, &c., &c., has REMOVED from Pitt-st. to 16, Lower Fort-st.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—O'DONNELL, HITCHINS, and CO. have REMOVED to their New and Spacious Premises, 357, George street, four doors from King-street. Britannia House. June 1st.

REMOVAL.—ISAAC SIMMONS, of 320, George-street, will carry on his usual business at his Stores, Spring-street, two doors from Oriental Bank.

£850 TRUST MONEY.—To LEND on mortgage of Freehold Property, in or near Sydney. Apply to Mr. S. O. BROWN, 104, Pitt-street, Sydney.

£10,000 TO LEND in small sums. Apply G. F. BAKER, Hunter-street.

£2200 TRUST MONEY to LEND on City Property. C. H. ROOKE, 123, King-street.

MONEY for Investment on Mortgages. H. S. BRADLEY, Margaret-street.

NEW LAND SALE ROOMS, 423, George-street.—T. W. BOWDEN has several properties for PRIVATE SALE in town and country, varying from £250 to £5000.

GLENMORE WOOL-WASHING ESTABLISHMENT.—The undersigned are prepared to receive wool in the grease, either to hand-wash or scour. Wool classed and repacked for shipment. RAYMOND and CO., Glenmore or Treasury-buildings, George-street.

GENERAL AGENCY.—The undersigned are prepared to undertake the importing of STOCK, executing of INDENTS, &c., on the most favourable terms, through their London agent, Mr. J. H. Scott Durbin, a gentleman of 20 years' experience in these colonies. RAYMOND and CO., Treasury-buildings.

A STRONG GIRL wanted. Apply Mrs. COOPER, 200, Castlereagh-street, near King-street.

A YOUNG MAN, Cabinetmaker, wants EMPLOYMENT, good jobbing hand. Address CABINET, HERALD Office.

A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE YOUNG LADY wishes an ENGAGEMENT as preparatory GOVERNESS in a respectable family where the children are under twelve years. Address R. C. B., HERALD Office.

AN EXPERIENCED CHEMIST seeks an ENGAGEMENT; has been in the trade for ten years in these colonies; speaks German as well as English. Address B. C., Post Office, Sydney.

A VERY respectable English PERSON requires a re-engagement as HOUSEKEEPER to two or three gentlemen. Apply at W. W.'s, next door to the Rob Roy Inn, Balmain; or at Mrs. CAPP'S office, Sydney.

A YOUNG LADY accustomed to Tuition desires a re-engagement as MORNING GOVERNESS; is competent to teach Pianoforte, Singing, French, &c. Address M.A.B., care of Mr. Smith, chemist, William-street.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.—A Gentleman engaged in town during the day wishes for comfortable Furnished Lodgings, with Board, if within a few minutes' walk of the public offices in Bridge-street, and with Partial Board if otherwise. Address, with full particulars, HOME, HERALD Office.

DAILY or MORNING GOVERNESS.—An English Lady, experienced in Tuition, desires to engage as above. Educated, and subsequently a resident on the Continent of Europe, she will (with an English education) give instruction in Music, Italian, French (with which she is conversant), Drawing, and Flower Painting. References unexceptionable. Address C. L., Messrs. Johnson and Co., Music Warehouse, Pitt-street.

GOOD STRAW HANDS, and a BOY, Wanted. WEBB, 261, Pitt-street.

GOVERNESS.—A married LADY desires a RE-ENGAGEMENT for the AFTERNOON. She will teach Music, French, Drawing, and English if required, with satisfactory references. Address S. S., HERALD Office.

LOADING for Lower Tarou, all heavy. EDWARD CHAPMAN and CO., 90 and 92, Clarence-street.

LAW.—A competent ENGROSSING CLERK seeks for an engagement. Address M. M., HERALD Office.

LABOURERS WANTED. Apply at Mr. M'QUADE'S, Potts' Point.

PARTIES REQUIRED for the Non-vested National School at South Head. Application to be made to Mr. GIBSON, Watson's Bay.

REQUIRED, as an ASSISTANT, a young MAN, possessing a knowledge of the business. Apply, by letter only, to ASHDOWN and CO., ironmongers, &c., George-street, Sydney.

STORE CATTLE.—WANTED, to purchase, 5000 head of mixed well-bred, quiet cattle. Apply to THOMAS DAWSON, auctioneer and commission agent, 421, George-street.

TO PLUMBERS.—Wanted, a HAND, early. M'MENEMY, South Head Road.

TO MILLINERS.—WANTED, a good MILLINER. JAMES CLARK, 523 and 525, Brickfield-hill.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a good COATMAKER; also, a TROUSERS HAND. R. DOUGLAS, King-st.

TO SHEEP-HOLDERS.—An experienced SHEEP SUPERINTENDENT, with good testimonials, is ready to engage. Address M. A. B., Post Office, Sydney.

TO DRAPERS.—WANTED, an ASSISTANT. Apply at DAWSON, THOMPSON, and CO.'S, 406, George-street.

TO CARRIERS.—TEAMS WANTED, for the Conveyance of GOODS to the Lower Bogan. Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

TO MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.—In the district of Tamworth an opportunity to succeed to a lucrative practice now presents itself, which may be evidenced by the fact of the former practitioner retiring with a competency, the result of three years' exercise of his profession.

TEAMS WANTED FOR
Bathurst
Mudgee
Goulburn
Queanbeyan
Cooma
Russell's.
JOHN FRAZER and CO., 97, York-street.

TO SHIPOWNERS, MERCHANTS, and others.—A competent SHIPMASTER is desirous of obtaining EMPLOYMENT, and solicits an interview with any one who may require his services, when the writer will produce references which cannot fail to be satisfactory to any employer. Address L., Marine Hotel, Lower George-street.

VERTICAL and CIRCULAR SAW SHARPENERS. Wanted, competent men—to whom liberal wages will be given. H. MOON, Liverpool Street Saw Mills.

WANTED, a WAITER, with good character. General Post Office Hotel. Also a Female COOK.

WANTED, an experienced HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Apply at No. 1, O'Connell-street.

WANTED, a Second COOK. George's Restaurant, Pitt-street North. G. WATSON.

WANTED, a stout active LAD. Apply, before 10, to F. BRADLY, Alliance Auction Rooms, 199, Pitt-st.

WANTED, APPRENTICES and IMPROVERS to the Millinery. Apply Mrs. WEEKS.

WANTED, a WAITER and a HOUSEMAID, that is not afraid of hard work. Apply at Tattersall's.

WANTED, a GIRL to nurse and make herself generally useful. 70, Upper Fort-street.

WANTED, a steady active Man SERVANT. Apply at CHARLTON'S Hotel, Market Wharf.

WANTED, a LAD to make himself useful. WILLIAM GREEN, Marine Hotel, Lower George-st.

WANTED, a General House SERVANT. Rose-terrace, William-street.

WANTED, a PUBLIC-HOUSE. Apply at once, S. C., Post-office, Sydney.

WANTED, a female GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. LOVE, Radnor-place, Bourke-st., Surry Hills.

WANTED, a good GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at Mrs. POULTON'S, 77, South Head Road.

WANTING, a FAMILY'S WASHING. Can be well recommended. Address M. M., Darling Point P.O.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply No. 5, Belgrave-terrace, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to Mrs. BEAL, George and Park streets.

WANTED, an ASSISTANT SHOPMAN, at J. GIBBINS, pork-butcher, 675, George-st. North.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply No. 1, Barker-street, foot of Bathurst-street.

WANTED, a BOY, who can milk and dig in a garden. Apply to P., at the Bengal Arms, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a first-class MILLINER. Apply to Mr. DAVID JONES, 345, George-street.

WANTED, a MAN, to clear eight acres of land. P. M'CARROLL, Botany Road, Redfern.

WANTED, a HORSE-SHOER. Apply at No. 5, Queen's-place.

WANTED, some MEN for Clearing Ground, &c. Apply to Mr. MACINTOSH, grocer, Sussex-st.

WANTED, a General FEMALE SERVANT, at 22, Church-hill.

WANTED, a GIRL, as General Servant. Apply to Mrs. BROWN, 39, Park-street.

WANTED, Carriage for the Tumut. Apply to Messrs. L. and S. SAMUEL, 181, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, Ten GERMAN LABOURERS. H. HAMBURGER, 79, Pitt-street, opposite Exchange.

WANTED, a respectable LAD; also a GENERAL SERVANT. JOHN GATES, grocer, Erskine-st.

WANTED, a BAKER. Apply to J. CARROLL, Crown-street.

WANTED, a YOUTH, quick at accounts; one used to a butcher preferred. H. CUMMINS, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by the undersigned, a JUNIOR. WEIGHT and JOHNSON.

WANTED, a FEMALE GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 39, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a young PERSON to do needlework. Enquire at Wentworth House, 13, Church-hill.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT, in a small family. 469, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, a GIRL to Nurse and assist in domestic capacities. Apply 269, George-street.

WANTED, a FEMALE SERVANT. J. FULLER, butcher, Botany Road, Redfern.

WANTED.—Families requiring good Servants will find them at Mr. CAPPS' Office, 125, King-street.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. 133, Pembroke-terrace, Cleveland-street.

WANTED, a steady young GIRL, who is able to make dresses, and make herself generally useful. 74, South Head Road.

WANTED, a respectable Woman, as GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 188, Old Blue Post, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a smart YOUTH, to deliver meat; one acquainted with pork butchering preferred. Apply 108, South Head Road.

WANTED, by a respectable Female, English, a SITUATION, as General Servant, in a small family. Address S. M., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a Female General SERVANT, that can wash and iron. Apply to Mrs. O'NEIL, Victoria Inn, South Head Road.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT, one who understands plain cooking. No washing. Mrs. UTHER, 333, Crown-street.

WANTED, a Cargo of A. A. Company's COALS. Apply to THOMAS CROFT and SON, Commercial Wharf.

WANTED, a good plain COOK. Apply THIS DAY, after 10 o'clock, to Mrs. CHATTO, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a FEMALE SERVANT, able to cook well and to assist with house work; good references required. BOWDEN and PEDEN, 540, George-street.

WANTED, a young FEMALE, as GENERAL SERVANT, where part of the washing is put out. Apply at Dr. HARRIS'S, Glebe Road.

WANTED, a GIRL, about fourteen, to mind a Baby, at Balmain. Apply early THIS MORNING, to Mrs. BELLMAN, 17, Belgrave-terrace, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a thorough GENERAL SERVANT, for a small family. Apply at 337, Pitt-street, near Park-street.

WANTED, a single MAN, accustomed to horses. Apply to Mr. WILLIAM BLUNDELL, Victoria Wharf.

WANTED, any quantity of Old BRASS and COPPER and broken White GLASS. Apply to H. LEAU APPA, 101, George-street.

WANTED.—The first number of "Cornhill Magazine" (January, 1860), also Punch for June, 1859. Address BINDER, HERALD Office.

WANTED to RENT, 1 or 2 ROOMS, or a small HOUSE. Apply, by letter, stating terms, J. J., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a YOUNG MAN as Boots and Waiter. Apply at BARKHAUSEN'S Hotel, Prince of Wales Theatre.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply between 12 and 1 o'clock, at Messrs. YOUNGER and SON, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a General Servant, who can bake, for the interior; also, a respectable Woman, to proceed to sea in a fortnight. At Mrs. DUNN'S.

WANTED, a handy rough CARPENTER, to repair a cottage situated a few miles out of town. Apply at the office of Mr. C. MARTYN, Horse Bazaar, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, as House and Parlour Maid. Apply to Mrs. ALEXANDER DICK, Macleay-street.

WANTED, by a respectable Woman, NEEDLEWORK, by the day. Address T. C., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a LAD, who has been accustomed to horses, to look after a horse and dogcart. Apply to LENNON and CAPE, 136, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT; also, a NURSEMAID. Apply to Mrs. LAMBERT, No. 6, Bay-street, Woolloomooloo Bay.

WANTED, a Young MAN, to work in a garden and able to milk cows. Apply 529, George-street, BERGIN, M'MAHON, and CO.

WANTED, afloat, from 150 to 200 tons of A. A. Company's COALS. Apply to FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

WANTED, a person with a competent knowledge of the cloth trade. Apply to Mr. D. JONES, 345, George-street.

WANTED, an experienced HAND, as SALESMAN. Apply to A. COLLINS, Oriental Clothing Hall, 396, George-street South, next to E. C. Weekes and Co.

WANTED, by a Married Woman, a Baby to WET NURSE. Milk four weeks old. Address C. L., No. 8, Church-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, by a young Married Man, a SITUATION as a first-rate coachman; wife as good plain Cook or housemaid and needlewoman. Address H. M., HERALD Office, Sydney.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a Cargo about 150 tons of COALS—A. A. Company's preferred. Apply LINCKER and CO., ship chandlers, 166, Lower George-street.

WANTED, by a respectable Scotch Girl, a SITUATION as HOUSEMAID or GENERAL SERVANT in a small family. Good references can be given. Address S. G., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a young MAN, just arrived from Scotland, a SITUATION as light porter, or to make himself generally useful in a store; writes a good hand. Address D. J., HERALD Office.

WANTED, Three Single MEN, to Clear Land in Gannon's Forest. Apply at Mr. DISHINGTON'S, Odd Fellows' Hall, Haymarket, between 12 and 2 THIS DAY.

WANTED, SITUATIONS, by a Married Couple, without encumbrance, the man as farm servant, the wife as needlewoman; or to take charge of children. Address A. R., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable Girl, between 14 and 15, a SITUATION, in a gentleman's family, as Attendant on a lady or children, and to make herself generally useful. Apply to A. Y., 321, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, by a single Young Man, a SITUATION, as Porter or otherwise useful; is thoroughly acquainted with town, and has four years' reference. Apply R., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a sober MAN who can drive, to take care of a horse and dogcart; references required. Apply, between 11 and 12 TO-DAY, to Mr. G. W. GRAHAM, 423, George-street.

WANTED, by a respectable Married Couple without incumbrance, SITUATIONS; man as indoor servant and otherwise useful; wife as thorough cook; unexceptionable references. Address S., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a Young Lady, a SITUATION in a drapery establishment. Address A. Y. Z., R. Hill's printing office, O'Connell-street, opposite Dean's Auction Mart.

WANTED, by a respectable married couple, SITUATIONS, the man as Butler and in-door servant, the wife as thorough good cook or house servant. Can be highly recommended. Address HARGRAVES, 139, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a first-class CHRONOMETER, and an Astronomical Telescope, and a Mountain Barometer. For first-rate articles best price will be given. Send particulars, and where same may be seen, to TRAVELLER, HERALD Office.

WANTED, a Dressmaker for the country, Female Servants for Queensland and Braidwood, Man Cook for a country hotel, a Butcher and a Butcher's Boy, Grooms and Gardeners, Married Couples and Lads for farms. S. ASHLIN, Registry Office, 139, Pitt-street, opposite Union Bank.

WANTED to PURCHASE, Silver Plate, Gems, mounted or otherwise, Watches of all descriptions, Articles of Vertu, &c. Enquire C. F., No. 1, Devonshire-terrace, William-street, Woolloomooloo. Money advanced on mortgage, in small or large amounts. Any note addressed as above will receive immediate attention.

WANTED, a respectable and industrious young WOMAN, as BARMAID, who thoroughly understands her business. References indispensable. Also, an experienced NURSE, for young children. And an active YOUTH, to make himself generally useful. Apply at the Great Britain Hotel, King and George streets, between 11 and 12.

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The Treasury, New South Wales,
23rd May, 1860.

NOTICE.—His Excellency the Governor General, with the advice of the Executive Council, having been pleased to direct that Custom Houses be established at Albury and Moama, on the River Murray, for the collection of the revenue arising from goods brought into New South Wales from the colony of Victoria: It is hereby notified, that the duties imposed by the Acts 9 Vic. No. 15, 10 Vic. No. 9, 13 Vic. No. 43, 19 Vic. No. 14, 19 Vic. No. 15, 20 Vic. No. 17, and 20 Vic. No. 22, will be charged, and the regulations established by the said Acts will be enforced, by the Officers of Customs at the above-named places, when the goods thereby subjected to duty are introduced into New South Wales from Victoria; and all articles liable to such duty, as may be found on the New South Wales side of the River Murray, on which such duty has not been paid, will be seized and forfeited, and the person or persons in whose possession such goods are detected will be prosecuted for the recovery of the penalties incurred under such circumstances.

E. C. WEEKES.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 31st May, 1860.

THE GOVERNMENT of this colony having decided to offer a PREMIUM of £600 for the best, and of £300 for the second best DESIGN, for New Houses of Parliament and Public Offices, notice is hereby given to professional men and others, that competitive drawings, with specifications and estimates, of the above, will be received up to the 1st March, 1861, at this office, addressed to "The Secretary for Public Works, Sydney," and endorsed "Designs for New Houses of Parliament, &c., for New South Wales."

Copies of the general conditions, which include ample detail of the accommodation required, may be seen, together with photographic views and coloured plans of the site, on application at the Colonial Architect's Office, Sydney.

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 4th June, 1860.

LONG BAY ROAD.—No eligible tenders having been received for this service, TENDERS will be received at this office for the whole or any section of this work not less than a quarter of a mile in length, until noon of TUESDAY, the 19th instant, for forming, bushing, ballasting, and laying earthenware pipe-drains on the road from Coogee towards Long Bay.

Tenders to be made on printed forms and endorsed, "Tender for Long Bay Road."

Drawing showing the sections into which the work has been divided, for the convenience of small contractors, and specifications, may be seen, and printed forms of tender and further particulars obtained, at the office of the Commissioner for Internal Communication, Sydney.

Tenders to state the section or sections tendered for, and the time within which it is proposed to complete the work.

No sureties will be required, but payment will be made fortnightly, at the rate of 80 per cent. on the work executed, upon the certificate of the Engineer for Roads, or other authorised officer, that the work certified for is properly executed.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Signed) W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 22nd May, 1860.

TO CONTRACTORS and others.—STONEY CREEK BRIDGE.—TENDERS will be received at this office, until noon of TUESDAY, the 19th of June next, from persons willing to contract for the erection of a Bridge over Stoney Creek, near Maitland, on the road from Maitland to Wollombi, in accordance with the terms of advertisement of May 28th, 1860.

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 19th May, 1860.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.—BARK HUTS BRIDGE.—TENDERS will be received at this office, until noon of TUESDAY, the 19th day of June next, from persons willing to contract for the construction of a Bridge at the Bark Huts, on the Great Southern Road, in accordance with the terms of advertisement of May 28th, 1860.

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 19th May, 1860.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.—ROPES' CREEK BRIDGE.—Tenders will be received at this office until noon, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of June next, from persons willing to contract for the construction of a Bridge over Ropes' Creek, near St. Mary's, on the Great Western Road, in accordance with the terms of advertisement of May 28th, 1860.

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 23rd May, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE GREAT NORTHERN ROAD.—1st District.—TENDERS will be received at this office until noon of TUESDAY, the 26th day of June next, for clearing, forming, draining, gravelling, and maintenance, according to the specifications, on the First District of the Great Northern Road, in accordance with the terms of advertisement of May 28th, 1860.

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 19th May, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE.—GREAT SOUTHERN ROAD, First District.—TENDERS will be received at this office until noon of TUESDAY, the 19th day of June next, for forming, draining, and metalling, according to specification, at the following places on the Great Southern Road:—

Contract No. 2.—Dove Inn to Bark Huts Bridge.
" No. 4.—Ralph's Bridge, near Kelly's Cross Roads.
" No. 6.—Blade's to Knight's, between Cross Roads and Camden.
" No. 8.—Notts Hill to near Campbelltown Cross Roads.

Each contract to be tendered for separately, in accordance with the terms of advertisement of May 28th, 1860.

W. M. ARNOLD.

Victoria, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Widow and next of kin (if any) of FREDERICK JOHN ROTHERY, late of Sandsdown, Double Bay, near Sydney gentleman, deceased,

Greeting:

WHEREAS it hath been represented unto our Supreme Court of New South Wales by the Proctor of HENRY WILLIAM JOHNSON a creditor of the said deceased that the said Frederick John Rothery late of Sandsdown aforesaid departed this life on or about the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty having at the time of his death goods chattels and credits in the colony aforesaid intestate We do therefore peremptorily cite you and each of you to appear personally or by your proctor duly constituted before our said Court at the Court-house in King-street in Sydney on the nineteenth day of June instant at the hour of ten o clock in the forenoon of the same day and there to abide if occasion shall require during the sitting of the said Court and then and there to accept or refuse letters of administration of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of the said deceased or otherwise to show sufficient cause if you or either of you have or know any why the same should not be committed to the said Henry William Johnson a creditor of the said deceased on giving sufficient security and further to do and receive as to law and justice shall appertain under pain of such letters of administration being granted to the said Henry William Johnson as a creditor of the said deceased.

Witness the Honorable JOHN NODES DICKINSON Esquire acting Chief Justice of our said Court at Sydney this second day of June in the twenty-third year of our reign and A.D. 1860.

[L. S.] S. RAYMOND, prothonotary.

HENRY BURTON BRADLEY proctor for the said Henry William Johnson 61 Margaret-street Sydney.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

IN THE WILL of WILLIAM BALRIDGE, of York-street, Sydney, shoemaker, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to this honorable Court that probate of the will of the said deceased may be granted to John Gray, the executor therein named.

Dated this 4th day of June, A.D., 1860.

MILFORD and CROFT, 174, Pitt-street, Sydney, proctors for said executor.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.
In the Will of ISAAC LEVEY, late of Wynyard-square, in the city of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, merchant, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that MONTAGUE LEVEY, MAURICE ALEXANDER, and SAMUEL HENRY HARRIS, all of Sydney, three of the executors named in the last will and testament of the above-named Isaac Levey, deceased, intend, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, to apply to the honorable the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in its ecclesiastical jurisdiction, that probate of the said will may be granted to them as such executors, power being reserved for JACOB MARKS and PHILIP HART, the other two executors, to come in and prove the said will at any future time.

Dated this fourth day of June, A.D., 1860.

GURNER and ROBBERDS, Proctors for the said Executors, 23, George-street, Sydney.

THE TWOFOLD BAY TELEGRAPH commences next July. Communications to HARNETT and CO., Eden.

THE KIANDRA TIMES, bi-Weekly Newspaper, commences next August. Communications to Mr. SHAW, Russell's Station.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY —Incorporated by Act of Parliament of New South Wales. Principal Office—Sydney, New South Wales.

DIRECTORS.
The Hon. JAMES MITCHELL, Esq., M.L.C., Chairman.
GEORGE KING, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.
MICHAEL EGAN MURNIN, Esq.
The Hon. THOMAS HOLT, Esq.
ARTHUR TODD HOLROYD, Esq.

BUSINESS OF THE SOCIETY.
ASSURANCE of every contingency of human life.
ISSUE of Present, Deferred, and Reversionary Annuities.
GRANTING ENDOWMENTS FOR CHILDREN AND FOR OLD AGE.

ADVANTAGES OF THE SOCIETY.
ALL the PROFITS belong to the Members.

It is a COLONIAL INSTITUTION, on the model of the most successful British offices; while from the much higher rate of interest it obtains on its investments, more profitable returns are secured to its members than the best European offices can afford. Thus, at the Investigation of March, 1854, all policies then entitled to participate were increased by Bonus Additions averaging considerably more than three per cent. per annum on the sum assured, or about THREE TIMES those secured by the most liberal British joint-stock companies.

BONUSES may be applied to the extinction of future premiums, or their value in cash may be handed to the member.

SURRENDERS accepted on equitable terms.

GENERAL FACILITIES with regard to voyaging, residence abroad, &c.

PREMIUMS payable yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly.

LOANS on policies on favourable terms.

CLAIMS payable three months after proof of death.

ALL ITS POLICIES are protected against the operation of the Insolvent Laws, after a certain term, on a gradually increasing scale.

POLICIES effected by married women are protected against the debts and control of their husbands.

THE FAMILIES OF SMALL ASSURERS are saved the expense of letters of administration.

PROSPECTUSES, forms of proposal, and every information may be obtained from any of its agents in New South Wales, and in the other Colonies, or at the Principal Office. ROBERT THOMSON, actuary and secretary, Hunter-street, February 15th, 1859.

DERWENT AND TAMAR MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
SYDNEY BRANCH.

Ships insured in this Company are warranted free from average under five pounds per cent., unless general.

Claims for losses or average are payable by the Company at three months after settlement of the same.

Claims for loss or damage are made payable in London if required, policies for the same being granted in triplicate.

Offices, Sydney Exchange, and Patent Slip Wharf, Sussex-street, where applications for insurances will be received.

TOWNS and DARLEY, Agents.

FIRE INSURANCE.—SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets, Sydney.
Incorporated by Act of Council, 18 Vict., 1855.
Subscribed Capital £250,000

DIRECTORS:—
S. D. GORDON, Esq., M.L.A., CHAIRMAN
RICHARD JONES, Esq., M.L.A., DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN
T. C. BREILLAT, Esq.
M. E. MURNIN, Esq.
JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.
THOMAS HOLT, Esq.
Surveyor—JAMES HUME, Esq.
Secretary—Mr. JOSEPH DYER.

Within the last four years this company has paid for losses by fire the sum of £15,508 5s. 0d.

The directors would point out the public advantages derived from the establishment of this truly colonial institution. The rates of premium on fire insurance have been reduced 75 per cent. below the rates charged by the English companies some few years back—and they are now as low as those charged by the English companies established here. The liability of a large body of wealthy shareholders is unlimited, so that a security equal to the largest subscribed capital of the English companies is assured, with the great advantage of the security being in the colony, and lastly, the profits of the company are retained in the colony, instead of being transmitted to England.

BUILDINGS—metal or slated roof, stone or brick, from 2s. 3d to 6s. 6d. per cent.

BUILDINGS—shingled ditto ditto ditto, from 3s. 9d. to 10s. 6d. per cent.

WOODEN BUILDINGS—metal or slated roof, 8s. and upwards. Shingled, special.

Agents are appointed in every considerable town in the colony.

N.B.—There is no exemption made in the above company from payment of losses occurring through bush fires, country properties being insured against such casualties.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.—
Capital, £1,259,760.
Income for 1858, £197,188; invested funds, £404,499.
Directors for Australasia:
A. Ross, Esq., J.P. | James Gill, Esq.
C. Bradshaw, J.P. | A. B. Whyte, Esq.
Superintendent, James Rattray, Esq.
FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Insurances effected at the reduced rates of premium.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The rates charged in Australasia are the same as those in England.

All losses on adjustment paid in Sydney.

Forms of proposal and all information can be obtained on application at the office, in Sydney, 60, Margaret-street.

WILLIAM RAE, resident secretary.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
Established upwards of half a century.
Subscribed and invested capital, £1,600,000.
Annual income, 170,000, and rapidly increasing.
Rest to meet unusual loss, £200,000.
Premiums for Dwelling and Counting Houses.

Brick or Stone with slated or metal roofs, from 2s. 3d. to 3s. 9d. per cent. per annum. Ditto with shingled roofs, 3s. 9d. to 5s. 9d. Household furniture at the same rate as the buildings.

Premium for Buildings, Storing Merchandise or in which trades are carried on.

Brick or Stone with slated or metal roofs, from 3s. 9d. to 5s. 3d. Ditto with shingled roofs, 6s. to 7s. 6d. Merchandise at the same rate as the building.

Bricknogged and Weatherboard Buildings, from 7s. 6d. to 20s.

Ships in Harbour or in Dock, in the Port of Sydney:—
With warranty not to repair, 7s. 6d. per cent. per annum.
With liberty to repair, 11s. 3d. Ships building as may be agreed.

Losses from Fire by Lightning made good; and all claims on adjustment paid in Sydney.

GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO., Agents, Spring-st.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established 1849.
Empowered by Act of the Legislative Council.
Capital, £1,000,000.
Head Office, 82, Collins-street East, Melbourne.
Directors:
The Hon. Henry Miller, M.L.C., Chairman
W. R. Barnby, Esq., Deputy-Chairman
John Dinwoodie, Esq., J.P.
William Hall, Esq., J.P.
The Hon. William Highett, M.L.C.

Risks taken at the usual rates, and the utmost liberality afforded to insurers.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, who have been appointed agents for New South Wales.

RAYMOND and CO.,
Treasury-buildings, George-street.

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.—Notice is hereby given that interest is allowed by this bank on fixed deposits as follows, namely,

At 5 per cent. per annum for a period of 6 months
4 ditto ditto 3 months

and at rates to be agreed on for longer periods.

For the greater convenience of depositors, bank post bills, with interest added at these rates, respectively, are issued payable to order, and are thus negotiable at any moment. By order of the Board of Directors,

A. H. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter 1852.)
Paid-up capital £500,000
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

			Per Annum.
Repayable on	7 days' notice	...	2½ per cent.
Ditto	on 15 ditto ditto	...	3 ditto
Ditto	on 3 months' ditto	...	4 ditto
Ditto	on 6 ditto ditto	...	5 ditto
Ditt	on 12 ditto ditto	...	5½ ditto

On deposits of large amounts, interest according to special arrangement.

JOHN YOUNG, Manager.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—
Paid-up capital £750,000
Reserved fund 205,000

This Bank allows interest upon deposits, if lodged for fixed periods, at rates varying from 3 to 5 per cent. per annum, and allows the immediate transfer of such portion of customers' balances as may not by them be immediately required to a deposit account, at the above rates of interest.

Dividends on shares in public companies, and interest on debentures, collected for customers free of charge.

Investments in colonial securities and also in those of Great Britain, effected.

The agency of Banks, either in the colonies or in England, undertaken on such terms as may be agreed upon.

Credits and drafts issued on England, America, and on chief ports in the Eastern Seas, also upon all towns within the Australian colonies.

ROBERT WOODHOUSE, secretary.
Bank of New South Wales, 1st November.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—An AGENCY of this Bank is now established on the Snowy River Gold-fields, under the management of Mr. JOSEPH YATES, of Adelong, of which the public is respectfully informed. ROBERT WOODHOUSE, Inspector.
Sydney, 28th February, 1860.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.—
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)
Paid-up capital £1,260,000
Reserve fund 252,000

Interest will be allowed on fixed deposits, lodged after date, as under, viz.:—

				Per Annum.
Subject to 7 days' notice of withdrawal	...	...	...	2½ per cent.
Ditto 15 ditto	...	...	...	3 ditto
Ditto 3 months' ditto	...	...	...	4 ditto
Ditto 6 ditto ditto	...	...	...	5 ditto
Ditto 12 ditto ditto	...	...	...	5½ ditto

And on deposits of large amount, according to special arrangement.

GEORGE K. INGELOW, Manager.

ENGLISH MAILS.—The undersigned, special agent for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, boards each mail steamer on its arrival at Kangaroo Island; and mercantile firms in New South Wales may rely on having any telegrams, addressed as below, forwarded at the earliest moment, as also in having messages, intended for the outward steamer, put on board on the branch steamer at Glenelg, up to the last minute. The charge for "agency" is 10s. 6d. each message, which sum the undersigned will collect from the server or receiver, as the case may be, at Sydney. W. H. FLOOD, Adelaide.

TO SQUATTERS.—JOHN GEORGE DOUGHARTY, late of Bear's Horse Market, Melbourne, begs to inform his friends and the public that he has been admitted as a partner into the firm of Kaye and Butchart, and will in future conduct their sales of sheep and cattle, at the Market Yards. In addition he will be happy to sell in person all horse stock consigned to him, at his old Sale Yards, corner of Queen and Bourke streets, on THURSDAYS, FRIDAYS, and SATURDAYS. 56, Bourke-street, 10th May.

CHEAP STATIONERY, 13, Bridge-street, Sydney. READING and WELLBANK respectfully inform the inhabitants of Sydney, and buyers in the country districts, that in consequence of the limited extent of their shop premises for the proper exhibition of Charts, Nautical Books, and Instruments, used for the purposes of navigation, they have determined to reduce their large and varied stock of mercantile and general useful stationery. In order to accomplish this object they will offer every article in the above line, at such low prices as will prove to purchasers the advantages to be derived from this resolution. Lists with prices attached, for cash only, are now in course of circulation.

R. and W. desire to intimate to the Nautical Profession that it is their intention to keep on SALE every article that may be required by them; and that their stock of CHARTS, useful and valuable NAUTICAL WORKS, &c., &c., has been greatly augmented by recent arrivals, and to this branch of the business it will be their constant care to devote especial attention.

Lists of Charts, Books, Instruments, Parallel Rules, &c., may be had on application to READING and WELLBANK, Bridge-street, Sydney.

ON SALE, at the Religious Tract and Book Society's Depot, 264, Pitt-street, nearly opposite the School of Arts, LEISURE HOUR and SUNDAY AT HOME for 1859, six shillings per volume. To country storekeepers, booksellers, and others an allowance on all cash purchases of ten pounds, a discount of twenty per cent.; and on purchases of five pounds a discount of five per cent. The Depot is well supplied with the Society's publications. J. H. MORRISON, depositary.

ADVICE GRATIS.—Mornings, from 9 till 11 o'clock. Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street.

DR. PERCY and CO.'S CORDIAL BALM OF CINCASSIA, for invigorating debilitated constitutions, and the cure of diseases resulting from the follies of youth. Price 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s per bottle. 37, Elizabeth-street.

PREMATURE DECLINE, Consumption, Debility, &c., &c., consult Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street North. Hours, from 9 till 2; and from 5 till 8 evenings.

DR. HEATH, Member Royal College Surgeons, England, and Licentiate in Medicine, may now be consulted upon DEAFNESS and EYE DISEASE, at 18, Elizabeth-street North, near Hunter-street, from 10 a.m. till 4 p.m. His work on Deafness, &c., at NORRIE'S, chemist, Pitt-street, price 1s.

TOOTHACHE CURED IN AN INSTANT, with Mr. ESKELL's Odontalgic Essence, price 2s. 6d. per bottle; Eskell's Elixir, for purifying the breath, cleansing the mouth, removing unpleasant odours, &c.; charge 2s 6d. per bottle. Galvanic Tooth Powder, for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Loss of teeth supplied from one to a complete set. Advice and extracting gratis from 8 till 10 o'clock. At 21, Hunter-street, Sydney.

TEETH, TEETH, TEETH.—Discovery in Dental Surgery.—Mr. ESKELL continues to supply the loss of teeth, without springs or wires, upon his new system of self-adhesion, and without extracting any teeth or stumps, or giving any pain whatever, at the following charges:—

A single tooth, from ... ... 10s.
Filling with Eskell's patent white cement... 5s.

Mr. ESKELL, surgeon-dentist, member of the College of Dentistry, England, may be consulted daily at 21 Hunter-street, between George-street and Pitt-street. On Sunday from 10 till 2.

DENTISTRY.—Established 1844.—Mr. J. EMANUEL, Dentist, continues to supply artificial teeth, extract teeth; teeth plugged with gold, and all other operations appertaining to his profession. Mr. J. EMANUEL wishes to inform strangers visiting the colony that he passed his examination in the Hague, Holland, in the year 1836, and received his dental diploma. George-street North, near Hunter-street.

INFLUENZA.—Among most of the specifics which have lately appeared for the cure of this distressing malady, none have been found so truly efficacious as the PECTORAL OXYMEL OF CARAGHEEN. Prepared exclusively by A. J. WATT and CO., 534, George-street South, opposite the Police Office.

INFLUENZA. INFLUENZA.—WOOLLEY'S PECTORAL CANDY is decidedly the most successful remedy in alleviating the distressing cough attendant on the prevailing epidemic, and by promoting free expectoration releases the chest of the redundancy of phlegm so common in most cases of influenza. To be had of all chemists, and of the agents for New South Wales, J. and E. ROW, wholesale druggists, Bank-court, Sydney.

INFLUENZA, COUGHS, INFLUENZA.—BAXTER'S Pectoral Cough Elixir is a certain and speedy cure for coughs, colds, influenza, difficulty of breathing, and all diseases of the chest and lungs. Prepared and sold by G. BAXTER, chemist, 646, Brickfield-hill. Price 1s. 6d. per bottle.

THE PREVAILING EPIDEMIC.—Hood's BALSAM of HOREHOUND is the best and safest remedy for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Sore Throat, &c. It instantly relieves and ultimately cures Wheezing, Hoarseness, Asthma, and all obstructions of the air passages. Sold in bottles, 1s 6d. and 2s 6d each. HUGH E. HOOD, chemist, 51, Parramatta-street, Sydney. And sold by his appointed agent, Mr. BAZON, chemist, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

PUDDINGS AT HALF PRICE!!!—The valuable and economical properties of HARPER TWELVETREES' BAKING AND PASTRY POWDER exceeds all belief. The great saving of flour astonishes all who used it, and the size of the puddings will be increased nearly one-half. Try a single packet, and be convinced.

Pure, wholesome, and digestible bread may also be made WITHOUT YEAST; and cakes, buns, and plum puddings without eggs, or butter. A penny packet is equal to nine eggs. Don't be put off with inferior imitations.

Patentee—Harper Twelvetrees, "The Works," Bromley-by-Bow, London.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Wholesale agent for Australia, EDWARD WHITBY, 25, Flinders'-lane East, Melbourne.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c., free from adulteration.—The great Medical Journal, the London LANCET, on the 4th February, 1854, declared the Samples of Messrs. CROSSE and BLACKWELL were entirely FREE FROM COPPER, and this statement was afterwards fully confirmed by the analytical chemist, Dr. Hassall, in his work on Food and its Adulterations.

CROSSE and BLACKWELL, of Soho-square, London, who have for many years enjoyed the high honour of supplying her Majesty's table with their manufactures, wish to call the attention of consumers to the great superiority of their pickles, sauces, jams, tart fruits, potted meats, and other table delicacies, the whole of which are prepared with that strict attention to quality and purity, for which they have been so long celebrated. Their sauces are universally admitted to be the best exported, and those who have once tasted them never return to inferior kinds. C. and B. use none but the best ingredients in their various preparations, and although purchasers may not be able to obtain them so cheaply as the goods shipped by other manufacturers, the superiority of quality will be found to more than compensate for any increase of cost. To buy a cheap article because it is cheap is merely to throw money away.

C. and B.'s orange marmalade cannot be equalled—it is made in silver pans, entirely from the Seville orange; their mushroom catsup also is the very best that can be obtained from the famed Leicestershire mushrooms.

The above, and all other articles of CROSSE and BLACKWELL'S manufacture may be procured of storekeepers in Sydney, and throughout the Colonies. C. and B. are wholesale agents for Lea and Perrins Worcestershire Sauce.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—Ford's Eureka Shirts, with and without collars, gauntlet cuffs or plain wristbands, only 7s. 6d. each; for ease, elegance, and durability they have no rival. The largest stock of ready-made shirts in the colony, collars, ties, and silk scarfs in rich and endless variety. HOBSON and WHITING, Red Gauntlet.

69, HUNTER-STREET.—Army and Navy Hair Dye, the only perfect dye sold. HOBSON and WHITING, Red Gauntlet.

EVERY description of Ladies' Bonnets and Hats artificial flowers, feathers, and millinery; also men's panama, cabbagetree, felt, and other hats, in quantities to suit the trade. GREGORY, CUBITT, and CO., manufacturers and importers, Wynyard-street, Sydney, and 15, Aldermanbury, London.

COLONIAL TWEED—
Colonial plain tweed
Ditto shepherds and 42nd plaids
Ditto heather mixture, doe and tweed
Ditto Bedford cord, &c.
Are manufactured from first-class wool by M. M. CAMPBELL, late Thomas Barker and Co., Sussex-street.

NEW GOODS, just unpacked, ex Holmside at the Civet Cat, 98, King-street, comprising—A large assortment of red and brown lava in pillar and chamber candlesticks, vases, cigar ash pans, tobacco jars, inkstands, cups and saucers, butter coolers, card baskets, plates, and a variety of other articles of the same manufacture. Also, a large assortment of toys, old English dolls, wool ditto, with indiarubber heads, pole horses, wool dogs and sheep, horses and carts, boxes of bricks, tin toys, &c.

CHENILLE HAIR NETS.—A large assortment, at the Civet Cat, King-street.

BREAKFAST SERVICES.—A few sets, very cheap, the Civet Cat, King street.

AN ESTABLISHED NAME.—An established name in trade is not easily won. It cannot be obtained by surreptitious means—meretorious and not meretricious characteristics must lead to its realization. A tradesman's name may be inflated for a while by false promises and deceptions, but, unless some solid recommendations accompany, no lasting buoyancy can be counted upon.

SAMUEL DAVIS has established his name as a watchmaker, jeweller, &c., for the last fourteen years in Sydney, by closely wedding his interest with that of the public. The name of Davis is but a synonyme for quality, fashion, and economy. Those who have had an opportunity of testing the superiority of the proprietor's watches need no argument to confirm them in this belief, and those who may test Davis' trading qualifications will be equally convinced of the meritorious attainment of an established name, and that the name so obviously won is well deserved.

Read the annexed list of prices, and test the great truth that Samuel Davis is the regulator of extortionate charges and opposer of monopoly calculated to affect all classes:—

Handsome gold watch, horizontal escapement, 4 holes jewelled, £5
Superior silver watch, horizontal works, 4 holes jewelled, £2 15s.
Patent levers, capped and jewelled, by good makers, £4 4s.
Silver vertical watches, for working men, hunting, £3 10s.
Fine gold chains, weighing 1½ sovereigns, £1 15s.

Each watch is accompanied with a written guarantee for two years.

A magnificent selection of first-class jewellery, in brooches, rings, pins, lockets, armlets, necklets, studs, pencil cases, charms, seals and keys, &c., &c., all of fine gold and superior workmanship.

THE ELECTRO-SILVER PLATE continues to give the same satisfaction as silver.

PRICE LIST.

	Fiddle.		Thread.		Queens.
Table spoons or forks, per half dozen	15s.	...	24s.	...	27s.
Dessert ditto, ditto	12s.	...	19s.	...	21s.
Tea ditto, ditto	7s. 6d.	...	10s. 6d.	...	12s.

An imitation of this article can be had at one-fourth the cost, but is not one-twentieth part as durable.

Electro-plated cruet frames, five bottles, 15s.; 7-glass, 25s. Chamber candlesticks, per pair, 15s.; table ditto, 12s. 6d.

An elegant selection of branch lights and epergnes.

Very superb pattern tea and coffee services, complete, for family use, plated on white metal, £4 4s. per set.

Salvers, waiters, liquor frames, toast and egg frames, sugar baskets, dessert knives and forks, and hundreds of useful articles impossible to enumerate; it will suffice to state that the stock is replete with every article requisite for house-keeping.

SAMUEL DAVIS, 360, George-street, nearly opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

PICTURES, Pictures, Pictures.—JOHN HILL, jun., and SON, have just opened ten cases of the above, comprising,
Herring's farm scenes and sketches on the road
Moore's hunting and racing sketches, and portraits of race horses, &c. Also,
One case of very handsome drawing room lustres.

The undersigned invite the attention of sportsmen, innkeepers, and the public generally, to the above splendid lot of goods, which have arrived in excellent condition.

JOHN HILL, jun., and SON, importers, cabinet makers, and upholsterers, Australian Furniture and Bedding Warehouse, 100, King-street, Sydney.

FLOORCLOTHS, FLOORCLOTHS, FLOORCLOTHS.—The undersigned have just received a large and varied assortment of well-seasoned floorcloths, of the best quality, and newest patterns. JOHN HILL, Jun., and SON, importers, Australian Furniture and Bedding Warehouse, King-street, Sydney.

CARRIAGE CLOTHS, CARRIAGE CLOTHS, CARRIAGE CLOTHS.—Just received, ex Hollinside, twelve pieces superior carriage cloth, neat patterns. JOHN HILL, Jun., and SON, importers, cabinetmakers, and upholsterers, Australian Furniture and Bedding Warehouse, King-street, Sydney.

DEAN'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE REMOVED to No. 283, Pitt-street, one door south from Market-street.

Drawing-room, dining-room, bedroom, hall, and kitchen furniture on hand. Also,

Iron bedsteads, cots; hair, fibre, flax, and straw mattresses. An inspection is invited.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF SYDNEY GENERALLY.—HANKS and COMPANY have just purchased a large parcel of Westphalia hams, which they are selling at the low price of 9d. per lb. Those who desire a treat are recommended to make their purchases early.

The Boulogne or real German ham sausage, a new shipment, a splendid breakfast relish
York hams, of the finest quality, now landing
Breakfast bacon, real Wiltshire, particularly choice
Royal Arms Cheshire cheese, magnificent quality
North Wilts and Port Cooper cheese, very prime.

HANKS and COMPANY, Australian Tea Mart, 478, George-street, opposite the Market.

No connexion with any other house. Orders by post promptly executed.

J. G. WALLER and CO., of Wynyard square, have now on SALE, some magnificent samples of Champagne, both in pints and quarts; also, sparkling Hock, sparkling Moselle and Claret, which they can strongly recommend.

ALLSOPP'S ALE, bottled by F. Friend and Co., of very fine quality, now ON SALE, by J. G. WALLER and Co., Wynyard-square.

ALLSOPP'S No. 3 ALE, next October Brewing.—Notice to Purchasers.—Messrs. ALLSOPP and SONS, Burton-on-Trent, are now prepared to register orders for next Season's Brewings of the above Ales, and they respectfully invite their friends and consumers generally in the Australian colonies to transmit their orders early to their several correspondents and agents in England. Brewery, Burton-on-Trent, March 1860.

BOTTLED BEER.—Now landing, in splendid condition, and FOR SALE, by the undersigned,—
Byass' ale and porter, in quarts and pints
Allsopp's ale, bottled by Friend and Co., quarts and pints
Allsopp's ale, bottled by Byass, in quarts.
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO.

B. B. H. CROWN IRON.—Invoices of the above, in the harbour, and to arrive, always for SALE by the undersigned. Buyers for export may effect a considerable saving by taking an entire shipment. IREDALE and CO., iron merchants.

IREDALE and CO.'S COLZA OIL.—This oil is of the finest quality, and of greater illuminating power than any before offered to the public. It is free from all unpleasant smell, does not smoke, and, owing to its purity, will never clog the operations of the lamp.

POTATOES, real Brown's River, now landing. HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP, 41, King-street.

OATS, OATS.—Just landed, a splendid sample; for SALE by FRANCK, BROTHERS, and GANS.

ENGLISH FIREWORKS, at reduced prices, at CROUCH'S Bazaar, 542, George-street.

PONY for SALE, very cheap. Apply Britannia Hotel, opposite Barracks, Paddington.

FOR SALE, Prime New Zealand and other POTATOES, at £7 10s per ton. JAMES WELSH and CO., New Iron Stores, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, a COTTAGE, about six miles on the Parramatta Road, with garden and orchard, and about three acres of land, at present occupied by the Rev. Mr. Keynon. Also TWO COTTAGES in Castlereagh-street, betwixt Liverpool and Bathurst streets. Apply to HENRY VAUGHAN, King and Phillip street.

MARTELL'S BRANDY, 1858 Vintage, in Quarters. BENSUSAN and HAES, Macquarie-place.

BLEACHED Jamaica GINGER, superior quality. BENSUSAN and HAES, Macquarie-place.

CADBURY, BROTHERS', Chocolate, Cocoa, and Paste. BENSUSAN and HAES, Macquarie-place.

UNBLEACHED COCHIN GINGER. BENSUSAN and HAES, Macquarie-place.

COIR FIBRE, for MATTRESSES.—A splendid Sample, bales and ballats, just landing; long and short handled shovels; Hungarian boots, full length. JAMES DEAN.

TO CONTRACTORS.—An Invoice of Eight-inch SPIKES, just landing, Ewbank's, assorted. JAMES DEAN.

TO ENGINEERS, MACHINISTS, &c.—Invoices of Castor, Lard, and Colza OILS. JAMES DEAN.

30 TONS prime POTATOES, ex Esperanza, from Launceston, on SALE by T. G. SAWKINS, agent, Exchange.

ON SALE, for cash, Feast's BOTTLED FRUITS, 12s. per dozen, two dozen cases. GEORGE GRIFFITHS, 7, Jamison-street.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP, two verandah COTTAGES, three rooms each, opposite Railway Station, Newtown, £100 cash, the remainder secured on the property. Apply 66, Market-street.

AGRICULTURAL AND GENERAL MACHINERY.—BURGESS and KEY, Prize Holders for the best article, 95, Newgate-street, London; works, Brentwood.

The Australian Medal of the Geelong Agricultural Society has been awarded to Burgess and Key, whose goods are patronised by H. M. the Queen, the Prince Consort, Emperor of the French, &c., &c.

Prize Reapers and Mowers	Chaff Cutters
Plough and Harrows	Portable Steam Engines
Prize Horse Rakes	Threshing Machines
Prize Haymakers	Prize Carts and Waggons
Pumps, Cast Iron and Lift	Saw Mills
Fire Engines for Farms, &c.	Portable Wool Presses
Churns, Anthony's Patent	Turnip Cutters
Oat and Corn Mills, Portable	Wool Presses.

BURGESS and KEY always have a large stock of every description on sale to suit agriculturists and shippers.

All goods carefully packed and shipped.

Orders to be made payable by London houses.

CHAFF-CUTTERS.—Important Notice to Trainers, Livery Stable Keepers, and all who keep horses. EDWARD BINGHAM has now on hand, just landed, a very large assortment of chaff cutters, of all sizes and shapes, adapted either for the strength of boys and men; or for horse or steam-power. They will cut, according to size, from 2 to 20 cwt. per hour. These machines have taken prizes at the Royal Shows of England and elsewhere, but have been improved for colonial use, at the suggestions of experienced men.

EDWARD BINGHAM, 115, York-street, Sydney.

TO FARMERS, Squatters, Stock-Breeders, and Store-keepers.—The undersigned is now landing, ex George Marshall, Lloyds, and Margaret Blair, the following IMPLEMENTS and MACHINES, by the best makers in England and Scotland:—

3 and 4 horse-power patent portable steam engines for bush work; simple and strong. A boy can drive them
Improved colonial threshing machines; latest prize patent
Other threshing machines, and seed drills
Strong flour mills, in metal frame, with French burr stones; these are well adapted for up-country use
Flour dressing machines, to match
Chaff-cutters, of all sizes
The prize machines of the Royal Society's Shows of Chelmsford, Salisbury, Chester, and Warwick
Corn crackers, maize crushers, oat mills
Circular saws and tables, for cutting slabs, logs, and planking; can be driven by horse or steam
Horse powers, for pumping and sheep washing
Horse hoes, horse rakes, and hand rakes
Ploughs that have taken the first prizes at the principal agricultural shows in the world
Vineyard, garden, and orchard ploughs
Harrows, scarifiers, and grubbers
Field gates and posts, iron fencing and hurdles
Galvanised iron standards, for vines, rose trees, &c., &c.

EDWARD BINGHAM, manufacturer's agent, 115, York-street, next door to Goold's Hotel.

☞ Illustrated catalogues sent free, on application.

BEST TABLE CUTLERY.—JOSEPH GILLAM, Cutler, most respectfully invites the attention of the public to his stock of Rodger's, Mappin's, and colonial-made table cutlery, French cook knives, fluted and roller steels, Queen and Prince Albert carving and game knives, pen machines, ladies' lace, nail, and cutting-out scissors, Rodger's, Mechi, Mappin's, and colonial-made razors, razor-strops and paste. Cutlers' Hall, near the Post Office.

TO OWNERS OF STOCK.—Patent Horse Clams, castrating, spaying knives and needles, fleams, horse lancets, and seton needles. A capital assortment of butchers' steels, saws, and choppers. J. G. having now completed his stock of pruning, budding, grafting, and vine knives, and scissors. J. GILLAM, Manufacturer, Cutlers' Hall, Post Office, Sydney. Surgical Instruments and cutlery ground and repaired.

FOR SALE.—
Steam engines, 8, 9, 10, 12, and 15 horse power
Boiler plate and rivets, angle iron
Muntz yellow metal, sheet zinc, hoop iron
Telegraph wire, Nos. 6 and 7; rivets and washers
Paints—white, black, red, and colours
Linseed oil, cordage
Caithness pavement
Patent safety and gutta percha fuse
Printing and coloured papers, envelopes and stationery
Brown and grey papers, and paper bags
Soda water bottles, soda crystals, Bath bricks
Wotherspoon's confectionary and jams
Scotch whisky, dark brandy, bitters.
CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO., 12, Barrack-street.

SEED OATS.—For SALE, 500 bushels of Seed Oats, at Shanemore, near Liddesdam.

TO SETTLERS and STOREKEEPERS.—The undersigned have constantly on HAND—
Woolpacks, 10 to 10½ lb.; woolbagging, all widths
Bags, sewing twine, fine and coarse
Sheepshears, Sorby's and Wilkinson's
Sugars, rice, tea, flour, and tobacco
Mole trousers, Scotch twill shirts
Wines and spirits, &c.
And every article requisite on a station.
JAMES MORE and CO., 178, Pitt-street.

BASS'S ALE and BEER. Ibler and Bell's bottling, quarts and pints, for SALE by MACNAMARA, SON, and CO., Wharf.

FOR SALE, by the undersigned:—
1000 to 3000 Store Bullocks, aged 2 to 5 years
500 to 1000 Spayed Cows aged 2 years and upwards
Now depasturing on the well known runs of Messrs. Murdock, Barnes, and Co.
LAMB, PARBURY, and CO.

TIMBER at the Liverpool-street Saw Mills—
Pitch pine—in logs, deals, planks, and T. and G.
Clear pine—various dimensions
T. and G.—in white, Norway, clear, spruce, and Oregon
Shelving—planed one and two sides
Cedar—in boards and logs
Colonial and V.D.L. hardwood
Slates and slating battens
Rough pine boards, joists and quartering
Wooden houses and stores
Manufactures in wood generally
Soap and candle boxes, wine and packing cases
Doors, sashes, sash doors, French lights
Skirtings, mouldings, architraves, rolls, &c.
☞ Wholesale and retail. *** The trade and country buyers liberally dealt with.
HENRY MOON.

150,000 FEET PITCH PINE, Baltic, Oregon and White Pine, G. and T. flooring, from 1½-inch to ½-inch. GOODLET and CO., Erskine-street and Parramatta-street.

2000 PANEL and Sash Doors, Glazed Windows, French Casements &c. GOODLET and CO.

80,000 FEET Kaurie, in boards, and cut to order. GOODLET and CO.

150,000 FEET Hard Wood Battens, Palings, Shingles, &c. GOODLET and CO.

MOULDINGS, Skirtings, Architraves, Rolls, Turnery, on hand and made to order. GOODLET and CO.

SOFT and Hard Wood Flooring, dressed, grooved and tongued, or shot-edged, to order, any thickness. GOODLET and CO., Erskine and Parramatta streets.

TWENTY TONS LEAD, in sheet and pipe; sheet zinc. R. WYNNE, Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

TEN THOUSAND FEET of FLAGGING—Caithness, York, New York, Swiss, and marble. R. WYNNE, Pitt-street.

CIRCULAR QUAY SAW MILLS and Timber Yard. —To Architects, Contractors, Builders, Coachmakers, Cabinetmakers, Wheelwrights, &c.—A large and varied assortment of foreign and colonial TIMBER, doors, sashes, architraves, mouldings, shingles, laths, battens, and palings; French doors, blinds, &c. W. H. ROLFE.

HARDWOOD, from Brisbane Water; the largest assortment in Sydney. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

A. A. COMPANY'S best screened COALS, and cut up FIREWOOD. E. J. BLAXLAND, Lime-st. Wharf.

COALS.—Coals, of best quality, at prices satisfactory to purchasers. Shoobert's Wharf, Sussex-street.

COALS. COALS. COALS.—Lay in your stock of winter Coals.—Best Wollongong Coals, delivered in town, in quantities not less than one ton, at 26s. per ton; and on the Wharf, in any quantity, at 22s. per ton, cash. Apply to A. FLETCHER, Phœnix Wharf.

TO BE SOLD, by tender, in consequence of the proprietor being about to embark in another line of business, the Lease, License, Goodwill, Furniture, &c., of a first-class HOTEL, situate at a fashionable watering-place, a few miles from Sydney. The undersigned, in offering the above for tender, need only say that the takings of the hotel and profits can be shown, according to the London custom; and catalogues of the fixtures, furniture, &c., can be obtained on application, or sent, post free, if required, with all information. All tenders must be sent in before the 1st July next, to ALEXANDER MOORE and CO., Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street.

TO OMNIBUS PROPRIETORS, Cab-owners, and others.—For private sale, Camden pressed oaten HAY, in quantities to suit purchasers, deliverable at the Railway Terminus. For full particulars apply to THOMAS DAWSON, 421, George-street, auctioneer and commission agent.

TO BE SOLD, cheap, the SPORTSMAN'S ARMS, 256, Pitt-street; the whole of the furniture, stock, and every thing as it stands, with the license and goodwill. Apply to JOSEPH WINDRED.

FOR SALE, on long terms, or TO LET, Two STONE HOUSES, near Sydney, well finished, containing nine and seven rooms; cellars, verandahs, &c. Water frontage and gardens. Address M. O. A., HERALD Office.

FOR SALE, a staunch HORSE, Tax Cart, and Harness, £2? a bargain. F. MADER, 269, George-st.

DULCIMER.—The imported Horse "Dulcimer" for SALE. Apply BURT and CO., Pitt-street.

BEAR'S HORSE MARKET.—The undersigned having taken the above old established sale yards, stabling, and premises, beg to inform the public that from and after this date the business will be carried on by them under the style or firm of PURCELL and KEIGHRAN.

BRABAZON PURCELL.
PATK. J. KEIGHRAN.

Melbourne, 1st May, 1860.

DARLING RIVER STATION FOR SALE.—The undersigned has been instructed by the Messrs. M'Dougall to offer for sale that first-class station, NAVEENA (better known as Cox's Nulcumbidda Run), situated on the Darling River; the country is open, and abounds with salt bush, and is admirably adapted for sheep. With the above will be sold a mixed herd of 2000 head well bred cattle. Full particulars on application at the Rooms. JOHN BREWSTER, Squatter's Exchange, George-street.

STORE CATTLE. STORE SHEEP.—For SALE, several lots of the above, in various districts. Particulars of which can be obtained on application at the Rooms.

JOHN BREWSTER, stock and station agent.
Squatters' Exchange, George-street.

DISTRICT OF MARANOA.—WOODSTOCK and BLENHEIM RUNS, together with 10,120 SHEEP more or less, warranted sound.—Mr. BREWSTER has been instructed to offer for sale, by private contract, those well known runs, WOODSTOCK and BLENHEIM, situated in the above favoured district, having a frontage to both sides of the MURILLA CREEK, by which, and its tributaries, they are abundantly and conveniently watered, and adjoining the well known stations of Messrs. J. and A. BELL and THOMAS HALL, Esqs. The country consists of open box ridges, interspersed with myall and salt bush, sound and healthy in the wettest seasons.

The improvements are good, substantial, and useful.

With these runs will be sold the following first-class sheep, viz.:—

4520 breeding ewes, of ages
1480 ewes, 2, 4, and 6 tooth
1500 wethers, 4 tooth
1000 ditto, 2 tooth
1500 mixed weaners
120 rams.

10,120 more or less, warranted sound.

The attention of parties on the look-out for a first-class PASTORAL PROPERTY is particularly directed to the above STATIONS AND STOCK, the runs being among some of the earliest selections in the district, were secured by an old and experienced bushman on account of their richness of pasture, abundance of water, and large grazing capabilities.

Mr. BREWSTER earnestly invites purchasers to visit the property and judge for themselves, being fully satisfied that the above description of both stock and station will be borne out on inspection.

For further particulars, apply at the Rooms, Squatter's Exchange, George-street, Sydney.

TO BUILDING MECHANICS and WORKING MEN.—Allotments of LAND for SALE, on LONG CREDIT, or in exchange for labour. To respectable persons wishing to build at once, assistance will be given to the extent of one half of their outlay. For particulars, apply to Mr. LUCAS, Burwood Railway Station.

UNSTOCKED RUNS on the DARLING DOWNS.—Messrs. RAYMOND and CO. have received instructions to offer for SALE by private contract, the following runs:—"Urie," "Talah," and "Bridgewood," situated in the district of Darling Downs, and adjoining the well known salt bush and fattening runs of Messrs. Perrett and Lang, known as "Wallum and Chinchilla." These runs offer unusual advantages to parties looking out for new runs, as they are in a well known first-class fattening and settled district, and have a frontage to a never failing creek of water of 30 miles.

For further particulars apply at the office, Treasury-buildings, George-street.

STORE CATTLE.—
500 head, mixed, from two to seven, delivered at Terrela, near Barraba
300 head from two to six, delivered at Borah, Melville Plains
800 head, delivered near Armidale
600 ditto bullocks } delivered on the Richmond.
400 ditto cows }

For further particulars apply to RAYMOND and Co., Treasury-buildings, George-street.

MESSRS. RAYMOND and CO. have received instructions to offer for sale by private contract, the well-known station of LOOWEE, situated about twenty-five miles from Mudgee and ten miles from Rylstone; also the first-class fattening run, GUMMING GUMMING, in the district of Bligh, which has been worked to great advantage with the "Loowee" station.

With these stations will be sold 22,900 sheep (more or less as per specification), and 1000 head of mixed cattle.

827 ewes, mixed ages
824 ditto, 5 and 6 years old
1646 ditto, 4 to 5 ditto
820 ditto, 3 to 4 ditto
828 ditto, 2 ditto
1051 ditto 1 ditto
2159 ditto, hoggets
1056 ewes and wethers, mixed
829 ditto, 3 years
2195 ditto, 2 ditto
1075 ditto, 1 ditto
955 wethers, 4 years
1241 ditto, 3 ditto
1041 ditto, 2 ditto
983 ditto, 1 ditto
612 ditto, all ages
2164 ditto, hoggets
830 ditto, 3 years
888 ditto, 2 ditto
740 ditto, 1 ditto
258 rams

23,100 more or less.

The sheep are mostly pure Saxon, and very fine wool.

At Loowee there are about 8000 acres of purchased land; and the improvements consist of a cottage of three rooms, large building with four rooms, used as a store, and an overseer's dwelling, woolshed, large barn, partly brick and wood, all the foregoing are shingled; new stable of ironbark, containing five stalls and two loose boxes. Grass and cultivated paddocks, all fenced, containing in the aggregate about 600 acres. Drays, carts, and stores, ploughs, and other implements; in fact everything requisite for the purpose of working a first-class station. At Gumming Gumming the improvements consist of stockman's hut, new stockyard of ironbark, capable of working 2000 head of cattle; there are three splendid wells and two dams. This station is known to be one of the very best fattening stations in the district.

For further particulars, apply at Treasury Buildings, George-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, the run known as UNDERCLIFF in the Clarence district, distant about 140 miles from Grafton.

This run adjoins the well-known stations of Maryland, Koreela, and Acacia Creek, and the country consists of sound open ridges, the timber chiefly ironbark; it is abundantly watered and the improvements consist of sheep overseer's residence, and four out-stations, with substantially built slab huts and bough yards at each, and about 300 hurdles.

With the run will be sold 9403 sheep (more or less). For further particulars, apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

PEAK DOWNS, Leichhardt District.—FOR SALE Nine BLOCKS of COUNTRY in the above favourite locality. Full particulars on application. LOTZE and LARNACH.

GLENMORE STATIONS, Fitzroy River.—The undersigned have received instructions to dispose of the above well-known stations, with the following stock, viz.,

8000 sheep, and about
100 head of cattle.

The improvements are first-class. Full particulars on application.

LOTZE and LARNACH.

PRINCHESTER STATIONS, Fitz Roy River.—The above stations are for immediate SALE, with 15,000 first-class sheep.

Full particulars on application to

LOTZE and LARNACH.

FOR SALE, the well-known WILLIE PLOMAR STATION, on the Murrumbidgee River, with 800 to 1000 head of mixed cattle. For further particulars apply to Mr. GEORGE R. H. STUCKEY, at Willie Plomar, Gundagai; or to Mr. GRANVILLE E. M. COLLINS, at Kimo, Gundagai.

EWES.—For SALE, 1500 to 2000 maiden EWES, eighteen months old, tupped by superior rams, from the well-known Collaroy flocks. Apply to GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO., Spring-street.

CUNDLE TOWN, Manning River.—For SALE, an Allotment of LAND, near the Wharf. Apply H., HERALD Office.

FOR SALE.—1000 to 3000 acres of Land, at Bathurst, 5 acres of Land, near Manly Beach
100 acres of first-class Land, near Grafton
40 acre Farm, on which is erected a six-roomed house and other improvements, near Railway Station; will be sold a bargain
A large and handsome Family Residence, with extensive grounds, North Shore
A Steam Flour Mill, substantially built, in a good locality and every convenience to carry on a large business.
TO LET.—The Illawarra Hotel, Dapto, containing sixteen rooms; a large business is now transacted there, and capable of considerable improvement
A House, pleasantly situated in Stanley-street
A well furnished House at Surry Hills
Four-roomed House at Darlinghurst
The late Town Hall, and several Houses in Elizabeth-street, &c., &c.
HAIGH and BROWN, general commission agents, 190 King-street East.

TWO CHILDREN'S PONIES for SALE; can be recommended. May be seen at GREENKNOWE, 124, Macleay-street.

LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—MONDAY.

SPECIAL SITTING AT NISI PRIUS.

BEFORE Chief Justice Dickinson and a jury of four.

RICHARDS V. ANDREWS.

The trial of this case was resumed, and again lasted all day without terminating.

JURYMEN FINED.—The following jurymen, for non-attendance, were fined £2 each:—F. Allerton, Henry Bell, James Batley, Rowland Biddell.

BUSINESS FOR TO-DAY.

IN EQUITY.—Before the Primary Judge, at 11 o'clock. Motions and petitions: Collins v. Black and another, hearing; Gordon v. Scott and others, exceptions of defendant Scott; same v. same, exceptions of defendant Loxton; same v. same, exceptions of defendant Dixson.

MASTER'S OFFICE.—Downes and others v. Holden and others, to settle report; Attorney-General v. Ryan and others, to consider order; Buttrey v. Vile and others, to consider decree; Mockett v. Mockett, to settle report.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

MONDAY, JUNE 4.

BEFORE his Honor Judge Wise.

The Criminal Court opened this morning at 10 o'clock, before his Honor Judge Wise. Barristers present—the Attorney-General, who prosecuted for the Crown; Mr. Windeyer, Mr. Broadhurst, and Mr. Sheppard.

INFANTICIDE.

Ademia Bradney was indicted for that she did on the 7th April, 1860, at Jamberoo, feloniously, wilfully, and of malice aforethought, kill and murder a certain male infant.

The prisoner was defended by Mr. Windeyer: attorney, Mr. W. Roberts.

The Attorney-General having stated the case called—

John Goddard, a constable, who deposed that on the 9th April last, he searched a barn near the residence of the prisoner and found in one corner of it the body of a new born male child in a three-bushel bag which was covered over with straw to the depth of half a foot; he observed a bruise on the side of the child's head; he replaced the body and went to the residence close by of the prisoner, who, in answer to questions, said, she had been confined on the 7th April, that the child was born alive, and that she had no assistance at the birth; she said she did not know how long the child lived, for she had fallen into a fainting fit; he took the child to Mr. Morris's Inn, for an inquest to be held.

By Mr. Windeyer: After the inquest, she was discharged, and then the magistrates took up the case.

By the Judge: The doctor first saw the prisoner on the 10th April.

Dr. Charles deposed he examined the body of the infant, which was full grown; the umbilical cord, which was twenty inches long, seemed to have been cut with a blunt instrument, or torn; the body was congested, the nose red and flattened; and the fingers shut upon the palms; the brain was remarkably congested; the right lung filled the cavity of the chest entirely, and he had no doubt the child had breathed vigorously; these signs were produced, he believed, by suffocation; the cavities of the heart were also empty.

By Mr. Windeyer: If a woman is unassisted, and fainting comes on, a child is liable to be suffocated; there were no marks of violence on the child; when fainting ensues, death generally follows; the child might have been suffocated under the bed-clothes.

By the Attorney-General: Smothering would produce the symptoms he had described.

His Honor here observed that with reference to the capital charge, unless there was further evidence, it would not be safe to convict the prisoner, but the Attorney-General might attempt to prove the concealment of the birth.

Emily Bradney, aged fourteen, daughter of the prisoner, deposed that on the 6th and 7th April her mother was ill in bed; she first saw the child in the bed, and afterwards in the barn.

By Mr. Windeyer: Before this illness she saw her mother making baby-clothes.

By the Judge: She saw nobody come to the house between the 6th and 7th of April, and did not take the child herself to the barn.

Eliza Bradney, a girl of eleven, deposed that on the afternoon of the 7th April her mother, who was then up, sent her for wood; when she came back her mother was in bed.

By Mr. Windeyer: She went out for wood every day; on Wednesday, the third April, prisoner sent her for her grandmother, but she did not come; her grandfather-in-law was there.

This closed the case for the Crown. His Honor said there was not sufficient evidence to convict the prisoner on the capital charge, but there was some evidence of concealment.

Mr. Windeyer, in addressing the jury for the defence, dwelt particularly upon the fact that no motive whatever had been shown by the Crown to exist which could actuate the prisoner, a respectable married woman, to conceal the birth of her child.

His Honor, in summing up, laid it down to the jury as the law that the preparation of baby linen, supposing a woman afterwards disposed of the dead body of her child with intent to conceal the birth, was no proof that she was not guilty of the concealment.

Mr. Windeyer said Mr. Justice Dickinson had last assizes ruled quite differently.

His Honor read the case of the Queen v. Douglass in support of his ruling.

Mr. Windeyer contended that the preparing of the baby linen ought to be taken in her favour by the jury.

His Honor having repeated his ruling, the jury, without retiring, found a verdict of not guilty.

STEALING IN A DWELLING-HOUSE.

Rosanna James and Patrick Nugent were indicted for that they did, on the 21st May, 1860, at Sydney, feloniously steal from the house of Sigmund Hoffnung a quantity of jewellery, &c.; a second count charged them with receiving the same knowing it to be stolen.

The prisoners pleaded not guilty.

Having stated the case, the Attorney-General called

Sigmond Hoffnung, general importer, who deposed the female had been in his employ eleven months as general servant, and the boy sixteen, as errand boy; he had missed small articles out of the store from time to time; on the 21st May he found in female prisoner's box a watch, chain, studs, bracelets, and other jewellery, which belonged to himself and wife; female prisoner had access to the drawers in which these goods were found; the value of the private property found in her box was over £25; there were other goods found belonging to the store to which he could not swear.

George Mathews, inspector of police, deposed he apprehended the prisoners in prosecutor's house; as he was taking them away to the station they mutually accused each other; at the station, in answer to inspector Steele, the boy said, "Oh! Mr. Steele, I have turned out a thief."

Margaret Levy, the female searcher at the Central Police station, deposed to having found on the female prisoner the gold studs, gold chain, and purse produced.

The prosecutor recalled: Was about to state what the boy had confessed to him, when he was stopped by the Judge, as it appeared a promise had been held out to the boy to induce him to state what he knew.

The Judge, in addressing the jury, said if the boy had held his tongue, there would have been no case against him.

The jury retired for fifteen minutes, and returned a verdict of guilty against Rosanna James for stealing, and acquitted the boy.

During this trial, the woman continued to cry and sob, whilst the boy, an old-looking youth of fifteen, seemed quite indifferent to his position.

ASSAULT WITH INTENT, &C.

Jackey, an aboriginal, was indicted for that he did, on the 5th May, 1860, at Pitt Town, unlawfully assault one Victoria Thompson, with intent to ravish her.

The prisoner was defended by Mr. Wyndeyer; attorney, Mr. Driver.

The Attorney-General stated the case and called

Victoria Thompson, a young girl of about 15, who deposed that on the 5th May, she, in company with another young girl, left her father's house to go to her aunt's; whilst in the bush, the prisoner ran after them, making a noise, and they got off the horse to make their escape; she ran towards Mr. Winder's farm, but prisoner caught her by the neck; she put her arm round the fence, but he pulled her down to the ground, and when she screamed, he pulled out a knife and said he would cut her throat if she did not hold her tongue; he had pulled up her clothes, when hearing a dog bark, he picked up his bundle; when he was kneeling upon her, he choked her till the blood ran out of her nose and ears; she then went home to her mother.

By Mr. Windeyer: She knew prisoner by his dress.

Eliza Henderson, a girl of sixteen, corroborated the evidence of the girl Thompson, as to the fact of the prisoner assaulting her by throwing her on the ground.

The cross-examination of this witness in some degree tended to shake her certainty of opinion previously expressed as to the prisoner being really the man who assaulted Victoria Thompson.

Eliza Cahill, mistress to Eliza Henderson, deposed to the bruised and torn appearance of Victoria Thompson, and to seeing a blackfellow, who had a rug, run away from her.

George Henry Brown, a constable, deposed that he apprehended the prisoner on the 8th May, at Penrith, after a desperate struggle; found on him two knives and a rug.

This closed the case, and Mr. Windeyer then addressed the jury for the defence, insisting very strongly upon the want of proof of identity.

His Honor having summed up, the jury without retiring found a verdict of not guilty.

RECOGNIZANCES ESTREATED.

The recognizances of Edward Bowen, a witness in the case of William Sass, charged with setting fire to the Cateaux Wattel, were estreated for non-attendance. The Attorney-General applied to have a warrant issued for the apprehension of Bowen, but his Honor held that the mere fact of non-appearance on the part of a witness would not justify such an extreme step. The Attorney-General cited the last clause but one of the Law of Evidence Amendment Act as an authority for such warrant; but his Honor doubted whether there was any such thing intended by the Legislature.

ASSAULT WITH INTENT, &C.

Jacky, an aboriginal, the fellow acquitted of a similar charge, was again indicted for that he did on the 3rd May, 1860, at Vinegar Hill, unlawfully assault one Harriet Francis, with intent to ravish her.

The prisoner was defended by Mr. Windeyer; attorney, Mr. Driver.

The Attorney-General stated the case, and called

Harriet Francis, a girl of nineteen, who deposed that she was a servant to Mr. Joseph Pitt, of Pitt Town, and that on the 3rd May whilst at home alone, prisoner came to the house at a quarter to 11 a.m., and asked for a light and a drink, saying he was thirsty; after getting them he sat down opposite her, and asken her to have some rum; he poured some out of a bottle, but she refused it; after a time he offered her money if she would go with him; she refused, and said she would go and tell her master, and as she was going he caught hold of her and pulled her on the ground; whilst he was kneeling on her and holding her by the throat she screamed, and her master's dog came and bit the prisoner, who then ran away chased by some people who came to the house, attracted by her cries; the prisoner was in the house altogether about three-quarters of an hour, and she could swear to him.

In cross-examination, the evidence of this witness was not at all impaired.

James Seymour, constable, deposed that he saw the prisoner on the day in question about 10 o'clock, about a hundred yards from Mr. Pitt's house; he had with him a bottle of rum, and was dressed as he is now.

Henry Franklin, a gardener of Mr. Rous, said that on the day in question he heard cries of murder, and saw a blackfellow running away from Mr. Pitt's house; he chased him, but he threw off all his clothes, and was not caught; witness picked up the clothes, and prisoner had them on now; the blackfellow had in his hand when naked a bottle of rum, with which he threatened witness.

Mr. Windeyer addressed the jury for the defence, and contended that this was a case of mistaken identity, and insinuated that the girl had sworn so positively to the prisoner, because she had heard that the other case against him had failed for want of proof of identity.

The Attorney-General replied, and his Honor having summed up, the jury, without retiring, found the prisoner guilty, who was then sentenced to two years' hard labour in Sydney gaol.

The Court adjourned at twelve minutes past five till ten o'clock to-morrow (this day).

INSOLVENCY COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE the Chief Commissioner.

In the estate of Abraham Lawley, a third meeting. One debt was proved, and, at the request of the official assignee, his Honor postponed the meeting until the 26th June.

In the estate of James Chambers, a third meeting. Three debts were proved, and the meeting was postponed until the 19th instant.

In re George Tully.—Referring to the directions given at the third meeting, held on the 10th May, when the majority of the creditors present allowed insolvent to retain his household and office furniture, valued by Mr. S. Kemp at £600, and by Mr. A. Dodds at £312, while in the schedule it is by insolvent valued at £200. His Honor, having considered the facts as in evidence, refused to ratify or confirm the directions of the meeting referred to.

In the estate of Henry Jeffreys, a second meeting. One debt was proved, and insolvent was examined by Mr. Stafford, in reference to costs in an action wherein he (insolvent) was plaintiff.

In the estate of Charles Poole, a second meeting. Three debts were proved, and the meeting adjourned until to-morrow.

In the estate of Gilbert Wright, an adjourned special meeting. One debt was proved.

In the estate of William C. Leslie, a single meeting. Adjourned until to-morrow.

SURRENDER.

Robert Pearson, George-street, Sydney, licensed victualler. Liabilities, £502 10s.; assets—value of personal property, £75; outstanding debts, £23 16s. 6d. Total, £98 16s. 6d.; deficit, £403 13s. 6d. Mr. Perry, official assignee.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Tuesday, 5.—Edward Walton, adjourned special for examination, quarter before 11. John James, John M'Guire, Hugh Maxwell, Harry Cooper Jarvis, Henry Pearson Coles, James Patrick Sweeny Mahoney, certificates, 12. William C. Leslie, adjourned, single, 12. Charles Poole, adjourned, second, 12.

Wednesday, 6.—Thomas Grant, second, 11. William Allen and Co., special for proof of debts, half-past 11. Maurice Reynolds, postponed third, 12. Leopold F. Sachs, second, 12. Alexander G. Panton, adjourned special for examination, 2. Arthur Corby, second, 2. George Biren, second, half-past 2. Jeremiah Finn, single, 3.

Thursday, 7.—William Sugden, third, 11. James M. Cashman, adjourned special for proof of debts, at half-past 11. Arthur Crux, third, 12. Walter Mackay, third, half-past 12. John Mobbs, third, 2. John Briggs, single, 3. *At Maitland*, William Butler, single, 11.

Friday, 8.—Thomas Endicott, adjourned second, and for examination, 11.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE the Right Worshipful the Mayor, Mr. Ross, Mr. Peden, Mr. Asher, Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Burdekin.

Twenty-four persons were fined—some 10s, others 20s., and a few 40s.—for having been found drunk in the streets; the alternative being imprisonment, twenty-four or forty-eight hours.

Alexander Hayhorn, seventeen years of age, convicted of having, in a public place, made use of obscene language, was sentenced to pay a penalty of 10s., or to be imprisoned forty-eight hours.

John Morgan was charged with having, on Saturday, stolen from the shop of Cocks and Hunt, George-street, one pair of boots, valued at 5s. 6d., and the evidence sustaining the charge, was convicted thereof, and sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour three calendar months.

William Rogers, summarily convicted of having stolen a carpet bag, of the value of 14s., the property of James Thompson, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment and hard labour.

Patrick Blesson, charged with bestiality, was committed to take his trial at the District Court of Quarter Sessions.

Edward Fay, one of several young men engaged in gambling in a paddock at the Glebe at eleven o'clock on Sunday forenoon (the rest having made their escape), was sentenced to be imprisoned twenty-four hours.

John O'Hara and Louisa Hopkins were brought before the Court by sergeant Harris, charged by Jane Whigley with stealing from the person. Jane Whigley deposed that she resides at Redfern with one James Brittain, and the prisoners are neighbours and live together; between twelve and one o'clock on Saturday afternoon the prisoners came to her house; O'Hara asked her to lend him some money, being in need, and in consequence she handed to the prisoner Hopkins four halfcrowns, as a loan, and afterwards lent the female 5s. more for something she said that she required for herself; they had some bread and cheese, and a quart of English ale; after which at their request she accompanied them to their home; while they were in her house Brittain gave her five £1 notes and some silver, and when she went with them she had in her pocket the notes in question, five shillings being folded inside them; at their house some rum was sent for, made hot, and consumed, after which, having the money still in her pocket, she lay down; about six o'clock she awoke, missed her money, and asked Hopkins about it, who replied (O'Harra being in the next room, but within sight and hearing), "It is all right, Jane, we took it for safety;" being satisfied with that reply, she did not demand the money; on Sunday, she went to them for her money, when she was coolly told that they knew nothing of her money; she thereupon gave them into custody. A man named M'Auley deposed, that on Saturday night the male prisoner paid him £1, and produced the note. James Brittain deposed that on Saturday he gave Whigley some money—five £1 notes and some silver; the notes produced by M'Auley he swore to be one of the five in question. Committed for trial. Mr. Roberts conducted the prosecution, and Mr. Moffat the defence.

Joseph Brady, publican, found guilty of selling after hours, was fined 10s. and costs.

WATER POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE the Water Police Magistrate, Mr. H. Armitage, and Mr. A. Lenehan.

Francis Vaughan and Patrick M'Millan, who had been found drunk in the streets, were fined 10s., or to be imprisoned for twenty-four hours.

Owen Golden, James Scott, and Margaret Downs were, on the information of John Smith, charged with having committed an assault upon him. Smith stated that he was a farmer, residing at Pittwater. On the 14th of November last he went down to Pittwater to see some land he had purchased from John Andrews, when he found the prisoner Downs living there. He asked her if she was going to leave the place, as he wanted the land. She replied, "I will not leave it so long as there's a stick stands up in the building." The two other defendants were present. Smith showed them his title and deed of purchase, asking them to read the documents; but they said there was no necessity. He then told them he should take the door down, and he tipped it off the wire, and took it to his house, which was at a short distance. Subsequently he went back, and knocked one of the slabs off the house, and went inside. Golden then took up one of the laths from the sofa, and struck Smith with it on the arm; Downs seized the kettle and threw some boiling water over him. Whilst he way trying to remove a slab near the chimney Downs attacked him with a piece of burning wood; but he kept her away with an axe until the three defendants set upon him, got him down, and took the axe from him. The house was empty when Smith purchased the land (which was a grant to Andrews), and whilst he was in Sydney prisoners took possession of it; the house was about fifteen rods within the boundary. The only thing that Scott did was to take the axe from Smith; Golden struck him on the wrist with a batten. John Andrews deposed to having sold the land and house to Smith, and when he put Smith in possession of them no one was living in the house. Some seven or eight years ago it was in the possession of a man named Joseph Shaw, to whom he agreed to sell it, with six acres of land; Shaw built the house and was to give Andrews £6 for it, for the fulfilment of which he gave £1 as a deposit. There was a written agreement which Shaw kept, but he deserted the place in September last. Andrews then sold the place to Smith, the agreement with Shaw not having been completed. Smith (who lived with Andrews) on the day of the assault came home with his shirt nearly torn off his back, and his shoulders and loins so scalded that the skin came off in a day or two. He had also a cut on his arm which he could not use for several days, as well as a scar on his cheek like a burn. Downs, in defence, said her husband took possession of the house from Mr. Ross, custom-house officer, at Broken Bay. Scott was discharged, and Golden and Downs committed for trial at the next Quarter Sessions. Bail allowed.

James Walley, seaman, was charged with having assaulted Daniel M'Hurry, clerk, Clyde-street. M'Hurry (who is a sorter at the General Post Office) deposed that he was, on Saturday night, between one and two o'clock, returning from Woolloomooloo, and proceeding down Cumberland-street, with a bundle of shirts under his arm, in company with another man, when prisoner was observed to be following them. Prisoner, with complainant and his friend, then went into a public-house (the Harbour View Inn) where complainant was left with prisoner, who said he would walk home with him. Having gone as far as the steps leading down to Argyle-street, prisoner seized M'Hurry by the throat, saying that he would have half of the shirts; to which M'Hurry replied that if he would let him alone and go home with him, he should have the whole of them. However, prisoner still struggled with him, and M'Hurry's hat and the bundle were brought to the ground. Complainant then called out for the police, when constable Loftus came up, and prisoner was given into custody. M'Hurry was sober, Walley the worse for drink. Committed for trial at the next Quarter Sessions. Bail allowed.

William Sullivan, a seaman of the brig Fortune, was found guilty of insubordinate conduct on board. He had been aloft to loose the topsail, and being asked by the master why he was so long, he replied in a most indecent and insulting manner. Sentenced to fourteen days' hard labour in gaol.

James Cook, second officer of the Castilian, was fined 40s. with costs, for assaulting John Brown, a seaman, by beating him about the head and face.

Two cases of desertion, one of disobedience of orders, and one of absence without leave, were discharged.

ERRATA.—In report of Friday's business, Joseph Bulboune, for desertion from the Margaret Blois, was sentenced to twelve weeks' (instead of twelve months') imprisonment; and in Saturday's proceedings, the penalty awarded to Ann M'Neil for assault upon Ellen Speerin should have been one month's imprisonment, in lieu of a 20s. fine.

BRAIDWOOD.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

MAY 31ST.—The present topic of conversation is a road to Kiandra. Competent judges own that from Nelligen, through Queanbeyan, via Braidwood is the best *sur le tapis*, as already a large sum of money has been spent to make the Clyde Road to Braidwood, when a very small outlay will make it in a permanent good state. The present road in use from Braidwood to Queanbeyan is rather bad and very long, but a new track has just been discovered, and is being made by private expense. By the opening of the Clyde Road, a great deal of land has been thrown into the market, and Government has already realised enough to meet the expenses of making that road. If the country between Kiandra and Braidwood is also opened, there is a new field for land speculation, which will replenish the coffers of the country. The new track from Braidwood to Queanbeyan passes through most beautiful land for agricultural purposes, covered in many places by some excellent timber. The present route from Nelligen to Kiandra is estimated at 170 miles, therefore, when twenty-five of these shall be cut off by the new road, the distance will be less than all the other roads mentioned to bring the traffic from the metropolis to the Australian El Dorado. The only part the Government will be called upon to do is from Cooma to the diggings.

After the last heavy rains, the Goulburn storekeepers have been several weeks without receiving supplies from Sydney: the Braidwood people were never so inconvenienced; a traveller can reach a town every night, when commodities of all sorts can be procured. The carriage expenses are lower than via Goulburn, and the journey can be performed by a pedestrian from Nelligen in less than a week; it nearly takes twice that length of time to go by Goulburn. Of the Eden road it is useless, to speak, as the boggy state of the country is a sufficient cause why it should be at once rejected. As stated in another place, a short cut to Queanbeyan from Braidwood is being opened through private subscriptions. Two rising towns will be put in short communication with each other; valuable land will be bringing a revenue to the Treasury without a comparative expense. But a small portion of the road passes through private property, and the trespass thus effected is sanctioned by the proprietor, Mr. Joseph Taylor, J.P., who not only gives this much of land for the public benefit, but undertakes also to make at his own personal expense the most difficult part of the road, viz., between his place, Little Bombay and Braidwood. A new crossing-place of the Shoalhaven River has been discovered, and Mr. Taylor undertakes to make its approaches so that any team with a reasonable load will be able to ford it as easily as it should go over the Pyrmont Bridge. It is true in rainy weather the Shoalhaven River rises a great height; but it is true also it is not long in regaining its proper level. Mr. Taylor's conduct in the present movement cannot be too highly praised, nothing but the good of the district prompts him to this pecuniary outlay. From Bombay to Queanbeyan a natural road is found, which offers no engineering difficulties, as only fir trees are to be cleared off the road; this the Braidwood and Queanbeyan inhabitants are doing, and the work is progressing under Mr. Cole's contract. It is expected that by the beginning of August next the road will be opened to the public, thereby the easiest and shortest road from the metropolis to Kiandra will be opened.

It is really gratifying to observe the quantity of labour bestowed on farming operations. Vast portions of land are being opened by the plough, to receive nearly everywhere the making of the staff of life. About Braidwood principally, agricultural pursuits are being followed in an astonishing manner. Mr. Maddrill's valuable land, that has just been leased to numerous tenants, is everywhere being put under cultivation, and it is anticipated that, with the help of a favourable season, enough produce will be procured to support the vast population we expect to have, as, when the Kiandra rush subsides, many will fall back on our mines.

At a special meeting of the Justices, for the granting of auctioneers' licenses, the following persons applied for and obtained a license—Messrs. William Darke, Anthony Vider, and Edward Smith.

Prices of colonial produce are ruling very high at present, owing to a great scarcity. Wheat is worth 12s. per bushel; maize, 11s.; oats, 10s.; flour, £36 and £37 per ton; potatoes, £10 to £12; hay, £12; cheese, 8d. per lb.; bacon, 10d. and 11d.; fresh butter, 2s.; salt butter, 1s. 6d. and 1s. 9d.; eggs are not to be had.

A sale of land is shortly to take place at the police office, Braidwood. The lots to be offered are chiefly town allotments, situated on Poverty Flat. It is expected the prices to be realised shall be high; but, owing to the present tightness of cash, the sale might not realise the anticipations of Government! It is feared, that shortly after the District Court shall be held, a great deal of private land will be thrown into the market.

THE TUMUT.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

A NUMEROUS and highly respectable meeting was held, at the Court-house, Tumut, on Thursday, the 31st May, for the purpose of considering the necessity of a road from Tumut to Kiandra. On the motion of Mr. S. Emanuel, seconded by Mr. W. Simpson, Mr. F. W. Vyner, was voted to the chair. The chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting, expatiating upon the apathy hitherto displayed by the community, and the advantages to be derived by the formation of a road. He called upon the meeting to express their views on the subject. It was then moved by Mr. N. Mandelson, seconded by Mr. R. Wilson, "That in the opinion of this meeting it is highly necessary that a road from Tumut to Kiandra be at once constructed." Carried. Moved by Mr. M. Quilty, seconded by Mr. Rutherford:—"That the large quantity of gold already sent from Kiandra, and the almost unanimous opinion of the public of its being the most extensive and richest gold-field yet discovered in New South Wales, warrants the Government in the immediate construction of roads for the better transmission of supplies to meet the exigencies of the large population which will be added to the number now settled there." Carried. Mr. S. Emanuel, in rising to propose the third resolution, made the following remarks:—It is not necessary for me to introduce the resolution I have to propose with any prefatory remarks, the facts therein contained speak so much for it that I have only to read it, and I think it will meet with your unanimous approval. It is—"That the central position of the Tumut, between the gold-fields of Kiandra and Adelong, commanding the roads from the metropolis, the Western diggings, and those of the sister colony, presents the most advantageous and direct route to the newly discovered gold-fields; and from its importance, as a large agricultural and mining district, is entitled to a claim on the Government." But, apart from these considerations, which gave us precedence over any existing route, I think we are fairly and justly entitled to a road from Tumut to Kiandra on the merits of the district. The direct taxes on gold, miners' rights, &c., yield the revenue the very handsome sum of £6000 annually; the Government land sales for the past two months (March and April) have sent to the Government coffers nearly £8000; our agricultural produce in grain alone is 40,000 bushels annually, and the population of the district numbers 4000 souls, and is being daily augmented by arrivals from Kiandra. These facts entitle us to some consideration, but our magnanimous Government has only placed on the Estimates for Public Works at Tumut £150, and that for a police barracks; and the calico court-house of the Adelong is to be replaced by a wooden one. I think, gentlemen, such neglect is sufficient to arouse us from our usual apathetic indifference to public indifference, and to incite us to try and obtain by agitation our fair share in the expenditure of the public money. Moved by Mr. Hilton, seconded by Mr. R. Jahn:—"That the petition now read be signed by the chairman on behalf of the meeting, and presented to his Excellency the Governor-General." Proposed by Mr. R. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Nixon:—"That the petition just read be entrusted to Mr. S. Emanuel, junior, for transmission to Sydney." A vote of thanks was then passed for the Chairman and carried nem. con., when Mr. Gold Commissioner Lynch addressed the meeting, stating that Captain Ward and Professor Smith were appointed as a Royal Commission, to enquire into the requirements of the neighbouring gold-fields of Kiandra and the approaches thereto, and that these gentlemen might shortly be expected at Tumut, *en route*. It was unanimously agreed to form a deputation to wait upon them on arrival, to obtain, if possible, their co-operation in the object of the meeting.

ALBURY HOSPITAL.—The works for the erection have commenced, and the excavation for the foundation has already made some progress. We would suggest that the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of this, the most important of our present or future public buildings, should be conducted with appropriate *eclat*.—*Border Post.*

LOWER MURRUMBIDGEE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

MAY 26TH.—THE ELECTORAL ROLL.—I am, by the courtesy of our police magistrate, enabled to furnish the following particulars respecting the present state of the Balranald electoral roll. The number now on the list is six hundred and twenty eight, showing an increase since last year of two hundred and thirty, at which period there were only three hundred and ninety names to be found. This large increase is attributable to the increasing population of the district, especially along the Darling River, and to great extra care having been taken in collecting the names of all persons entitled to the franchise throughout the whole of the widely spread Balranald electorate.

SCIENTIFIC TOUR.—Mr. W. Lockhardt Morton, a gentleman connected with the Melbourne Observatory, is now on a visit to this part of New South Wales, for the purpose of making observations in climatology, &c. He carries barometers and thermometers and other necessary instruments, on pack horses, and is now travelling on the plains between the Lachlan and the Darling, a district of country about which so little is really known that any observations on it by Mr. Morton will be of great value to the community of both colonies.

LAND SOLD.—I am given to understand that Mr. James M'Evoy has purchased lately farm allotments, amounting to 420 acres, on the Warragesi reserve, at the upset price of 20s. per acre. These lots were offered at the late land sale at Lang's, but were not then sold, and are now taken by selection.

THE WEATHER, &c.—This week we have had about fourteen hours good rain from the north-west; it was not quite so hard as might have been wished for, but still extremely acceptable. The weather is gloomy and still unsettled. The river has fallen very fast, and may now be said to be low. I hardly know if Cadell's expected boat will be able to get up. One of Randell's boats is announced as due in about three weeks time.

COUNTRY NEWS.

INAUGURATION OF THE NEW WESLEYAN CHAPEL, WILLIAM-STREET, BATHURST.—On Thursday last, the large and commodious edifice just erected by the members of the Wesleyan Denomination in William-street, was opened for divine worship, at eleven o'clock a.m.; there was a numerous and respectable congregation in the building, waiting to hear the Rev. Mr. Hessell, of Sydney, who had been appointed to deliver the opening oration. Unfortunately, however, the reverend gentleman was labouring under so severe an attack of cold, or influenza, that he was utterly unable to officiate. The Rev. Mr. Oram was therefore called upon to preach in his stead, and did so in a very able and eloquent manner. In the evening a tea meeting was held in the booth at the rear of the chapel, at which it is believed nearly 400 persons sat down. After tea, a public meeting was held in the chapel, J. T. Lane, Esq., in the chair. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Parker, the Rev. Mr. Gaud, the Rev. Mr. Piddington, of Mudgee, the Rev. Mr. Angwin, the Rev. Mr. Oram, and (very briefly, and almost inaudibly) by the Rev. Mr. Hessell, who expressed a hope that before the opening services should be concluded, he would have the pleasure of preaching in that beautiful place. A collection was then made, which, upon a rough calculation, was found to have amounted to about £220; that in the morning was announced to have been £38. The Rev. Mr. Gaud had stated that the debt upon the building was £2500, and the committee were very anxious to have the amount reduced to £2000 by the subscription of £500 that evening. A few munificent donations like that of Mr. E. Webb (£50), would very soon have relieved the committee of their anxiety; but, although there were no more such sums, there were many liberal promises, and it must be admitted that the collections were very large, and speak well for the earnestness of the Wesleyan Methodists of Bathurst. After a prayer by the Rev. Mr. Gaud, the doxology was sung. Mr. Gaud then passed a brief encomium upon the chairman, who, it appeared, had objected to the proposal of a vote of thanks, and the meeting dispersed.—*Bathurst Times.*

DISTRICT REGISTRAR'S OFFICE.—Abstract of births and deaths in the district of Bathurst, registered at Bathurst during the month of May, 1860, comparing same with corresponding period of last year—Births: May, 1860, males 16, females 23; total 39. May, 1859, males 16, females 15; total 31. Deaths: May, 1860, males 12, females 8; total 20. May, 1859, males 11, females 5; total 16.—*Bathurst Times.*

RAILWAY TO BATHURST.—A meeting of the members of the Bathurst Improved Transit Association (convened by circular) was held at Mrs. Saddler's inn, William-street, on Thursday afternoon last, for the purpose of considering what steps should be taken to accelerate the extension of the railway from Parramatta to Bathurst. Although but a very short notice of the meeting had been given, the attendance of members was very good, as will be seen from the following list of gentlemen who were present, viz., Messrs. T. J. Hawkins, W. H. Suttor, R. Y. Cousins, J. B. M'Guigan, W. Piper, J. C. Stanger, W. Hall, John Trewren, Joseph West, jun., and J. S. Home. The meeting, we understand, was called at the special request of two of the members; there was, however, no formal proposition brought forward, the object of the conveners appearing to have been only to draw the association together for the purpose of holding a consultation upon the present position of the question of railway extension to this district. The meeting accordingly resolved itself into a *conversazione*, Mr. Hawkins having been moved into the chair. In the course of his observations, Mr. Suttor remarked that if the heads of the department of Internal Communication had only visited the Grose Valley before the late survey was commenced, they would have seen at once that a line of railway by that route was impracticable, and the country would have been spared the expense (£30,000, if we remember right) which has been incurred to *no* purpose. Considering it desirable to hold another meeting, which our local representatives should be invited to attend, it was moved by Mr. W. H. Suttor, and seconded by Mr. J. B. M'Guigan, "That the meeting be adjourned to Thursday, the 14th June, at two o'clock, p.m." The meeting then dispersed.—*Free Press.*

INVERALOCHY.—A correspondent writes from Inveralochy on the 26th May:—The miserable state of the road to Braidwood is the principal subject of remark here. We know that sums have been voted for its repair. Where are those sums—for what purpose have they been employed? Here, at Clancey's, the crossing-place is almost impassable; it was but yesterday a dray dropped into an immense hole in the centre of the road and capsized; the shaft horse was nearly drowned. In fact, if something is not soon done, the communication between Goulburn and Braidwood will be stopped at this point. We are engaged here in digging our potatoes, and almost in every case more than one-half are rotten, so that the yield of those that were left by the flood will be very small indeed. Those who had thirty and forty tons on the same ground last year have scarcely eight this season."—*Goulburn Chronicle.*

ROAD TO KIANDRA.—PUBLIC MEETING.—An *impromptu* meeting was held at the Royal Hotel on Wednesday afternoon, for the purpose of further discussing the subject of the proposed road from Yass to Kiandra, and also to receive some additional information relative to the matter. As the meeting was hurriedly called together, the attendance was small, but nevertheless it fairly represented the trading interests of the town. Mr. Rees Jones, the chairman, in opening the proceedings, said that the object of the meeting was to take some active steps once more to have a road to Kiandra surveyed and constructed without any delay. He found, from a private letter he had received from Mr. Laidlaw, the member for the district, that Mr. Surveyor Fisher had not as yet reported to the Government as to the best road between here and the diggings; he had been informed that that officer was lying ill at Jugiong. It had been suggested to him (the chairman) that the best mode to proceed would be by petition, and that if one with some four hundred signatures were forwarded to Government it would probably have a good effect. Mr. Laidlaw had promised to render it all the support in his power. A route had been recommended by Mr. Thomas Davis, by which a dray with from two tons to two tons and a half of goods could be taken to Kiandra. He would read the memorandum which had been made by Mr. Davis. It was as follows:—"To the crossing-place at Taemas, for a punt, 12 miles; to Weejasper, at the Little River, 18 miles; to the top of Weejasper from river, 7 miles; to Micklelong from the top of Weejasper, one creek to bridge, 9 miles; to Emeu Flats, three creeks to bridge, 9 miles; to Broken Cart Creek, three creeks to bridge besides that over Broken Cart Creek, 13 miles; to commencement of Long Plain, after passing Broken Cart Creek take the leading range to the left, leading out at the commencement of the plain, one creek to bridge, 15 miles; to Kiandra from commencement of Long Plain, but fair road all the way, but few creeks require bridging, 27 miles; total, 116 miles. From the commencement of Broken Cart Creek, by taking the left hand range you avoid most of the swamps and the sidelings." A conversational discussion then took place as to the best means of expediting the survey of the road and its adoption by the Government. Mr. Godfrey then moved the following resolution, which, having been seconded by Mr. Hart, was put and carried:—"1. That a petition be prepared and forwarded to the Secretary for Lands, urging the immediate appointment of a surveyor to examine and report upon the line of road named in the paper just read by the chairman; and that it be an instruction to the committee drawing up the petition to request an immediate reply from the Minister for Lands as to whether the prayer of the petition be granted. 2. That the following gentlemen be appointed a committee for that purpose:—Messrs. Rees Jones, J. Cottrell, T. Colls, and the mover." It having been suggested that the petition should be sent to Mr. Laidlaw for presentation, the chairman said that from the note he had received from that gentleman, it appeared he would be absent from Sydney for seven or eight days, and he had recommended that it be forwarded to the Minister direct, and that on his (Mr. Laidlaw's) return to the metropolis he would wait on Mr. Robertson, and use his best endeavours to secure the services of a surveyor. After some further discussion the meeting broke up.—*Yass Courier, June 2.*

REMAINS OF A HUMAN BODY FOUND.—On Friday last, Mr. William Cole, of the Black Range, while looking out a line of road through that range, lost himself. He roved about until it was dark, when he fell in with a mob of kangaroos. On going on a little from the place where they were, he found the remains of a human frame, with the head severed from the body, and about six feet away from it. Being night, he could not tell whether it was that of a man or woman. The appearance, he said, was that of a woman, but having found a California hat and one strong boot near the spot, there is little doubt it was the body of a man. The police are out making enquiries as to the body found.—*Yass Courier, June 2.*

CHURCH OF ENGLAND SCHOOLS.—The pupils of the Church of England Sabbath school were examined in St. Michael's church, on Wednesday last. There were about 120 children present. These were respectively divided into three classes according to their ages, abilities, and progress in Scriptural knowledge. A considerable number of the parents and friends of the children attended the examination as spectators. The children were examined by the Rev. T. C. Ewing and by Mr. Bardsley, the teacher. A great variety of very pertinent questions touching the facts of scripture history and the mysteries of the Christian Faith were answered by the children with that degree of readiness which betokens a clear understanding of the things inquired after. The result was very creditable to all parties concerned. The teachers of the Sabbath school have unquestionably been very assiduous in the discharge of their duties, otherwise the children would not have acquitted themselves in such a creditable manner. Prizes were then distributed to the most deserving. When the examination was over, the children were regaled with tea, cake, oranges, and other eatables in the schoolroom.—*Illawarra Express.*

TUMUT.—Our hitherto quiet river that used to roll along so smoothly, reminding us of the onward march of life, has been exceedingly boisterous the past week, owing to the recent heavy rains converting the green flat into vast sheets of water, occasioning the stream to roar like a mighty cataract. Yet our bridge stood on, like a gallant vessel riding out the gale, although the force of the current made it shake again. But now the flood has somewhat subsided, after washing away a punt that was erected for the traffic to the Snowy. I have not heard of any damage done beyond that. The usual festivities were observed here on the natal day of our revered Sovereign. It is pleasing to observe the expression of loyalty manifested even in these small townships, showing that although far far away from Britains' isle, the inhabitants do not forget to praise and bless the Queen of that land which gave so many of them birth. And although no cannons thundered forth to announce the event, yet hearts true and loyal are to be found amid the wilds of Australia. And that she may long live to enjoy happiness and the love of her subjects, ought to be, and I hope is, the prayer of every inhabitant of lands where Victoria's banner is unfurled.—*Goulburn Chronicle.*

LOST IN THE BUSH.—Early on Tuesday morning, the 22nd May, a poor woman, the wife of a shepherd named Hall, residing at Mimmagong station, near Marengo, left her home, with a bag and sickle, for the purpose of gathering some food for her mare. When she was prepared to return home, however, she could not find the path by which she had come, and in wandering about got further away into the wild bush. She wandered in a state of stupor for three days, till she found a creek, which she followed down for a long distance, until on Friday, about midday, she reached Bungabla station, in a very weak condition, having been exposed to the heavy rains that fell on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. She was now twenty miles away from Mimmagong. The neighbours had been looking through the bush all the week, without being able to find any traces of her; but to their great astonishment she arrived home on Sunday. Her husband had given her up for lost, and eaten by native dogs. It is only about six weeks ago the same woman went away from her hut on the same business, and when returning she lost her way and was in the bush for four days; and when found by a young man named John Clark, she was lying on the ground, having fully made up her mind to die there. She was conveyed home in of course a very weak condition. The woman and her husband used to live in Goulburn. Her husband is a brickmaker, but when in Goulburn had a dray and two horses, and used to bring in wood to town.—*Goulburn Chronicle.*

THE WEATHER.—The weather has been very boisterous during the last two days. A strong wind has been blowing from the south and south-south-east, and rousing the ocean into fury. The swell in the harbour has been considerable. The Hunter did not arrive yesterday, and it is presumeable that she went on to the Clyde. In consequence of her non-arrival we did not receive Thursday's daily papers yesterday. The Kiama was dipping bows under as she left the harbour on Thursday, and she must have had a rough voyage to Sydney. Last night there was every sign of the existence of very dirty weather far out at sea.—*Illawarra Express.*

THE APPROACH OF THE NEW YEAR.—We quote the following sublime passage from one of the recently published volumes of selections from the miscellaneous writings of the late Hugh Miller. It originally appeared in the columns of the *Edinburgh Witness*, of which paper he was, at that time, the editor. He says:—Ere our sheet shall have passed from the press into the hands of our readers, we shall have entered on a new year. It is barely ninety degrees from us at the present moment. It landed on the eastern extremity of Asia, as the first of January, 1845, just as we were rising from our breakfasts in Edinburgh on the 31st December, 1844; and it has been gliding westward towards us, in the character of one o'clock in the morning, ever since. In a few hours more it will be striding across the backwoods of America, in its seven-league boots, and careering over the Pacific in its canoe. And then, at some indefinable point, not yet fixed by the philosopher, it will find itself transformed from the first to the second day of the year; and thus it will continue to roll on round and round like an Archimedes screw, picking up at every gyration an additional unit until the three hundred and sixty-five shall be completed. The past year has witnessed many curious changes, as a dweller in time; the coming year has already looked down on many a curious scene, as a journeyer over space. It has seen Cochin-China, with all its unmapped islands, and the ancient empire of Japan, with its cities and towns unknown to Europe. It has heard the roar of a busy population amid the thousand streets of Pekin, and the wild dash of the midnight tides, as they fret the rocks of the Indian Archipelago. It has been already with our friends in Hindostan; it has been greeted, we doubt not, with the voice of prayer, as the slow iron hand of the city clock indicated its arrival to the Missionaries at Madras; it has swept over the fever jungle of the Ganges, where the scaly crocodile startles the thirsty tiger, as he stoops to drink, and the exposed corpse of the benighted Hindoo floats drearily past. It has travelled over the land of pagodas, and is now entering on the land of mosques. Anon it will see the moon in her wane, casting the dark shadows of Palmyra over the sands of the desert; and the dim walls of Jerusalem looking out on a silent and solitary land, that has cast forth its interim tenants, and waits unappropriated for the old predestined race, its proper inhabitants. In two short hours it will be voyaging along the cheerful Mediterranean, greeting the rower in his galley among the Isles of Greece, and the seaman embayed in the Adriatic. And then, after marking the red glare of Ætna reflected in the waves that slumber around the moles of Syracuse—after glancing on the towers of the Seven-hilled City, and the hoary snows of the Alps—after speeding over France, over Flanders, over the waves of the German Sea—it will be with ourselves; and the tall ghostly tenements of Dunedin will re-echo the shouts of High-street. Away, and away, it will cross the broad Atlantic, and visit watchers in the beacon-towers on the deep, and the immigrant in his log-hut, among the brown woods of the West; it will see the fire of the red man umbering, with its gleam, tall trunks and giant branches in some deep glade of the forest; and then mark, on the far shores of the Pacific, the rugged bear stalking sullenly over the snow. Away, and away, and the vast globe shall be girdled by the zone of the new-born year. Many a broad plain shall it have traversed that is unbroken from the waste—many a moral wilderness on which the sun of Righteousness has not yet arisen. Nearly eighteen and a-half centuries shall have elapsed since the shepherds first heard the midnight song in Bethlehem—"Glory to God in the Highest, peace on earth, good will to the children of men;" and yet the coming year shall pass, in its first visits, over prisons and gibbets, and penal settlements, and battle-fields, on which the festering dead moulder unburied. It will see the shotted gun, and the spear, and the crease, and the murdering tomahawk—slaves in their huts, and captives in their dungeons. It will look down on uncouth idols in their temples—worshippers of the false prophets in their mosques—and on much idle and bitter controversy among those holders of the true faith whose proper faith is the conversion of the world.

STATISTICS OF HOPS AND BEER.—Twenty-two years ago (1837) the number of acres of land under hops was 56,322. In that year the declared value of beer exported only reached the amount of £237,112. From that date the number of acres under hops varied from 56,322 down to 43,752 in 1842; the declared value of beer exported being £343,740. From 1842 to 1846 the acreage rose to 51,947, the value of beer exported in 1846 being £381,799. A slight increase in acreage in 1847 was followed by a gradual increase until 1851, when it got down to £43,344 acres, the value of beer exported having risen to £577,142. Then the acreage mounted by degrees till it stood at 57,757 in 1855, when the planters gathered the largest crop on record. In that year, however, the declared value of exported beer had risen to £1,398,883. Since then the land under hops has again fallen to 47,601 acres in 1858, while the declared value of beer exported has reached the enormous sum of £1,850,559. In the last named year a drawback of £36,550 on British hops exported has also been paid.—*From Plain Facts as to the Hop Duty.*

WILD BOAR HUNT.—The *Journal d' Alencon* has the following:—"The pack of hounds of M. Rattier de Verveines, twenty-five in number, lately hunted a huge wild boar in the forest near this town, but after three hours' chase they could not bring it to bay, although he stopped now and then to attack the dogs. Twelve fresh hounds having been set on, it at last stopped, and the dogs attacked it with great determination. It however, ripped up several and threw others in the air. One of the keepers having arrived, fired his carbine, but only broke one of the fore-feet of the animal. The chief keeper then arrived, and fired two balls at its head, without, however, producing any effect. He however, reloaded, and then lodged one ball in the boar's muzzle, and the other behind his ear. The last proved mortal, the animal falling dead. It was then found that two of the dogs were dead, ten more mortally wounded, and that several others were more or less injured. The boar weighed a hundred and fifty kilogrammes (about three hundredweight)."

THE SWORD FISH.—A proof of the extraordinary power of this fish may be seen in the Arab, one of Captain Wood's vessels, engaged in the African trade, and now undergoing repairs at Fogarty's Wharf, Bristol. The fish appears to have driven its sword through a double sheathing of copper, a plank 2½ inches thick, and deep into one of the ship's timbers, when the weapon broke short off.

A LAWYER'S OATH.—The following oath, administered to legal gentlemen when admitted to the bar, passed the Massachusetts Senate by the vote of 13 to 8:—"You solemnly swear that you will do no falsehood, nor consent to the doing of any in court; you will not wittingly promote or sue any false, groundless, or unlawful suit, nor give your aid nor consent to the same; you will delay no man for lucre or malice; but you will conduct yourself in the office of an attorney within the courts according to the best of your knowledge and discretion, and with all good fidelity, as well to the courts as to your clients—So help you God."

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1488230

SHIPPING.

ARRIVAL.—JUNE 4.

Esperanza, brig, 134 tons, Captain M'Kay, from Launceston 30th ultimo. T. G. Sawkins, agent.

PROJECTED DEPARTURE.—JUNE 4.

Callender, and Bonnie Doon, for Melbourne; Arlington, for Bombay; Switzerland, for Callao via Newcastle.

CLEARANCES.—JUNE 4.

Arlington, ship, 570 tons, Captain Horton, for Bombay. Passenger—Mr. Mask.

Switzerland, ship, 663 tons, Captain Doherty, for Callao via Newcastle, in ballast.

COASTERS INWARDS.—JUNE 4.

Kiama (s.), from Wollongong, with 63 kegs butter, 15 pigs, 6 calves, 80 bags potatoes, 3 cases eggs, 4 coops poultry; Collaroy (s.), from Morpeth, with 119 bales hay, 257 bags maize, 60 bags bran, 70 bags flour, 31 bags potatoes, 150 sheep, 2 horses; City of Newcastle (s.), from Morpeth, with 200 bales hay, 9 bales wool, 100 bags maize, 4 coops poultry, 6 boxes eggs, 1 cow and calf, 200 sheep, 6 bags oysters, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—JUNE 4.

Sacramento, for Wollongong; Eagle, for Newcastle.

IMPORTS.—JUNE 2.

Esperanza, from Launceston: 1005 bags wheat, 300 bags flour, 429 bags potatoes, Order.

EXPORTS.—JUNE 4.

City of Sydney (s.), for Melbourne: 305 chests 406 half-chests tea, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 6 boxes opium, A. Tange and Co.; 3 packages, Brush and Mac Donnell; 1 roll leather, Hall and Alderson; 2 packages, P. N. Russell and Co.; 2 cases stationery, Colonial Storekeeper; 206 bags grain, 6 hogsheads eggs, 2 bales grass, 7 kegs butter, C. B. Bond; 13 casks butter, Anderson, Campbell, and Co.; 7 casks butter, 2 hogsheads eggs, R. Veage; 183 cases oil, Smith, Brothers, and Co.; 106 bags maize, Graham and Mulholland; 42 kegs butter, H. Clarke; 1 keg butter, 3 hogsheads eggs, J. Head; 8 kegs butter, Spier and Meiklejohn; 7 packages fruit, Watson; 2 cases plants, T. Berkler; 9 packages, Nom Hing; 13 packages fruit, Spurway; 52 packages fruit, Harden; 2 packages fruit, Woodward; 44 packages fruit, P. Callum; 66 packages fruit, Johnson; 5 boxes (25,000 sovereigns), Oriental Bank; 2 bales tweed, M. Campbell; 36 bags fish, Too Chang; 74 bags maize, Jackson and Co.; 5 packages fruit, Medcalf; 6 packages fruit, Smith, Brothers; 12 packages fruit, Griffiths; 107 bags maize, Captain Welch; 51 tubs butter, Whittingham, 30 tubs butter, J. M'Kanney; 1 parcel (100 sovereigns), Jamison.

Arlington, for Bombay: 852 tons coal, How, Walker, and Co.

MAILS BY THE MALTA.

General Post Office, 4th June, 1860.

The Mails by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's steamer MALTA will be made up at this office on THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 9 a.m., for all letters posted at the General Post Office, not addressed to the United Kingdom, and at 11 a.m. for all letters so addressed. Newspapers must be posted one hour before the letters, *i.e.*, at 8 and 10 a.m. respectively. The following mails will be despatched, viz.: To the United Kingdom, via Marseilles and via Southampton. To France, and other Continental States (in a closed mail to France). To the Northern countries of Europe via Trieste. To Melbourne, Tasmania, Adelaide, Western Australia, Mauritius, Suez, Alexandria, Malta, Aden, Madras, Calcutta, Bombay, Ceylon, Batavia, Singapore, Manila, China, the Cape of Good Hope, and St. Helena.

Registered letters not addressed to the United Kingdom will not be received after 4 p.m. 13th instant; but letters addressed to the United Kingdom will be registered from 9 to 10 a.m., 14th instant. All letters and newspapers, not otherwise marked, will be forwarded by this opportunity. Letters intended to be transmitted by any of the special routes above mentioned, viz., "via Marseilles," or "in closed mail to France," or "via Trieste," must be so addressed.

Rates—All letters going to or through the United Kingdom must be prepaid; and the additional charge on those sent "via Marseilles," is 3d. the quarter ounce. On letters addressed "by the closed Mail to France," the colonial postage only (6d. the half-ounce) is required. On letters sent "via Trieste," the postage (as already notified) is 1s. the half-ounce.

W. H. CHRISTIE, Postmaster-General.

N.B.—All letters posted in the iron letter receivers must be posted before 7 a.m., 14th instant.

SHIPS' MAILS.

MAILS will close at the General Post Office, as follows:—

FOR NEW BEDFORD.—By the Black Sea, this day, at noon, if not underway.

FOR BOMBAY.—By the Arlington, this day, at noon, if not underway.

FOR AUCKLAND.—By the Nugget and Breadalbane, this day, at noon.

FOR EDEN AND MELBOURNE.—By the Rangatira (s.), on Wednesday, at 2·30 p.m.

FOR BRISBANE.—By the Yarra Yarra (s.), on Wednesday, at 5.30 p.m.

FOR EDEN AND HOBART TOWN.—By the Tasmania (s.), on Thursday, at 11 a.m.

FOR NEW CALEDONIA.—By the Champion, on Thursday, at 6 p.m.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered outwards, June 4:—Rangatira (s.), 385 tons, Captain Walk, for Melbourne; Yarra Yarra (s.), 300 tons, Captain Bell, for Brisbane; Tasmania (s.), 295 tons, Captain Clinch, for Hobart Town; Dirigo, ship, 1158 tons, Captain Brown, for Callao; Kammer Director Von Flotow, ship, 487 tons, Captain Kurtsch, for Callao; Vanquish, schooner, 125 tons, Captain Scott, for Brisbane; Waterloo, ship, 893 tons, Captain Young, for London.

The Kiama (s.) arrived last night from Shoalhaven, and Captain Housler reports the very heavy weather had been experienced at that place, during which the wharf and tramway had been washed away.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

June 2.—Martha, from Nelson; Bella Vista, from Sydney; James Paxton, from Newcastle.

June 3.—Missie, from New Zealand; Macclesfield, from Newcastle.

DEPARTURES.

June 3.—Berkshire, for Callao; Wanderer, Union, Mary and Rose, for Sydney; Jeddo, Wilhelmina, Montrose, Luther, for Guam; Vibilia, for Newcastle.

WINDS AND WEATHER.

June 4.—9 a.m., Queenscliffe, N. by W., moderate, cloudy.
Albury, N.W., very foggy.
Thermometer, 45.
Gundagai, N.E., cloudy.
Yass, N., cloudy.
Thermometer, 38.
Goulburn, calm, cloudy, cold.
Newcastle, W., fine, very cold.
Bathurst, W., fine.

STATE OF THE LINES.

Intercolonial communication perfect.

Northern	"	"
Western	"	"
Railway	"	"
South Head	"	"

EXPORT OF COAL.

By the Australian Agricultural Company at Newcastle, week ending 1st of June, 1860.

Sydney	580 tons.
Melbourne	1377
New Zealand	22
Foreign Ports	691
Steamers	79
Total	2749 tons.

By the Newcastle Coal and Copper Company, for the week ending 1st June, 1860.

Sydney	1399 tons.
Melbourne	365
New Zealand	144
Steamers	304
	2212 tons.

NEWCASTLE.

DEPARTURES.

June 4.—Thane of Fife, schooner, Frances, for Melbourne, with 165 tons coal.

June 4.—Ann and Maria, brig, Aldrid, for Melbourne, with 365 tons coal.

June 4.—Douglas, schooner, Mearns, for Sydney, with 150 tons coal.

June 4.—Launceston, barque, Robertson, with 360 tons coal.

COASTERS INWARDS.

June 4.—Pacific, Jessie, Catherine Agnes, Frederick Griffiths, Van Tromp, Buonaparte.

SYDNEY HEADS.

	TIME.	WINDS.	REMARKS.
June 4.	8·30 a.m.	W.	Light, and clear.
	Noon.	W.	Ditto, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	W.	Ditto, and ditto.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.—Tuesday, 5th June.—The cases to be taken to-day will be from No. 2331 to No. 2467 inclusive.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—The fourth lecture, or reading, on Dante's Divina Comedia was given by Mr. A. Gordon, at the School of Arts, last evening. The lecturer, by way of introduction to this the last reading on the subject, stated the objects which he had in view when he selected Dante's great work as the subject of his readings. The work itself opened up a mine of history, for Dante touched on every possible subject—religious, social, and political; and he (the lecturer) hoped that these readings would lead his younger hearers to look with an earnest eye and deeper interest into history. He thought that much of the interest that attached to the three previous readings was attributable to the very excellent diagrams by which they were illustrated; and he thought it right to state that these diagrams were not drawn by himself, but by Mr. Spiers, of Sydney, after Flaxman's illustrations of Dante. The lecturer stated that the study of the Divina Comedia was calculated to check a course of vice, and induce the practice of virtue. Having devoted his first reading to the introduction of the subject, the second to the Inferno, and the third to the Purgatorio, he now proceeded to describe the plan of the Paradiso. He expatiated at great length on this the third and most difficult part of Dante's masterpiece, and in doing so imparted much valuable information respecting persons, places, and things alluded to in the work. The lecturer also read many beautiful passages from the work illustrative of his remarks. At the close of the lecture, the thanks of the audience were warmly accorded to Mr. Gordon for his interesting and instructive discourses.

BUYERS of cedar would do well to attend Messrs. L. E. Threlkeld and Co.'s sale, this afternoon, on Circular Quay. The cedar is said to be of a very superior description, and just landed, ex Sancho Panza. See advertisement this day.—ADV.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—We are requested to remind boot and shoe buyers of Messrs. W. Dean and Co.'s sale, this day, of 182 trunks of Davies and Sons', and Poole and Co.'s boots and shoes, at their warehouse, commencing at 11 o'clock. See advertisements.—ADV.

BY ORDER of the trustees in the assignment estate of Mr. G. Lane, of Morpeth, this day, Mr. Charles Teakle requests us to direct the special attention of the trade to his extensive sale, this day, of the above large and well assorted stock of drapery, &c.; also, damaged longcloths, shirtings, mole trousers, felt hats, &c., to commence at half-past 10 o'clock precisely, and continue through the day. Buyers are requested to be punctual. Particulars see advertisements.—ADV.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO THE NEXT PUBLICATION.

1860. June		SUN Rises	SUN Sets	HIGH WATER Morn.	HIGH WATER After.
5	TUESDAY	7 3	4 53	8 8	8 45

MOON.—Last Quarter, 11th instant, 1h. 8m. p.m.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1860.

THE universal prevalance of that teasing, enervating, and rather dangerous complaint, the influenza, naturally turns our inquiry into the poorer classes who suffer from it,—how far they need help, and in what way it can be best offered. We fear it has always been true that a general visitation finds multitudes unprepared, and that the suspension of their ordinary industry is followed instantaneously by distress. We are opposed as much as any persons can be to a recognition of a pauper class, or to anything that would destroy the self-respect of the working classes, or the importance of economy in the management of their affairs. But the hasty doctrines of political economists, although in the abstract true, and in their final results beneficent, have often to be applied nevertheless to a shambling, thoughtless, and unreflecting people. They must therefore be softened by the touch of charity, and something must be done under the influence of that sympathy which is too deeply implanted in the highest natures not to have come from God. When we therefore find a considerable number of people visited by a very distressing affliction, and that this is accompanied with want—with sufferings which it is possible to alleviate—we should think meanly of any man who would not cast his philosophy to the winds, and, respecting personal duty, leave general principles to be developed at the millenium.

The first thing required in the complaint is light, warm nourishing food; but many families are without the means of procuring this, except at the cost of much labour and expense. Unfortunately our habits as a nation place us in a position inferior to many continental nations in matters of household economy. Although there are often masses of people in want, still, when employment is abundant, the wages of the workman supply him with subsistence upon a scale which many other nations would consider extravagant. Thus the thousand arts by which everything is made to tell, and a good meal produced at a slight cost, are rarely known to families of English workmen. There are some, indeed, who know how to provide, and the result of their economy shows itself in the independence of their position, and often in the gradations by which they rise until economy is no longer imposed by necessity. It is so especially with the London poor. Everything is bought in the dearest form, generally already prepared, and thus a single meal costs as much as would be necessary to provide a well instructed housekeeper for the day. No service can be rendered more beneficial than in circulating the knowledge of domestic economy, and how to spend money to advantage. The political rights of men involve interests of the utmost consequence, and no one would think of placing them in opposition to any other interest of humanity, but there can be no question in a free country people are to be benefited not by a perpetual appeal to political theories, but by showing how much it is in the power even of those whose income is small to make it productive of increased enjoyment. Unhappily these are reflections which will not at present help cases of want, but it is in the power of the charitable to assuage a visitation which we believe is very heavily felt.

We should recommend the establishment of soup kitchens, so called, in two or three parts of the city, from which the poorer classes might be supplied at a cheap rate. Tickets could be purchased and distributed by those who may know cases of necessity; but in many instances the poor could obtain the small sum which would be requisite, and thus many would have a temporary relief which could not in any way degrade them or become a precedent for almsgiving on future occasions. There are many rooms and cottages where from sickness and other causes they have no means of preparing suitable food or obtaining the ingredients in such quantities as may be cheap and yet sufficient. In an interesting work on the condition of the London poor we find a receipt which shews at the London prices, six quarts of cheap and nourishing soup can be made for about tenpence.* On a large scale we presume it would not cost more in this city.

The nifluenza, in its ordinary form, requires but little medicine, and that of a simple nature. We can bear testimony to the benevolence of the medical profession, and we believe that the commendation may be often extended to the compounders of medicine. There are, however, preparations of very small intrinsic value, and which but for the toil of dispensing might, in such a time as this, be sold at a very low price. The most serious consequences are to be apprehended from neglect, and every one must regret if poverty excludes from the means of relief any great portion of our poorer neighbours. We find from medical authorities that this complaint has prevailed frequently for six weeks, and after the recovery of the settled inhabitants strangers have been liable to attack. We may be more fortunate. A few bright days might greatly relieve us, but we should be at all events prepared with means of mitigation, and be ready to extend a helping hand whenever strong necessity is proved. It is from such visitations, where there is no proper care taken of the poor, that the insensibility of society is punished by the generation of various forms of malignant fever. No member of society can separate his lot absolutely from that of his neighbour. He may find that the best way to protect his own household is to step over his door-sill and alleviate the nuisances around him.

The suggestion we have offered has no claim to novelty. On many occasions its adoption has been the means of preserving many parts of England from great calamities. The interposition of the charitable, prompted by their own tenderness of heart, has been profoundly politic. When distress reaches a certain point it becomes unmanageable, and thus prompt measures are at once recommended by humanity and by prudence. It would be no doubt far better if every man possessed in his own house an ample provision against the hour of disaster; but this we know is not the case. After all they are far more fortunate who, by the superiority of their understanding or their fortunes, are liable to be called upon to give relief even to the unworthy.

While we believe much misrepresentation has been made as to the cause and direction of distress among the working classes, we have good reason to believe that there are many at the present moment in a pitiable condition. A man was seen the other day to pick up from a kennel a crust of bread which had been swept out, and eat it. A poor fellow must be brought, from whatever cause, to downright want before he would stoop to this humiliation and miserable fare. It so happened that the person who saw had not the power to relieve him. Probably, in all states of society there will be examples of extreme wretchedness, but we fear that there are many homes now that have been darkened by sickness where there is little else than bare walls and where the messenger of charity would be received as an angel of God.

* COOKERY FOR ST. GILES'S—CHEAP SOUP, AND VERY NOURISHING.

Two ounces of dripping	1d.
1 lb. of solid meat, at 5d. or 6d. per lb. (cut into dice one inch square)	6d.
Quarter of a pound of onions, sliced thin; quarter of a pound of turnip, cut into small dice; two ounces of leeks (green tops will do), and three ounces of celery, chopped small	1d.
Half a pound of rice or pearl barley	1d.
Three ounces of salt, and a quarter of an ounce of brown sugar	½d.
Fuel to make it	½d.
Six quarts of water	
	10d.

HOW TO MAKE IT.—Take an iron saucepan (a tin one will not do); put into it, over the fire, your meat cut small, with two ounces of dripping and a quarter of an ounce of brown sugar; shred in your onions, and stir with a wooden or iron spoon till fried lightly brown; have ready washed and sliced your turnips, celery, and leeks, add them to the rest over the fire, and stir about for ten minutes. Now add one quart of cold water, and the half pound of barley or rice, and mix all well together. Then add five quarts of hot water, made ready in the kettle, season with your salt, stir occasionally till boiling, and then let simmer on the hob for three hours, at the end of which time the rice or barley will be tender.

This soup will keep two or three days if poured into a flat pan, but it is best made every other day. You must stir nearly cold, when you take it off the fire, which will prevent its fermenting. A little bread or biscuit eaten with it makes a supporting meal, much better than a cup of tea, and would go far to prevent the craving for gin.—*The Missing Link*, p. 280.

THE report furnished to the Chamber of Commerce by the deputation that waited on the Ministry with respect to the roads to Kiandra, shews that what little money is available is being spent as far as possible so as to satisfy the various interests that are clamorous, and yet to effect permanent advantages. The comparatively small sums allotted to the roads from Eden, Pambula, and Nelligen, are not more than the districts in question might justly claim to open up access to and from the nearest ports on the sea-coast, even if there were no Kiandra at all, and will not have been thrown away even if contrary to all anticipation Kiandra should prove a failure. These seaports have all sprang into increased importance of late years since regular steam navigation has developed their capabilities, and a little money spent in clearing the dray tracks, for it amounts to no more than that, so as to open their communications more freely with the territory in their rear, will be all in the way of colonisation and settlement and development of the country, even if none of them becomes the port for the Snowy River. As to the dispute amongst those who are interested in each locality, that must be left to be settled by time and private enterprise. The Government is not in a position to adjudicate decisively in the matter, and to give its exclusive patronage to either. Several of our correspondents have contended for he merits of each port respectively. And so far as the evidence has gone, it would seem that Eden affords the best harbour, that Pambula offers the nearest port, and that Nelligen offers the soundest and most practicable road. But new routes may possibly be struck out which will incline the balance of advantage differently. For the present, at least, it must be left to those interested to point out such improved routes, and if they are satisfactorily shown to be as good as represented, a fair claim will have been established to get from Parliament next session a moderate grant in aid thereof. Judging from the accounts that come in to us of local meetings held to vindicate and point out the respective merits of routes actual and possible, it is clear that a good deal of energy and enterprise is being directed towards making Kiandra accessible from all quarters of the compass, and if the sanguine promoters of the various projects do not all succeed in realising the personal advantages they anticipate, the general effect on the public interests will be beneficial. Cross-country communications will be opened up and multiplied. But the Government which has to act with promptitude can hardly go wrong in improving the main south road. The advantage to which the money is laid out will depend mainly on the judgment of the road surveyors, with whom it rests to report on and superintend detailed operations. There is certainly room for improvement in this respect, for there is not much to shew for the money that has hitherto been expended in road formation. The money voted, even when the sum in the aggregate appears considerable, has to be spread over such an extent of mileage that it is almost impossible to do anything thoroughly, and patchwork soon disappears under the effects of heavy traffic and wet weather, leaving the roads as bad, if not worse, than before. Kiandra is at the extreme southern limit of the colony, and to make good in a few months two hundred and fifty miles of road is a physical impossibility. There is neither money nor time for it. All that can be done is to reduce the impassableness of the worst places. Between Sydney and Goulburn the chief difficulty lies in the almost total absence of any good road metal. Nothing but soft stone is to be found, which soon grinds to powder under the wheels of heavily-laden drays. Beyond Goulburn to the southward, and as far as Cooma, we understand that the natural formation of the soil is more favourable for road-making, ironstone gravel abounding. The natural surface will wear pretty well, with a little attention to drainage, and the chief want is a few bridges over the river and the creeks. The worst part of the whole road from Sydney to Kiandra would appear to be the last few miles beyond Cooma. To get from there to Kiandra, the dividing ridge that separates the watershed of the Murrumbidgee from that of the Snowy River, and this ridge presents, not a uniform slope, but a series of sharp pinches and flats, the latter receiving the drainage from the land above, and offering a spongy, boggy soil, across which it is difficult even to get packhorses, much less laden drays. This bit of road, which is common to all the rival routes, must be made good, and timber probably will be used to the greatest advantage.

It is useless to wish for what is not likely to be realised, but if the railway were only completed as far as Goulburn, all serious difficulty in the way of access to Kiandra, both for goods and passengers, would be overcome, and all danger of any serious competition on the part of Melbourne would be foreclosed. Mr. RHODES says that the line might be opened in two years from the present date, and if the work were entered upon with energy, there is no doubt that the appliances Messrs. PETO and Co. could bring to bear upon the operations would result in a success. And in that case something more would be done to justify the appearance of that firm on Australian works than has hitherto been done, and the colonists would be ready to forgive and forget early disappointments in the subsequent matter for congratulation. But we fear that there will be difficulties in the way of Government accepting this offer which will deprive the country of any benefit which might result from it. In the first place, there is the local jealousy of the West and the North, which would oppose any such southern extension, unless an equal advance were contemporaneously made in the other directions. Hence, the survey is not in such a forward state as to admit of the immediate preparation of detailed plans. Then, too, there will have to be a haggling about the price, for the schedule Mr. RHODES offers to work by is higher than that on which he is now working, though this difficulty might be accommodated by graduating the price according to the average rate of wages. But perhaps the most insuperable obstacle lies in the fact that the railway department could not offer Mr. RHODES the facilities he insists on in the shape of rails, funds, and arbitration, without condemning itself for the course it has hitherto adopted, for the propriety of conceding these points has lain at the basis of all the disputes between the contractor and the officials. If they were to concede these points for the future it would be equivalent to a confession that they might with safety and propriety have conceded them before, and the reasons which have justified their refusal hitherto, if valid at all, will justify their refusal still. Therefore, though the railway might be opened to Goulburn in two years, it cannot. The difficulties in the way are not physical, nor financial. Nature offers no obstruction, capitalists are in a lending mood, contractors are ready with their plant; the obstacles lie in our system of government and in our administrative machinery, and as these are blessings for which we pay a handsome price, we ought not to grumble at the effect they produce.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.]

MELBOURNE.

Monday morning.

NOTHING is done yet towards forming a Ministry. Mitchell has been sent for, but is out of town. Some compromise between the Council and Ministers has been tried by independent members, but Nicholson declares for the whole bill, and no surrender. Public opinion does not go with him.

The Convention is revived, and voted itself in permanence.

Monday, 7·30 p.m.

Nothing yet done, the Ministry, it is reported, asked a majority of the Upper House for a statement of their intentions as to a land bill, but no reply has been received.

The Cabinet has made no such declaration as that attributed to them: *The whole bill, and no surrender.*

A large meeting on Eastern Hill on the subject, but very little excitement. Another meeting is called for Wednesday.

Trade is very dull.

Flour market heavy.

ADELAIDE.

Monday, 5.30 p.m.

Very little business doing, pending the arrival of the mail.

Wheat has been bought on rather easier terms.

Flour unaltered.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THE whole of the business of the motion paper is for to-day, and comprises thirteen notices of motion and twenty-eight orders of the day, all of which have been published before. The following are the questions:—

Mr. WINDEYER to ask the Honorable the Premier—When will the road from Raymond Terrace to Seaham be proclaimed and open to the public?

Mr. PIDDINGTON to ask the Honorable the Premier—Whether the Government intend to bring in a Bill to carry out the recommendation of the Select Committee of the *Legislative Assembly* on the so-called Church and School Lands of this colony.

Mr. ASHER to ask the Honorable the Premier,—When the Government intend to establish a District Court at Deniliquin: also, whether the Government intend to appoint a District Court Judge for the South-Western District, as recommended by the Attorney-General—or what changes the Government intend to make with reference to District Courts beyond Yass, so that Courts may be held more frequent than twice a year, as at present.

Mr. ASHER to ask the Secretary for Public Works,—When the Government intend calling for tenders for the erection of a gaol at Albury, money having been already voted for that purpose; also, do the Government intend calling for fresh tenders for a Telegraph Office at same place, or do they intend continuing conducting that branch of business in the wooden box at present called a Telegraph Office?

Mr. ASHER to ask the Hon. the Premier, Whether the Government have given instructions, or intend giving instructions, to have land surveyed into farms at the following places:—*Twelve-mile Creek, Gerogery, and Mullengandra*; also, are the Government aware that the land at the above places is well suited for agricultural purposes, and that numbers of persons are anxiously awaiting the sale of these lands?

Mr. HODGSON to ask the Secretary for Public Works—1. Whether the Government are aware that the steam dredge employed in deepening the flats on the River Hunter has been rendered comparatively useless by the withdrawal of the steam tug Dooribang, sold by her late owner to Messrs. Brown, of Minmi? 2. Whether the nature of the contract between the Government and the owners of the Dooribang, steamer, was such as to deprive the Government of the services of the above steamer at a moment's notice? 3. Whether any arrangements are now pending to supply her place?

Mr. HODGSON to ask the Hon. the Premier, When it will be convenient to the Government to lay upon the table of this House the correspondence moved for on the 3rd April, in reference to public moneys received from Queensland?

Mr. TERRY to ask the Hon. the Premier, Whether the Government intend to appoint a public vaccine officer at Mudgee, there being no officer nearer than Hartley, a distance of eighty miles?

Mr. TERRY to ask the Colonial Treasurer, On what grounds the first landing waiter at the Customs department received a much larger salary than the other landing waiters, he having no additional responsibility?

Mr. HOSKINS to ask the Secretary for Lands: What is the extent of the application which has been made by Mr. Clark Irving, in reference to the purchase of land under pre-emptive right, upon a Government reserve on the banks of the Richmond river, and whether it is the intention of the Government to alienate any portion of such lands to that gentleman?

Mr. HAY to ask the Colonial Treasurer—1. What has been the previous training of the gentlemen appointed to the charge of the new Customs establishment at Albury and Moama? 2. What salaries have been allotted to those gentlemen? 3. Have any arrangements been concluded with the Victorian Government with respect to the allowance of drawbacks. 4. Is the import of dutiable goods across the boundary line of Victoria at other points than Albury and Moama to be prohibited?

Mr. HOSKINS to ask the Colonial Treasurer, If the Collector of Customs petitioned against the decision of the board lately appointed to enquire into certain charges made by the Collector of Customs against Messrs. Metcalfe and Powell, and other merchants; if so, whether there will be any objection to lay such petition upon the table of this House, together with any correspondence relating thereto; and also, any minute of the Executive if any?

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. J. G. COHEN.—At the Bank Auction Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Continuation Sale of Electro-plated Ware, Ironmongery, Cutlery, Jewellery, Guns, Horsehair, &c.; also, Glassware; at 12 o'clock, Compasses, Telescopes, Opera Glasses, Field, Bush, and Excursion Glasses, &c.

MESSRS. CHATTO AND HUGHES.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Drapery, Readymade Clothing, Haberdashery, &c.

MESSRS. PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—On the premises of Mr. Edwards, George-street, at 11 o'clock, Continuation Sale of Platedware, Clocks, &c.

MESSRS. W. DEAN AND CO.—At their Warehouse, at 11 o'clock, 182 trunks Boots and Shoes.

MESSRS. MORT AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Fattening Runs, without Stock, in the Maranoa, Wellington, and Clarence Districts.

MESSRS. L. E. THRELKELD AND CO.—On the Circular Quay, at half-past 2 o'clock, Cedar, in logs.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE.—At his Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, the Stock of a Country Storekeeper.

MESSRS. DURHAM AND IRWIN.—At the Stores, lately in the occupation of Messrs. Walker and Son, corner of York and Market streets, at 11 o'clock, Flour, Bran, Wheat, Barley, Oats, Maize, Woolpacks, Bags, Weights, Scales, Measures, Office Furniture, Horses, Drays, Carts, Harness, &c.; at 12 o'clock, the Residue of the Lease of the Premises; on the Grafton Wharf, at half-past 2 o'clock, New Zealand Potatoes.

MR. F. BRADLY.—At his Rooms, Clearance Sale of Household Furniture, &c.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Unredeemed Pledges.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN.—At his Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carriages, Gigs, Dogcarts, Drays, Trucks, Harness, &c., &c.

MR. G. F. BAKER.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Ornaments, Platedware, &c.

MESSRS. A. MOORE AND CO.—At the Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Bronze Fenders.

MESSRS. COLLIE AND CURR.—On the Station, Terry's Meadows, Illawarra, TO-MORROW and THURSDAY, Dairy Cattle, Horses, Ploughs, Harrows, Threshing Machines, Dairy Utensils, &c.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.—The station at Windsor, on the Western line of telegraph, is now open for the transmission of messages.

SYDNEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

THE monthly general meeting of the members of the Sydney Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday, at half-past three o'clock. Mr. A. Stuart took the chair.

MINUTES.

The Secretary read the minutes of the former meetings, which were confirmed.

NEW MEMBERS.

Messrs. John Binnie and Peden were elected, unanimously, members of the Chamber.

KIANDRA.

The CHAIRMAN called on Mr. Montefiore to report to the Chamber the nature of the conversation that had taken place between the deputation appointed at the last meeting and the Government, respecting the formation of a passable road from Sydney to Kiandra.

Mr. MONTEFIORE said he should be very happy to report to the Chamber the result of the conversation the deputation had with the Chief Secretary and the Premier (Mr. Robertson); but he was sorry that the Chairman had not taken upon himself to do so, because he thought he would have done it better than himself. Both Mr. Cowper and Mr. Robertson seemed fully alive to the urgency of making the roads to Kiandra. Mr. Robertson informed them that a sum of money would be expended in putting the roads in order as far as the means at the disposal of the Executive would allow. They intended expending money on all the three roads—viz., from Merimbula, Nelligan, and Eden—and they were expending a large portion of the money voted (about £24,000) upon the main road from Sydney to Goulburn. The road from Goulburn to Queanbeyan was described as a good gravelly road, and from Queanbeyan to Cooma there was also a good road, except during the winter time, when the two creeks were likely to be flooded. But a sum of money was also to be expended on that road. From Cooma to Russell's a sum of money was to be expended, and from Russell's to Kiandra orders were given to the Gold Commissioner to complete the road and make it a good passable road as soon as possible, so that all the roads would be in good order by the spring, if not before. The Executive seemed fully alive to the requirements of the colony in opening up the roads to the gold-diggings, and they also informed them they had written to the bench of magistrates at Yass, authorising the expenditure of £200, for which sum a party offered to open up a dray road from Yass to Kiandra—although it seemed, from inquiry, doubtful whether he could make the road in the short distance contemplated, in consequence of some shifting bogs, which, however, could be avoided by going a short distance out of the way. It would be seen, therefore, the Government took the same view of the necessity of having a good road as the Chamber did, and they were expending all the money they had in making these good dray roads from Sydney to Kiandra.

Mr. GILFILLAN wished to know if any money was to be expended on the Clyde road.

The CHAIRMAN said on all the roads sums of money were to be expended, but the largest sum was to be expended on the main road from Sydney. The road to Braidwood was not very good in winter, but in summer it was in a passable state. From Braidwood towards Cooma the junction of Queanbeyan, they were expending £1500 to improve the road there. He agreed with Mr. Montefiore that the Government seemed alive to the necessity of opening up communication with the southern gold-fields, but they had difficulties to contend with, and the residents on different lines recommended their roads to the exclusion of all others. The Government, however, were guided by the reports of their officers, but as all these reports had not yet been received, they were acting on the suggestions they had got from disinterested parties.

Mr. GILFILLAN asked whether anything was to be done with regard to the Twofold Bay Road.

The CHAIRMAN said: There was a lesser sum to be expended on the Twofold Bay Road. It seemed the roads were divided into different classes, and so much money was expended on first-class roads, and so much on second-class roads. He thought the road from Twofold Bay had had a sum voted on a smaller scale, about £700, and the Government did not think it right to increase that sum until they had received the report from the surveyor. But as a large sum of money was to be expended on the road from Kiandra to Russell's, it would be available for the road to Twofold Bay—and in fact, all the three roads, because this road from Russell's to Kiandra was common to all the three roads. The rate of carriage at present paid for this short distance was £24 per ton, but the Government had authorised sufficient expenditure to put it in perfect order, because it was available to all three roads.

Mr. WILLIS asked if anything was said with reference to the extension of the railway to Goulburn?

Mr. MONTEFIORE said he could only say they drew the attention of the Government to the extension of the railway, and the Government expressed their anxious desire, as soon as it lay in their power, to complete the railway to Goulburn. Even this morning he had had another interview with the Government, and the subject was again mooted, and they expressed their anxious desire to proceed with the railway. They were quite aware of its importance, and would lose no opportunity of forwarding it when they could forward it.

Mr. WILLIS: It appeared from Mr. Rhodes' letter, that the works could be completed in two years.

Mr. JOSEPH moved the adoption of the report; and also that the thanks of the Chamber be awarded to the deputation, for the way they had carried out the duties entrusted to them.

The CHAIRMAN said there was no report to adopt. He returned thanks on behalf of those gentlemen who were associated with him, for the consideration that had been given to what they had done, and he believed, if the matter was from time to time brought before the Government, the traffic on the road would force the construction of a good road. He was only sorry that greater interest had not been displayed by the mercantile community in this matter, because it appeared, from the number present, it did not matter to them whether the Government took any interest in making the road. They had two hundred members, and yet there were only a dozen of them met together to hear the report on a subject which he thought of so much interest to this colony. He thought the interview they had with the Government was satisfactory, inasmuch as they found the Government were willing to carry out their views, and to listen to the opinions of the Chamber when brought before them.

The meeting then separated.

WE are informed that his Excellency the Governor-General has for the last few days been suffering from the prevailing epidemic, and was not sufficiently recovered last evening to be able to attend the Italian opera. Some of the members of his Excellency's family are also suffering from the same complaint, but we are happy to state not seriously.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.—The city coroner held two inquests yesterday—the first at the Five Dock Inn, Five Dock, on the body of a woman named Jane Cooper, aged forty-six years. It appeared from the evidence that the deceased had for several years suffered from the effects of a blow on the head, also from the effects of intemperance in drink, to which she was much addicted. Since the death of her husband she had been receiving £2 per week from the executor of her husband's will; this she regularly spent in drink, and had also sold all her household furniture to get that with which to gratify her insatiable appetite. Last week she was attacked by influenza, which continued to affect her up to the time of her death. On Saturday last she drank nearly a quart of rum, and was on her way back from a public-house, whither she had gone to procure some ale, when she was suddenly taken ill. Her daughter was with her, and assisted her along the road for a short distance after the attack, when the wretched woman fell to the ground. Some neighbours residing near were called, and ran to offer assistance; one of them lifted the woman's head off the ground, and while doing so the deceased expired. Dr. Barker, acting on instructions by the coroner, examined the body, and from its appearances was of opinion that death resulted from exhaustion consequent on a course of intemperance. Verdict—Died from exhaustion, accelerated by intemperate habits.—The other inquest was held at the Prince of Wales Hotel, George-street North, and was on the body of a woman named Jane May, aged forty-nine years. The deceased had been ailing for some time from the combined effects of intemperance and neglect. She lived in Hanson's-buildings, George-street North, had a son and daughter grown up, and her husband living at Maitland; but at the time of her death she was cohabiting with a waterman named Snow. At about seven o'clock on Saturday morning she fell heavily from her bed to the floor; she was lifted up and expired immediately afterwards. Dr. Woodcock examined the body after death, and found the appearances on it in harmony with the supposition that death occurred as described. Verdict—Died from natural causes and great neglect.

BLOWING OUT A CANDLE.—There is one small fact in domestic economy which is not generally known, but which is useful as saving time, trouble, and temper. If the candle be blown out holding it above you, the wick will not smoulder down, and therefore be easily lighted again, but if blown upon downward, the contrary is the case.—*Scientific Artisan.*

MR. RHODES AND THE RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

DURING the late investigation upon railway construction before the committee of the Legislative Assembly, Mr. Rhodes was examined respecting a letter which he had received by the last mail from Mr. Brassey, and which, it was suggested, contained Mr. Rhodes' recall. It being a private letter, Mr. Rhodes declined at the time to read it, but has subsequently waived his objection, and has had it printed in the form of a circular, for distribution, we presume, amongst the members of the Assembly. A copy of it has been forwarded to us, and as it expresses the opinion of a member of an eminent railway firm upon the disputes between his agent and the Government officials, and may serve to throw light on the question which will be discussed by the Assembly this week, we give it insertion:—

MY DEAR SIR,—I regret to learn by your favour of 11th January, and by a letter received by Mr. Fowler by the same mail from Mr. Whitton, that the differences between you and he still exist as wide as before.

The knowledge of this fact is most uncomfortable and perplexing to all of us, but especially to Sir M. Peto, on whose behalf this contract was preliminarily made by Mr. Gabrielli, and mainly in consequence of the Governor-General's knowledge of Sir Morton.

However right you are, Mr. Whitton has the advantage of stating his views to the Railway authorities who support him, and through them to the Government and the Governor-General; so that not only do we appear to have no reasonable prospect of realising a satisfactory profit from the contract, but stand a very great chance of forfeiting the good opinion of the Governor-General, which to Sir Morton especially, and to all of us, is a matter of deep concern.

I trust that the differences that are giving us so much trouble here are healed, whilst I write, by a reconciliation between yourself and Mr. Whitton (which, however, I look upon as all but impossible), by an arrangement with the Government to give up the work, or by handing it over to Mr. Wilson, if after mutual consultation that should appear to be desirable; one of these three things is absolutely imperative; for with the strong opposition of Mr. Whitton, who is to pay you, and who can, and does annoy you in every possible way, it is quite out of the question to hope for a good result.

By the next mail, that is the one leaving in April, Mr. Spillen will leave to assist in, and take charge of the accounts, which however, appear to be kept in the best possible order, and therefore will leave him comparatively little to do, beyond auditing as far as you have gone.

In Mr. Spillen you will find a gentleman possessing the entire confidence of all the partners, leaving with the greatest anxiety to assist you in every possible way to get out of the present most disagreeable position; therefore I recommend you at once, on his arrival, to take him into your counsel, put him in full possession of every circumstance affecting our mutual interests, and to all co-operate with you in making an end of the difficulties, by pursuing such a course as shall appear to you and he the most desirable. Now do not mistake these suggestions as betraying any want of confidence in your ability or judgment in dealing with your position; but he has this advantage which you have not, he has not quarrelled with the Engineer, and he can therefore approach and deal with him better from that circumstance if it should be necessary.

On reading over the correspondence that has passed between you and the Government, we find that you are bound to the contract although not actually signed, if they choose to enforce it, but we fail to find that you are subject to any fixed penalties for failure in its execution, and we therefore hope that you will not sign any deed that shall subject us to fixed penalties. We do not think you are right in your views respecting the period at which the contract is to be completed, viz., twenty-six months after the delivery of the last plan. Such an assumption is contrary to the spirit of the arrangements and contrary to all practice; but we do not think that if the Engineer refuse to give you the rails that are requisite to proceed with the works at such rate of progress as will ensure their completion at the stipulated time (if you are prepared with waggons, &c., to have done it), then we think the responsibility rests with them, and reason and justice will be on your side.

To put an end to this never-ending squabble about rails (in my practice entirely without precedent) I would suggest that you take absolutely from the Government what rails you want, to be reinstated if need be by more rails precisely the same as those you get from them.

That in respect of the payment for rock, shale, or earth, we think (and in this we are supported by all practice), that wherever a variation in price exists for work in the same contracts, and more especially in the same cuttings, that the work should be paid for according to its cost of removal, without reference to the geological name by which the material is known; therefore it is against all practice not to recognise all shale of the description you give us, a material to which a rock price should be applied, although in strictly legal right, there may be by reason of the wording of the specification a doubt. This and many others in a schedule of prices, contracts can only be arranged in accord with the engineer on the spot, and here you find your present position most embarrassing.

I see by the *Sydney Morning Herald* a Commission of the Chamber is appointed to look into and report upon further railway extension, and to enquire into the existing differences between yourself and the railway department, which I do hope will remove the present difficulties, so as at all events as to enable you to proceed in a business and workmanlike way with your work, if you are still carrying it on. I write rather in haste, and have not said half what I intended, but I will write you again by next mail.

I am glad you are going to live on the Works.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) THOMAS BRASSEY.

London, 4, Great George-street,
15th March, 1860.

SYDNEY POULTRY ASSOCIATION.—The annual exhibition will be held at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on Tuesday, the 31st of July, and Wednesday and Thursday, the 1st and 2nd of August. The exhibition will open on Tuesday, at 12 o'clock at noon, and on Wednesday and Thursday, at 10 a.m., and continue open each day till 8 p.m. The following are the regulations:—Exhibitors, who are not members of the club, are to pay an entrance fee of five shillings for each pen exhibited; and all birds must be exhibited in the society's pens, or in pens made after the model of those of the society. Entrances, with the prices of each pen, must be forwarded to the secretary, in writing and under cover, on or before Friday, the 27th of July, together with the number of the society's pens which the exhibitor may require. All exhibits must be at the Temperance Hall between twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of Monday, the 30th of July, and shall not be taken away before Friday, the 3rd of August, on which day they must be removed before eleven a.m.

FREEMASONS' HALL COMPANY.—A meeting of the shareholders of this company was held yesterday at the Freemasons' Tavern, York-street,—the object of the meeting being to alter one of the clauses of the deed of settlement in such a way as to confer additional powers on the directors. The alteration, as proposed, was unanimously adopted by the meeting, and the proceedings terminated.

CUSTOM HOUSES AT ALBURY AND MOAMA.—A notification has been issued by the Government to the effect that custom houses will be established at Albury and Moama, on the River Murray, for the collection of revenue on all dutiable articles from other colonies.

BRAIDWOOD GOLD-FIELDS.—At the early part of the present week we paid a visit to the Happy Valley of the Araluen, and are glad to be able to state that everything begins to resume its wonted appearance. Of course the creek has been much changed by the late floods; but, wherever we went, activity and bustle were the order of the day. That matters have much improved during the past few weeks is certain, from the large amount of gold which has been coming up of late; and should the weather only keep dry during the remainder of the winter, all those who have—notwithstanding privation, loss, and labour—stuck to the valley will have no cause to regret having done so. One of the engine claims, that of H. W. King and party, is now beginning to give remunerative yields for all the expense and toil bestowed upon it. Very few would have had the heart to have continued working in the manner that this party have done in the face of such serious losses as they have experienced. There is now, however, a chance of their obtaining a good and golden return for their trouble. The engine of Biss and Tabb was also puffing away right merrily, and it is stated that two or three others have been sent for to Sydney. That the introduction of machinery into the claims of the Araluen will now prove remunerative to those enterprising parties who have invested their capital in the speculation there can be no doubt. At the bottom of the Araluen bridle track our old friend Armstrong has built a first rate hostelrie, which, from the well-known popularity of its proprietor amongst the diggers, will sure to be extensively patronised.—At Major's Creek the population has been greatly increased by the arrival of large numbers of Chinamen, who are now at work in all direction, especially near the Falls. Upon several places along the Creek signal success is attending the operations of the miners; indeed it appears as if the riches of the old creek will never be exhausted, though we much fear that the hordes of Chinamen who are coming to this locality will evenually overtrun the whole place. The escort on Monday next, it is anticipated, will be very large.—At Strike-a-Light Flat Hyland's party are at work in earnest, and there are a large number of men employed on their claim. Along the creek some are doing fairly, which remark also applies to those who are at work on the Shoalhaven River near Gingemonna and lower down.—At Bell's Creek and Bell's Flat we hear of no complaints. At the latter place, however, the Chinese exceed the Europeans in numbers by a very large proportion; and it is not very easy to obtain from them what they are doing, for they have a trick of understanding English only when it suits them to do so.—Mining operations at the Little River are being carried on in a very extensive scale, consequent on the large accession to the population of returned diggers from Kiandra. We shall not be surprised to hear of some more nuggets being found here.—From the new diggings near Corang the latest accounts that have reached us are of the most encouraging character, and clearly show that these fields will give profitable employment to numbers for an indefinite period. On the Tumberlite Creek, Big Sam and party, and Jones and party, are mentioned as doing very well. They have been at great expense in fetching water from the Shoalhaven, but they are now making up for the expense incurred by them.—*Braidwood Dispatch.*

SOUTH SEA MISSIONS.

(From the Christian Pleader.)

By the French barque Sultan, which arrived on Monday last, we have additional intelligence from the South Sea Mission. The following letter from the Rev. A. Chisholm, who arrived by the Sultan, will be read with a painful degree of interest, detailing the calamities which overtook the families of our missionary friends, and the grief and sorrow into which the friends of the Raiatea mission had been plunged through the death of the Rev. John Barff, who was born on the island. An eye-witness has described to us the deep solemnity which pervaded the service at his burial. On the spot where the coffin was placed, during the preliminary service, a few years ago he stood, when he was ordained to the ministry and service of his Master. It is intended to erect a monument to his memory on the island of Raiatea, and the friends of the mission would be glad to receive subscriptions to assist them in this object. Mr. Cuthbertson has consented to forward any amount he may receive for that purpose.

Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm, Mrs. Stalworthy, and Mrs. Barff, and their families leave Sydney by the Phœnician, which is advertised to sail early in the week.

Northallerton Cottage,
Sydney, 31st May, 1860.

Sir,—At your request I subjoin a few facts relative to late afflictive dispensations connected with the visit of the missionary barque, John Williams, to Tahiti and the Society Islands. On the 27th of February last we at Raiatea heard of the arrival of the vessel at Huahine on the previous day, with the sad additional intelligence that Mrs. Stalworthy, widow of the Rev. George Stalworthy, of the Samoan mission, had been called upon to lay one of her dear children in the grave at Tahiti, and another at Huahine. The disease, which seemed to be something between croup and quinsey, baffled all efforts to check it, and whilst no very dangerous symptoms appeared, cut off the patient suddenly. On the 5th of March the John Williams arrived at Raiatea with other two of Mrs. Stalworthy's children, a girl and boy, dangerously ill (I should have mentioned that the two who died were girls), and also two of the Rev. George Turner's, a boy and girl. Mrs. Stalworthy's little girl, who seemed in the greatest danger, had more the symptoms of croup, whilst in the case of her brother, and also in that of Mr. Turner's little boy, it was complicated with putrid sore throat. The means used in their case—by the constant and frequent administration of tartar emetic with occasional doses of calomel, and the internal administration of nitrate of silver to the throat—gradually mitigated the symptoms; not, however, before Mr. Turner's little boy had had a blister applied to his throat, and the two little Stalworthy's had been bled. In the meantime a younger child of Mrs. Stalworthy's, a little boy about three years of age, was taken ill, and in his case no remedy seemed of any avail. Putrid matter at once began to form in the throat, which gradually became more and more swollen, until on the morning of the fifth day the poor child went off suddenly, as if suffocated.

On the 12th of March the John Williams left us, the disease being still on board—Mrs. Stalworthy remaining behind with her five remaining children, the two who had been so dangerously ill being considered too weak to proceed on the voyage: the three others mercifully escaped the infection. Before and after the departure of the vessel different individuals connected with the mission families, both adults and children, were less or more affected; but it seemed to assume a much milder form, when we fondly hoped it would pass away without spreading further, but, alas! it was not to be so. On the 2nd April our little daughter Helen was taken ill, and on the 3rd her sister Jane. In both cases the disease assumed the type of putrid sore throat, and baffled all remedies. On the 7th, Jane was taken home to her Saviour, and Helen followed her on the 9th. Our other children got over the disease with comparative ease, owing, in my opinion, to the immediate application of lunar caustic on the first appearance of blisters in the throat.

It had been arranged that I should proceed in the John Williams to England, amongst other things, to carry the Third Edition of the Tahitian scriptures through the press, and we had made all our arrangements accordingly; but man's purposes are vain. A few days prior to the arrival of the vessel, our beloved brother, the Rev. John Barff, tutor of the Theological Institution on Tahoa, was taken ill with liver complaint, which made such rapid progress, that on my going to bid him farewell on the arrival of the John Williams, I was shocked to find him in a dying state. His first words to me were "Brother Chisholm, our institution is at an end." The feelings of his venerable father, the Rev. Charles Barff, who had come over from the island of Huahine to bid us farewell, may be more easily conceived than described, on seeing his dearly beloved and highly honoured son in such a state. After consulting with Mrs. Chisholm, we thought it our duty to give up our passage in the John Williams, and wait the result of dear Brother Barff's illness. On announcing this to him on the following day he seemed very pleased, and, on being removed over to our house at Raiatea, he seemed for the time revived; but there was no permanent improvement; his strength gradually failed, until the morning of the 16th March, at a quarter before one o'clock, he most calmly and peacefully breathed his last, without a struggle or even a sigh.

The following day the students of the Theological Institution, amongst whom his labours had been eminently useful, and by whom he was greatly beloved, carried him to his burial, amidst the lamentations of all, natives and foreigners; and to show the great respect in which he was held the chiefs and people of the three islands of Tahoa, Raiatea, and Huahine went into public mourning for him. "I heard a voice from heaven say, Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth; yes, saith the Spirit, for they rest from their labours and their works do follow them."

I remain, dear Sir, yours truly,
ALEXANDER CHISHOLM.

P.S. I subjoin the names and ages of Mrs. Stalworthy's children:—Louisa, aged three and a-half years, died on board the John Williams, immediately outside the harbour of Tahiti, about two o'clock, 22nd February, 1860, after six days' illness; a kind of croup, apparently. Sarah Ann, aged nine years, died at Huahine, on Sabbath morning, 26th February, after one night's illness; she was a delicate child previously, a kind of catching at the chest. William, aged two years, died at Raiatea, on Saturday morning, 10th March, after five days' illness; putrid sore throat. Helen Margaret Chisholm, aged seven years, died at Raiatea, on the 9th of April, after seven days' illness; putrid sore throat. Sarah Jane Chisholm, aged five years, died at Raiatea, on the 7th April, after four days' illness; putrid sore throat. On looking into the throats of our children, they seemed hung full of white ribbons.

The lad mentioned in Friday's issue as having met with an accident on the Randwick Road was named Albert Brown. Two of his ribs were broken, but he is now progressing very favourably.

Glebe Municipality.—The quarterly meeting of this municipality was held on the 1st instant, at noon. Present—The chairman (Mr. George Wigram Allen), and Councillors Thornley, Reilly, Smith, and Garrett. The minutes of the last meeting having been read and confirmed, Mr. Councillor Garrett stated that his name had been incorrectly spelt in all the reports of the proceedings of this council which had appeared in the *Sydney Morning Herald*, that the reports, without exception, were untrue, one sided, and partial, and that the council-clerk had ridiculed him, and looked at him sneeringly at the meetings of the council. Mr. Thornley was of opinion that there was no ground of complaint against the council clerk, the mere mis-spelling of Mr. Garrett's name was a typical error which all journals were liable to commit. The Council clerk stated in explanation that in obedience to a resolution of this council, passed last January, he had furnished the *Sydney Morning Herald* with a correct and impartial report of the proceedings of all the meetings which had been held since the resolution was passed. The Council clerk had neither inclination or desire to furnish the Press with the proceedings; it happened to be a portion of his duty, and in the performance of such he had simply forwarded to the *Herald* the business matter (which appeared in the notice paper, and which came before the council) without comments on the merits of any question under discussion. He denied that the reports were either incorrect or partial; with reference to Mr. Garrett's name, it had been incorrectly spelt once or twice only, he had never taken the trouble to ridicule or sneer at Mr. Garrett, and simply denied the charge. The matter dropped. The Improvement Committee sent in their report on the formation of Bay-street.—Received. The surveyor reported to the council, that in obedience to their resolution he had, on the 23rd ultimo, given the usual legal notice to Mr. Peter Ross, the person who is erecting buildings within the boundary of this municipality for the purpose of manufacturing candles, &c. The surveyor laid before the council the following reports, viz., 1st. Report and estimate of the cost of permanently repairing and forming Mitchell-street from the Glebe-road to Broughton-street, together with the cost of constructing a culvert from Glebe-road to Glebe-street in the aforesaid street. 2nd. Report and estimate of the probable cost of permanently repairing and forming that portion of Harden-street between Glebe-road and Derwent-street. 3rd. Report and estimate of the probable cost of permanently repairing and forming Broughton-street, together with all necessary kerbing and guttering, including forty-five feet of culverting. Without notice, Mr. Garrett moved, seconded by Mr. Reilly, "That the reports of the surveyor now received, together with his sections of Mitchell, Broughton, and Harden streets, be referred to the improvement committee for their consideration and report, and that in the meantime public intimation be given that the sections of the several streets referred to in the surveyor's report may be seen at the surveyor's office, Council Chambers, Glebe, until the 26th instant, in order that parties having cause may send in any objection to the levels." Carried.—The surveyor reported, in reference to Bay-street, that, the permanent level having been advertised for public information the period ordered by the Council, no objections had been lodged against the same, except in the case of Mr. P. A. Thompson, whose property is not situated within this municipality, neither is it affected by the proposed levels. The surveyor laid before the Council his report on the imperfect manner in which pipes had been laid across the Parramatta road by the Government for the purpose of conveying the surface water away from the Glebe. Ordered that a copy of the report be forwarded to the Minister for Public Works. The chairman reported that on the 21st ultimo Mr. P. A. Thompson, solicitor, served the council clerk with notice of a summons in equity, having been filed in the Master's office at the instance of Mr. T. R. Smart, against Mr. Thomas Roe, administrator of his son, T. R. Roe, and that the said summons was returnable on the 5th instant. The chairman further reported to the council that a statement in detail of the revenue of the municipality had been transmitted to the Government, and that renewed application had been made to the Colonial Secretary for permission for this council to borrow £3000 upon security of the municipal rates. The chairman read a letter from Mr. W. Sands, requesting the Council to remit a portion of his rates, on the ground of error by the magistrates at Petty Sessions. Resolved that the Council cannot interfere. The chairman read a letter from Mr. Thomas Roe, applying for payment of £50, due to him from this Council. Ordered to be referred to the Finance Committee. The chairman read a letter from Captain Martindale, having reference to pipes being laid down in the Parramatta road. Motions:—Mr. Smith's motion, having reference to the claims of Mr. T. S. Harwood and son, was, by leave of the Council, postponed until the next meeting. The remaining motions lapsed in consequence of the absence of the movers. The Council rose at one p.m.

Municipality of Balmain.—A meeting of the Municipal Council was held on Friday, the 1st instant, in St. Mary's schoolroom. Present: the Chairman, and Councillors Beattie, Burt, Elliott, Palmer, and Reynolds. Minutes of previous meeting read and confirmed. The chairman brought up a report from the Finance Committee, suggesting sundry arrangements relative to the collection of rates. Report received. On the motion of Mr. Palmer, it was resolved, "That the collector should be remunerated by a commission of five per cent., and give security to the extent of £300; and that applications for the appointment of collector should be called for by advertisement, and taken into consideration at the next meeting." Mr. Palmer gave notice that, contingent upon the completion of the assessment, he would move, "That inasmuch as there is at the present time a large amount of available and unemployed labour in Balmain, it is desirable that the improvement of the municipality be at once proceeded with, and that the Council do empower the Finance Committee to borrow money upon the security of the revenue—an amount not exceeding one year's income—to be expended in the carrying out of such works." The Council adjourned until Friday next.

A VOICE FROM THE COUNTRY.

MAY

Last was a peculiarly busy month among the feathered tribes. They might be said to be packing up and starting on a foreign tour; chirping and piping was heard all day; little bands of wanderers constantly passing over. But May finds most of the migratory birds departed. Here, in our sunny Blue Mountains, we still meet with the small green paroquet and gill birds; but our woods are now almost silent, excepting in those spots on the margin of creeks where bell birds colonise; there, the clear *sing, sing*, is heard unceasingly, and the birds have lost the shyness which marked their manner during the summer months. The lory is the only parrot now with us; the blue mountain, king, and green leek, have all migrated. Superb warblers, with their full grown broods, are everywhere popping about. An idea has been expressed, we think erroneously, that the male changes its plummage, and becomes of the same sombre brown hue as the hen during the winter. We never yet missed the blue feathers of the pretty little cock during any portion of the winter; but the young birds do not attain their full plumage till after their first moulting, which may give rise to this idea, from the number of brown birds present. The orchard trees are shedding their leaves, and the meadows look brown and nipped—corn (maize) harvest is now occupying the farmers. Cold high winds rock the tree-tops, and bring roses to many a before pale cheek. The oranges are growing golden, and the orchards are decked with an unusually plentiful crop. The drowsy buzz of the flies announce approaching torpidity. The lizards, which during the warm weather used to recline in the "house place" and scarcely think it needful to move out of reach of footfall, have disappeared; the chirp of the bat is rarely heard in the twilight, and the cuckoo, which, according to the popular saying, "comes when the pea flowers," has probably gone with that esculent. The sacred kingfisher is very busy seeking for insects in the garden, and probably mice, which are now very numerous and destructive. The varieties of mice and rats indigenous to our country are many,—some, as the white-footed mouse, being really not allied to the species, though somewhat resembling them in appearance; others are winged, as the pigmy squirrel or flying mouse; whilst the rats vary from the Norway to the miniature kangaroo—the bush-tailed being a marked variety, but very scarce. Our common rat here is about half the size of the Norwegian, in form more resembling a mouse; they come about our habitations, but commit few depredations.

In the colder districts during this month we meet with a curious *flight* of spiders. During a rather fresh breeze hundreds of these creatures may be seen floating in the air, long silken filaments waving around them, as if thrown out to catch some passing objects. Their altitude above the earth's surface is sufficiently great to have prevented our being able to minutely examine them, but they appear of a dark hue and small size. By what means these usually terrestrial animals become aërial is not a little interesting and curious.

The indigo plant, so widely diffused through the colony, is now covered with clusters of flower-buds. Is this the indigo of commerce? Is not the subject worthy the investigation of speculators; as should it prove to be a plant yielding the blue dye, a lucrative branch of trade would be opened up, and we might have our now unfruitful wilderness turned into plantations. In many places the scrub is almost entirely composed of this plant; it is indigenous equally to clay, loam, and sand, and very hardy and rapid in growth.

Fernhurst. L. A.

Honour to whom Honour is Due.—In looking over a few of the geological reports published by the Government some nine or ten years ago, we came upon one by the late Sir Thomas Mitchell, dated October 16, 1851, and headed "Report from the Surveyor-General on the gold-fields of Bathurst, Wellington, &c." This report is full of the most useful and valuable information relative to the auriferous indications observed by Sir Thomas both in the western and southern districts, and, if the Government were to republish it in a pamphlet shape, we have no doubt it would meet with an extensive circulation amongst the diggers and intending diggers. As so much attention is now directed towards the southern diggings at the Snowy River, we make the following extract from the report, as it has a special reference to that locality, and may perhaps be a guide to prospecting parties. Speaking of Snowy River and Glenelg districts, Sir Thomas says:—"The trappean conglomerate with imbedded quartz pebbles on the flanks of the granite range of Mount Cole ought to guide modern prospecting parties to the localities where gold may be found, and also the description of country from thence eastward as passed by my party. The banks of the 'Colibaw' in particular seemed the most favourable I can imagine for the development of gold; strata of clay slate, inclined almost perpendicularly to the horizon, projected in parts of the left bank, and over this clay slate I found trap rock." .... "The 'Indi,' or Limestone River, is the source of the Murray nearest to Cape Howe and the eastern coast. It is characterised by the same rocks, at an elevation at which snow covers the country during many months of the year. The whole country abounds with springs and mountain torrents, and I have no doubt that in that most elevated portion of our primary formations the principal mineral riches of Australia will be eventually discovered. It will probably be that gold and other minerals will be found in such abundance as may well deserve the most careful management." The recent discoveries at Kiandra have fully borne out Sir Thomas Mitchell's anticipations, and doubtless, as the spring advances, still further discoveries of large auriferous deposits will be made. It will be well when the weather permits that prospecting parties should push their enterprises in the direction of the "Limestone" and "Colibaw," as it is scarcely likely that so acute an observer and so scientific a man as the late Surveyor-General would be deceived in the indications he might observe.

Relief Fund. — Pursuant to notice, Mr. Cobb attended at Mr. Grover's, Crown Flat, Middle Araluen, on Tuesday last, for the purpose of paying the amounts awarded by the committee to those individuals who claimed relief for damage done by the disastrous floods of February last. Upwards of £1100 was paid away by Mr. Cobb, but we believe that there are still some other applications for relief to be taken into consideration.—*Braidwood Dispatch.*

Meeting on the Racecourse.—A meeting of the unemployed was held last night on the Racecourse. The business of the evening was commenced at about half-past seven o'clock by Mr. Bowran, the secretary, who, from the usual platform, delivered (to the comparatively few persons then present) an address on the difficulty that there was of getting employment, and the absolute necessity that some provision should be made not only against the present existence, but also the future recurrence, of this evil. Some explanations were also offered relative to the working of the committee in connection with the movement; and it was further announced that arrangements had been made, in conformity with which the committee would, in future, be accommodated with an appartment at which they might meet as occasion should require. Mr. Woollmer (a labouring man) then briefly detailed to the meeting the circumstances under which he and his brother had recently been employed for four days on some work at Bondi, for which each of them had only been able to realise wages at the rate of two shillings and seven pence a-day—a sum which he need not say was wholly insufficient for the support of themselves and their respective families. Others who had taken labour at the same place had been compelled to give it up, having found it equally unremunerative. A few observations from Mr. Bowran followed, and terminated the meeting, which was understood to stand adjourned until Monday evening next. Mr. M'Phail was then placed in the chair, and a meeting held to inaugurate, in connection with the unemployed, an Operative Association for the promotion of general progress in all matters respecting labour, and for the discussion, on a broad and open basis, of questions affecting the interests of all operatives,—unskilled or otherwise. The meeting was successively addressed, at a great length, by several speakers—the projector, Mr. Bowran, and some others, advocating the formation of the society, so as to include both Free-Traders and Protectionists. This, however, was dissented from by those who were especially in favour of the protection principle, which they deemed to be the only proper mode by which the necessities of labour could be satisfactorily provided for. Their remarks were warmly opposed by those who were in favour of free-trade. Ultimately a resolution was almost unanimously carried for the formation of the society as originally proposed. In the course of the meeting the foundation of a people's hall was recommended, the establishment of a people's newspaper suggested, and other measures pointed out whereby the rights of labour might, as it was conceived, be rendered more secure than at present. The meeting was a quiet and orderly one, with the exception of some slight occasional interruption from a few noisy individuals—chiefly boys. About 200 persons were present.

QUEENSLAND.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Brisbane, May 30th.—The Parliament of Queensland was formally opened yesterday, by the Governor in person. About eleven o'clock visitors who had cards of admission began to muster in the Council Chamber; and long before twelve the space set apart for their accommodation was completely filled up. A great number of ladies were present, who were accommodated on the rear benches, so far as space permitted, but many for whom there was no room there were content to stand in the passages leading from the main entrance. Lady Bowen occupied a chair on the floor of the House, on the left of the President. The stores and shops were all closed and a general holiday was observed by the trading portion of the community. The usual number of flags were flying, and Brisbane had a very gay appearance. His Excellency was escorted from Government House by the mounted Volunteer Rifles. He was greeted with hearty cheers by the large crowd assembled in the street opposite the houses of Legislature, and entered the Council Chamber exactly at 12 o'clock, where he was received and conducted to the chair of state by the President. So far as demeanour and appearance went, his Excellency certainly looked every inch a governor. The attendance of the members of the Assembly having been summoned in the usual way, they speedily entered the Chamber, headed by the Speaker, and his Excellency having desired them to be seated, proceeded to read in a clear and distinct tone the Vice-regal speech.

Having concluded his address, his Excellency immediately withdrew, and both Houses thereafter adjourned—the Council until 1, and the Assembly until 3 o'clock. After the Council had reassembled, the Governor's speech was read over by the honorable the President. The address in reply was then moved by Mr. Bigge, and seconded by Mr. Yaldwyne, and was carried unanimously, having given rise to no debate. Previously, however, I should have stated that various notices of motion were given by Captain O'Connell, who seems to have undertaken to conduct the Government business in the Upper House. Among these was one for appointing a committee to frame standing rules and orders; another for fixing the days of the week on which the Council should sit, and the hour of assembling, and notice of a motion to be proposed to-day that the Hon. Daniel Foley Roberts be appointed Chairman of Committees. A bill for making some amendments in the Publicans' Act was also, on the motion of Captain O'Connell, read a first time.

On the Lower House assembling at 3 o'clock the Colonial Secretary gave various notices of motion, most of them of a similar tenor to those given in the Council. He also laid on the table a bill to amend that part of the Constitution Act which requires the presence of twenty members to constitute a House. Among the notices of motion was one for appointing Mr. Blakeney one of the members for Brisbane, chairman of committees. The Premier also laid on the table various papers, among which were the Registrar-General's statistical account of the colony, correspondence with the New South Wales Government respecting the debt, &c. This preliminary business having been disposed of, Mr. Gore moved and Mr. Broughton seconded the address in reply to his Excellency's speech. Mr. Buckley moved as an amendment that the debate be adjourned until this day, on the ground that honorable members had not had time to consider the various important topics alluded to in the speech and address. The amendment was seconded by Mr. Macalister. Eventually the House divided on it, and the ayes and noes being equal the Speaker gave his casting vote in favour of the noes, assigning as his reason for doing so his desire to forward the business of the country, and the debate proceeded. Mr. Buckley, Mr. Lilley, Mr. Raff, Mr. Macalister, and Mr. Jordan addressed the House on the part of the Opposition, as I presume it must be called, while the course taken by Ministers was defended by the Attorney-General, by Mr. Forbes, and by Mr. Fitzsimmons. The Colonial Secretary having replied, the question was put and the address carried without a division. The chief topics referred to by the Opposition was the indefiniteness of the speech with regard to the abolition or otherwise of State-aid to religion, the omission of all allusion to any proposed measure of law reform, the unsatisfactory way in which the adjustment of financial matters with New South Wales was referred to; the silence pursued with regard to any amendment of the electoral law, the absence of any proposal for a system of primary schools, and, above all, the want of all information as to the Government land policy. Most of these objections, if not all, were satisfactorily answered by the Colonial Secretary, who said in respect of some of them that the measures they referred to were omitted by mere accident, and in respect of others, that they had been well considered by the Government, who would proceed with them if the House desired it. In particular, as regarded the Government land policy, he might state that the Executive had given much and deep attention to that subject; that they had agreed on the heads of a bill, but that considering the great importance of the subject, they thought it best not to press it this session, but confine legislation on the question to a measure for altering the present system of tendering for runs. I, however, understood the honorable premier to say that if the House wished it the Government would bring forward a land bill. The House adjourned to twelve o'clock to day, that hour having been fixed on for presenting the address in reply to his Excellency's speech.

All the preliminaries having been now fully gone through, the members of the Legislature are left to proceed with the business of the country, and it is to be hoped they will settle down to it with energy and singleness of purpose. The division on the amendment moved on the address, if it can be fairly taken as a criterion of the state of parties, would seem to shew that Ministers will possess very narrow majorities. Indeed, in so numerically small a House, the existence of any ministry will always be precarious, if party strife break out. The material aspect of the chambers is much improved since they received the finishing touch of the upholsterers. All the furniture, both of the chambers and of the various offices connected with them, is of a very superior description.

With the exception of the final opening of the Parliament, there is scarcely another transaction of the week worth recording: everything is secondary to that great event. The entrances have been made for the North Australian races, which take place at Ipswich on the 5th, 6th, and 7th of June. At a sale by auction, the grand-stand brought £58; the gate to the racecourse, £52; and permission to erect ten booths, £7 each.

The Maryborough Cotton Growing Association have commenced clearing and preparing the land lately purchased by them for the reception of seed in the spring.

Messrs. Broughton and Pattorini report the following sales at Ipswich:—500 wethers, at 11s. 6d. per head. An allotment of land, in Limestone-street, with wooden building erected thereon, for £230 cash. At their Yards, 40 head of broken and unbroken horses, at an average of £7 5s. per head; maize, 4s. per bushel; barley, 7s. per bushel; oaten hay, £9 per ton; bran, 1s. 9d. per bushel; sheepskins, 6½d. per lb.; greasy wool, 7d. per lb. They also report the sale of 25 head of broken and unbroken horses, at Brisbane, at an average of £6 per head.

Among the passengers by the Yarra Yarra, was Mr. O'Shanassy, at one time Premier of Victoria. It is said his visit to Brisbane will be but a short one.

The Opera.—The house was crowded yesterday evening with a highly fashionable audience. His Excellency the Governor-General was to have been present, but was prevented from indisposition. Several members of Sir William's family, however, occupied the vice-regal box, which was tastefully decorated with evergreens. The performance of Trovatore was very successful.

Botanic Gardens.—The band of the XII. Regiment will perform the following selections of music at three o'clock (weather permitting):—Overture, Bal des Fees, Callen. Selection, La Favorita, Donizetti. Waltz, Zephir Zufte, Gungl. Selection, La Traviata, Verdi. Quadrille, Motor, Strauss. Polka, Cadeau, Zeutner. "God save the Queen." Conductor, Mr. D. Callen.

School of Arts.—A series of "Readings" will be substituted this evening for the usual Tuesday lecture, in consequence of Mr. Dyer having a severe and sudden attack of the prevailing epidemic. The "Readings" will be composed of extracts from the works of Wordsworth, Poe, Dickens, Brooks, &c., and an original poem of one of the members.

Extraordinary Presence of Mind.—A few days since, a party of four ladies went for an evening drive upon the Loddon Plains, when to their intense dismay they suddenly beheld the coachman fall insensible from his seat, and the horses, which were very fresh, galloped off with the rapidity of lightning. Mrs. G——y, one of the ladies, without saying a word, let down the carriage window, and succeeded in scrambling on to the box, whence, much to the astonishment of the screaming prisoners inside, she nobly managed to seize the reins, just in time to prevent the fiery animals from precipitating carriage and all into the Loddon River, which ran close by, and finally ended by returning triumphantly home. The coachman, it seems had been seized with a slight attack of apoplexy.—*Communicated.*

The Imperial Family of France.—A Paris correspondent says that at the late ball at the Tuileries the Empress wore at once a peculiar and beautiful dress. "Over the familiar skirt of *tulle bouillonné* was thrown a short upper skirt of wide, watered silk festooned up on both sides with white bands of black velvet embroidered with gold. Upon her head was placed a high crown of polished gold, upon which were imprinted, in black enamel, some Egyptian hieroglyphics. There were a necklace and bracelets to match. The princess Clotilda was present. Her Imperial highness is far from pretty; but a distinguished French political economist, speaking of her at the ball, declared he considered her the most extraordinarily endowed lady in Europe. She speaks fluently five languages, and is a thorough Greek and Latin scholar; is well acquainted with the works of all the ancient and modern poets, and is particularly fond of quoting Shakspere. Her character, in spite of her extreme youth, is very firm; this her face indicates. The Empress is very fond of this her young relative."

REMINISCENCES OF A GOLD-DIGGER.

How far to the rush, mate? About fourteen miles. So far; well; I shall not make it to-night; how far is the next waterhole? About five miles. Well, I shall have had enough of it by that time, so I shall camp there. So shall I, for my horses are getting knocked up. The above remarks passed between myself and a man driving a two-horse dray on my going to the great rush to Back Creek, at the commencement of 1859. In walking along and talking to the driver—for he had let me put my swag on the dray, which, after carrying some twenty-five miles, I found did not get any lighter, we, as a matter of course, began talking about the diggings. I thought his face seemed familiar to me, and asked him if he had not been digging. "Oh, yes," he replied, "but not for some years now." "You find carting better paying than gold-digging?" "Well, I don't know; there is not much to be made at carting now-a-days, even if a man has his own horse and dray, but when you have to drive for a master, they take good care you do not make much." "Well, to make a living now is about as much as a digger can." Yes, they have nothing to brag about now; but the only money I ever made was at digging." "And, like too many of us, thought it was always going to last?" "Well, I never expected to see the diggings so poor as they are now; but there is great talk about this Back Creek?" "It will require to be of some account, for it is about the largest rush I ever saw." "You are right there, for whenever there is a bit of a rush talked of now, there are diggers enough to tear up a lump of ground in a very short time; it is not like it was when I first went to Simson's." "Did you work on Simson's?" "I did, indeed, and that was the only place I got a good hole at, and the last field I worked on. I was there soon after the rush to the Blackman's Lead, and sunk two holes, but we never worked them, for we wanted something better. I wish I had that same ground now. Well, it was on the Blackman's that I got my good hole; it was pretty good for those days, but, my word, there were some regular 'homeward-bounders' at that rush. "Yes, some chaps camped near us got some splendid gold; they were hard up at the time, too, but one day they bottomed just before dinner, and got a fine nugget and some coarse gold, about £800 worth." "Why, that must have been our hole you are talking about; you're not Joe? "No, for he's dead, but I am Ted." "And where's Paddy?" "The only sensible man amongst us, for he went home, and I expect is now a great man in Ireland; but I don't remember you." "Do you remember four men camped a little nearer the road than you were that Paddy came to the morning you got the nugget, scratching his head, and asking if we had such a thing as a small loaf we could lend him." "Well, I never should have known you; give us your hand." And a hearty shake we had; and commenced asking and answering question after question, until the dray came foul of a tree. "I tell you what it is," said Ted, "we must wait until we camp to have a yarn, or I shall be breaking my shafts, or something worse. I have a small taste in a bit of a keg on the dray, just enough for a nip before supper, and a drop hot after, over our yarn and pipes." That evening I received a long account, I may say, of the fortunes and vicissitudes of gold-digging. At the great rush that took place to Simson's, now called Maryborough, on the opening of the Blackman's Lead, I, amongst many others, went and, marking out a claim, "shepherded"* it until the arrival of my mates. During the time we were sinking it, I got, digger like, a sort of good day acquaintance with the men camped near us, and amongst others, Ted and his mates, Joe and Paddy. One morning, at sunrise, I was at the fire with the bush piano, cooking some chops for breakfast, when Paddy came, and after the usual good morning, and with a very watchful eye on the chops, said, "Have you a small loaf you could lend us?" There was something about the expression of his face that told me he was hard up, and perhaps he and his mates had nothing for breakfast, struck me. "Well, Paddy, we have no small loaves, but if a large one will do you come to the tent." The evening previously I had got half-a-sheep for our party, and giving him the loaf, I said, "You may as well take a bit of mutton, for it will assist the bread down," and cutting a piece, I gave it him. "By my soul," he said, "perhaps I'll never be able to pay you again, for in troth we are very badly off, and if the hole proves a duffer we must clear out. I thought we should have bottomed last night, so that we might have got a bit to eat, for we had only one loaf yesterday between the three of us. But the Lord bless you, may you never miss it, and I know not what besides," and glad I was when he went. On my arrival at the tent at dinner time, there was Paddy waiting for me, his countenance so changed that I exclaimed, "Why Paddy, what's the matter!" "Sure and enough's the matter, just come into the tent." "No accident I hope, for he startled me." "Sure and the best accident that ever happened a man, we've struck it, sure there's a bucket of gould in the tent." I entered and was not much surprised at Paddy's excitement, for I question if he had ever been worth the weight in copper of the gold I saw in a tin dish, and a nugget that Joe was looking at. They had bottomed their hole, and got a splendid nugget, together with some coarse gold, worth something over eight hundred pounds. "It's a keg of whisky," we must have said, "Paddy, to wet him," and turning to me he poured out his gratitude for the little kindness I had shown him. "What would I have? Name it. If it is on Simson's, you shall have it! Give me your hand. God bless you." His whole frame trembled with excitement. "Now, I tell you what it is, Paddy," I replied, "you had better go with Joe and Ted, and put the gold in charge of the commissioner first, and, take my advice, drink no whisky, at least until you have worked out the claim." Which, with the exception of some four or five ounces they sold, they did; but they had some whisky, and brandy also, which I partook of without much persuasion; but it was only for one day. The next they went to work, and continued steady at it until their claim was worked out—which in those days was only twenty-four feet square—getting about six hundred pounds worth more gold. Their proceeding after, I learnt from Ted. Leaving Simson's they went to Melbourne. The Omeo diggings were then all the talk, and, they made up their minds to go. After purchasing a horse and dray, and loading it with provisions and necessaries for some months, they started, but never reached there—there was no road at this time for drays, or if there was they did not know it. After many break downs and accidents, in one of which Joe got seriously injured, they got disheartened, and getting what little they could for what they had taken with them, returned to Melbourne. Joe made up his mind to go home when he got better, and sent what money he had home, keeping sufficient to pay his passage, &c., but his only voyage was to "that bourn from which no traveller returns." He died in Melbourne. Paddy, the most sensible man in the crowd, as Ted says, went home. On his departure he wished Ted to go with him very much, saying, "Sure, man, you will, perhaps, never get another golden hole, and when I am at home, a gintleman, you'll be wishing you had taken Paddy's advice." And Ted—I will let him relate his own history. After Paddy left, I was going to do lots of things, but I did not know what to commence with; but one thing I do know—that I never attempted to commence until I had spent all my money, for Melbourne I never left while it lasted. Since then I have been waiter, boots, and hostler at hotels, drove a car in Melbourne and bullock drays on the road, done a little on stations in shearing time, and lately been driving for P—. He is not a bad sort of fellow, and there are many I know that have had golden holes who are even worse off than I am. But when I lose the horses, or have two or three wets nights out, I begin to wish I had taken Paddy's advice; but its all for the best, as my old mother used to say; God bless her, "it's not money that gives us life or makes us happy or contented." "Indeed your right there Ted," I replied. "Oh yes, I know that, for if it was so, my old mother would be alive; for if I have forgotten myself and everybody else, I always thought of her. I did send her a little money but she never lived to receive it, but for all that I never regret sending it, for out of my share of the claim it is the only money when I begin thinking that I can account for to my own satisfaction." Ted took my swag on to the rush the next morning—would insist on paying for nobblers, and wished me good bye and good luck, at the same time. Such is the history of Paddy's mob, as they were called.

J. A. H.

* Shepherding.—In gold-digging, in very hard, wet or deep ground, men mark a claim, and watch, or shepherd, it until they see which way the lead is going. As they continue getting the gold, so the holes are sunk, but in the turns, or what a digger calls "slues," the lead takes, so the shepherds rush from one place to another, perhaps leaving a golden claim to shepherd a blank. I know a party of five men, who sunk three deep shafts on Back Creek; in two of them they had solid rock for thirty feet, and never got an ounce of of gold—one man out of the party shepherding for seven months during which time they never got a claim, although he had been shepherding during this time two golden claims, but in the rushes that took place when the lead slues he left them, and their share of the lottery was a blank, or, as diggers say, one for the Queen.

THE KIANDRA DIGGINGS.

The following was published in the *Age* of Thursday:—

I observe that you have published Colonel Freeling's report of his tour to Kiandra, and having twice visited that gold-field, I can confidently say that his report contains much valuable information. If his figures are not always correct, this must be attributed to the hurried nature of his visit as much as anything else. Thus, for instance, his estimate of population, is, in my opinion, very far wrong. Having resided on the Kiandra township, and more especially on the Nile Mile rush, for upwards of a month, I am quite certain that at no time from the 21st of March to the latter part of April, was there fewer than from nine to ten thousand people on the ground, and I am equally certain that there was never at any time more than 600 people on the Nine Mile Rush, and after the 12th or 13th of April, there were not more than from 100 to 150 people left there. This place suffered more from the snow than the township, although from the fact that firewood is plentiful, those who had anything like houses did not feel the cold so much as it was felt at Kiandra. This estimate of the population reduces very much the average earnings of those engaged in mining. Another error committed by a great many is over-estimating the amount of gold taken down by private hands. With the exception of two or three thousand ounces brought into Victoria, I do not think that much was taken down by private hand after the establishment of the Government escort. I am quite certain that, averaging the population engaged in mining, the average wages would not exceed £2 per week. I daresay this will be questioned by some who will take the number of miner's rights issued as their criterion, or who may have only taken a cursory glance around the banks of the river. Any one, however, who has explored the hundreds of tents on New Chum Hill and Indigo Point, or the hundreds on the top of the hill above the township, as well as the crowds of tents on the flat, and up the Commissioner's Gully, where for eight or nine miles, on the road to Russell's, you come upon a crowd of tents in almost every bend of the river—any one who went patiently over all those spots in the beginning of April must have felt convinced that the total population at that time must have numbered over 10,000 souls. In addition to the places above mentioned, there is hardly a gully or creek between Kiandra and the Nine Mile Rush but what there are some parties at work. On one, situated about half way between the two places, there were at one time nearly two hundred miners at work. In regard to the cases of individual success cited, there is every reason to think they are correct. I have known of persons equally fortunate; in fact, this is the chief temptation and the chief drawback to Kiandra, viz., that those who get the gold get it very easily. This is good to those who get it, but it is bad for the business people and the general population; and it will require a gold-field of great extent to maintain anything like a large population during the coming summer. A great many are sanguine as to what prospecting may do in the spring. These expectations are, I am afraid, doomed to be disappointed. Parties of experienced miners have spent as much as two months in prospecting every gully and creek for miles round; and let me say that this length of time prospecting in the Snowy River, will test the ground quite as much as two years' prospecting on such a place as the Indigo. The report of several such parties with whom I am acquainted was, that while in several places they could find dirt that would pay for ground sluicing, they could not find anything to pay working with the cradle or boxes. Let any one acquainted with the Kiandra diggings say how many heads of water could be found for ground sluicing, and let those who knew anything of that mode of working, say how much ground 40,000 men can turn over in six months. The nature of the report which I forward you from the diggings on the occasion of my first visit will be proof enough that I have no wish to ignore the fact that Snowy River is an extensive and payable gold-field; all I wish to do on the present occasion is to caution parties at a distance against being rash in leaving payable claims to rush a new diggings, where there is sure to be three times as large a population in the spring as there will be work for. The next point that I would allude to in the report is the remarks on the various routes. On the occasion of my first visit I went the same route in going up that Colonel Freeling travelled, and though some of the distances are incorrectly stated, this for example from King's public-house to Kiandra is said to be thirty-four miles, whereas in reality it is only twenty-five, or at the utmost twenty-six, and the total distance from the Tumut township is put down at seventy-one miles instead of sixty. It is to be regretted that Colonel Freeling did not travel the other routes of which he speaks, for in that case he would have avoided a few errors into which he has unintentionally fallen, and which I would with all due deference attempt to correct. As to the route through Yackandandah, of that I can say nothing, not having travelled it; but if the distances are correctly given, then the route by way of Tumbarumba is only eight miles further, instead of forty miles, as stated in the report. One item I know to be wrong, viz., the distance from Lob's Hole to Kiandra, which is stated to be thirty-two miles, while in reality it is only twenty, in fact, I do not believe that it would measure more than eighteen miles. Having travelled over the ground three times within two months, the above may be taken as correct. On my first trip I returned by way of Lob's Hole, and kept the old road all the way. The following are my estimates of the distances:—

From Kiandra to Lob's Hole	......	20 miles.
Lob's Hole to Tumbarumba	......	27
Tumbarumba to Galvin's Station	......	25
Galvin's to Williams'	......	15
Williams' to King's public-house	......	14
King's to Albury	......	38
Albury to Chiltern	......	20
Total	......	163

On returning from my second trip I took another road, which branches off at Toko Pat's, which effects a saving of eleven miles, and is quite as good in my opinion for dray or waggon traffic as the other. The distances by it are:—

From Kiandra to Lob's Hole	......	20 miles.
Lob's Hole to Tumbarumba	......	27
Tumbarumba to Robertson's	......	18
Robertson's to Merret's	......	4
Merret's to Riall's	......	9
Riall's to King's public-house	......	16
King's to Albury	......	38
Albury to Chiltern	......	20
Total	......	152 miles.

Another route by which a good cart road can be found is as follows:—

From Kiandra to Lob's Hole	......	20 miles.
Lob's Hole to Tumbarumba	......	27
Tumbarumba to Robertson's	......	18
Robertson's to Merret's	......	4
Merret's to Dixon's Swamp	......	26
Dixon's to Albury	......	29
Albury to Chiltern	......	20
Total	......	138 miles.

For the distance from Merret's to Dixon's Swamp I have to depend on Mr. Merret's word, but all the others are given from personal observation. Many of the large parties of Adelaide men will bear me out in the above statement of distances, and few of them will be inclined to adopt Colonel Freeling's opinion, that their best route is by Twofold Bay. Parties have come from Melbourne to the top of Lob's Hole in fifteen days, paying only £3 for their fare by an American waggon. From the top of Lob's Hole they could go in a day, thus completing the journey in sixteen days, at an expense of £3. I do not believe the journey from Eden could be performed in twice that time, and certainly not with half the comfort; and whatever route the Government of this colony may mark out as being the nearest from the boundary line, I am quite convinced that the great bulk of the passenger and goods traffic will ultimately be by way of the Tumut and Lob's Hole. You will observe that the New South Wales people are taking the alarm at the fact of the residents in Victoria being likely to monopolise the track of the Snowy River, and as the firstfruits of this alarm is a clamour for the establishment of custom-houses along the frontiers. This may answer the purpose of a few antiquated gentlemen in Sydney, but it is questionable if the people of such towns as Albury will coincide in such a movement. If Sydney merchants want to enjoy a monopoly at the expense of those in Victoria, I do not see why our Belvoir, Goormadda, Wahgunyah, Wooragay, and Tarrawingee farmers should be compelled to compete with those on the other side of the Murray. To prevent this will necessitate the establishment of custom houses at Wodonga and other places on the Murray, and the only real sufferers will be the residents on the Snowy River, if left to the tender mercies of the New South Wales slow coaches, and the farmers and settlers on the wrong side of the Murray. Any Albury resident knows that the short time that a custom house existed on either side of the Murray a few years ago, their township was put back fully twenty years. Should the same policy be attempted again, it is just possible that something more may be heard of the proposal to annex the whole of that district to Victoria, or to form it into a separate colony. I am afraid you will think I am trespassing too much on your space, and with a word or two as to the latest news from Snowy River I shall close. I left Kiandra on the evening of the 6th instant, and came out about eight miles on the road to Lob's Hole that evening; at that time the weather was beautiful, and in fact up to the 14th the same report has reached me from reliable sources. On the evening of Thursday, the 3rd, a slight fall of snow took place, and at the Nine Mile Rush, where I was staying, the snow was about two inches thick on Friday morning. On my coming into the township early the same morning no traces of snow could be seen, except on the high hills, and in the afternoon it was all gone from the Nine Mile also. During the whole of the week that I was there the creek parties were at work; and a party, on whom I can rely, informs me that, on the 14th, the Eurumbene was lower than it had been for two months previous. The great majority of those on the ground do not believe a word of the stories told about the heavy snow. In fact, when you push an old Maneroo hand to the wall, all you can get out of him is, that those residing near the mountains could see them under snow all the winter through. This, of course, proves nothing; there may be snow-drifts in which mobs of cattle may have been lost, but that this can be the case all over the plains seems incredible. Trade of all kinds was rather dull, on account of the population being so much reduced. Flour was not to be had at almost any price; there was a good supply at Russell's, but teams were refusing £20 per ton to carry from thence to the township. A number of old Californians were going into the trade of packing from Russell's to the Nine Mile and township; the distance to the former place is about ten miles, and the road a very good one. Many parties of miners were engaged in packing over a winter's stock of provisions, and all who were doing anything seem determined to brave the worst. The police arrangements are, as formerly, in a very unsatisfactory state; though the number of policemen are increased they have not the necessary machinery for checking the career of the many thieves who abound in that locality. It is to be hoped that before the advent of spring they may be in a position to effectually rid the diggings of those pests of all new rushes. A little more energetic use of the Vagrant Act would be beneficial, and were one or two of the officers from Sydney or Cockatoo Island to visit the locality, they might be able to reclaim a few of their old acquaintances. In other articles of food a slight rise had taken place, but all things considered, the prices may be said to be reasonable. Spirits of every kind are dull of sale, and Messrs. Josephs and Phillips, who started some six or seven weeks ago with two waggon loads of liquor, are reported to be returning, having stored their goods till spring.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Monday Evening.

The amount of Customs duties paid to-day is as follows:—

Brandy	......	......	£871	8	2
Gin	......	......	318	3	2
Liqueurs, cordials, or strong waters		......	1	0	0
Whisky	......	......	19	15	6
Rum	......	......	647	17	0
All other spirits	......	......	49	14	0
Wine	......	......	4	14	0
Tobacco and snuff	......	......	777	16	0
Cigars	......	......	19	4	5
Tea	......	......	13	15	0
Coffee and chicory	......	......	90	15	4
Sugar, unrefined	......	......	1	8	6
Opium	......	......	22	10	0
Pilotage	......	......	21	16	4
Dues	......	......	10	10	0
Total	......	......	£5270	7	5

The total earnings on the Great Southern Railway for the week ending, 26th May, 1860, amounted to £723 8s. 9d.; and the total number of passengers carried to 7845.

The total earnings on the Great Northern railway for the same period, amounted to £255 12s. 3d.; and the total number of passengers carried to 2700.

The monthly general meeting of the members of the Sydney Chamber of Commerce was held this day, at half-past three o'clock. The minutes of the previous meetings were read by the Secretary and confirmed. Messrs. John Binnie and Peden were elected members of the Chamber. Mr. Montefiore, on behalf of the deputation appointed to wait on the Government respecting the formation of a good road from Sydney to Kiandra, reported the result of their interview. He stated the Government intended expending money on the three roads from Merimbula, Eden, and Nelligen to Kiandra; and they were expending about £24,000 on the main road from Sydney to Goulburn. Sums of money were also to be expended on the roads from Queanbeyan to Cooma, and from Cooma to Russell's. The Government had also authorised the expenditure of £200 for making a dray road from Yass to Kiandra. With regard to the extension of the railway to Goulburn the Government expressed their willingness to forward it as soon as they had the opportunity. The Chairman expressed regret that such a few members should be present to hear this report, as it would appear the mercantile community took but little interest in the matter. A full report of the proceedings will be found in another part of our columns.

There has been some inquiry for green teas to-day, and large sales, ex Conradine Lackmann, have been made at slightly improved rates.

In sugars, a parcel of M over J, Manila refined, has been quitted at £39 per ton.

Messrs. Richardson and Wrench sold to-day, by auction, an allotment of land in Crown-street, Surry Hills, having 65 feet frontage, with five small cottages thereon, for £750. Also, an allotment in Clifford-street, Parramatta, for £22 10s. They have also sold privately 47 acres on the Campbell Hill Estate, near the Dog Trap Road, for £95. Allotments of land on the Ultimo Estate, £5 per foot; nine years lease of a small cottage on the Glebe Road, subject to £5 per annum ground rent, £65; and a piece of land, about twelve miles from Campbelltown, 34 acres, for £100.

The Alps Tunnel in Savoy.—The following are some details as to the state of the works at the tunnel under the Alps, on the Victor Emmanuel Railway:—The necessary buildings for the Bardonêche end of the tunnel are nearly completed. They are of very large proportions. The same works have been erected at the Modane, or Savoy end, but of a totally different design. Within the last two months, at Bardonêche, 2,000,000 of bricks have been made. The heading is being driven, as we have before stated, from each end, by the ordinary means; 820 metres have thus been carried on, with arch sheeting to about two-thirds of that length.—*Builder.*

A Singular Parish.—It is a singular fact that in the parish of St. Peter and St. Paul, Bath, though situated in the centre of the city, and containing the Abbey church (which gives the title to the Rectory of Bath), the Guildhall, the baths, the pump-rooms, markets, and four of the principal hotels, and comprising three thousand inhabitants, there is not a single private house, nor a person returned in the census as "gentleman," nor is there a clergyman, lawyer, or surgeon resident in it.—*Bath and Cheltenham Gazette.*

American Politicians.—At Cincinnatti I attended a great political convention, where 2000 people kept a noisy order in their entanglement of politics. The presiding genius was a long Yankee, who took off his coat, and appeared in his shirt-sleeves, without any apology. The whole affair would be an utter impossibility away from America. Every gentleman and well-educated man (and, by the way, they are marvellously few) abjures politics, and, in proportion to his sense, appears anxious to assure you he is not a politician. The land is ruled by a very indifferent set of men, raised to a brief power by hired underlings, who make it their daily calling. No one thing forebodes worse for these great people than the absence of men of probity and talent from their politics.—"*Our Brothers and Cousins*," by J. Macgregor.

Longevity of the Frog.—That frogs have been found in the heart of trees, in stone quarries, and other inaccessible recesses, is well known. The following is a fresh illustration: According to the *Gazette de Helsingborg*, a live frog has been found at a depth of fifteen feet below the surface of the soil at that place. When first seen the skin was spotted with red, which changed to yellow in the course of a few hours; the creature also appeared to be blind, but its vitality and vivacity gradually increased on exposure to the fresh air.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

Martyn's Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 248, Pitt-street, and 235, Castlereagh-street.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN holds a regular SALE BY AUCTION every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock, precisely. All parties sending horses or other stock, carriages, &c., are requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualification, &c., and amount of reserve, otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest bidder.

N.B.—No responsibility whatever incurred by accident in trying or breaking-in horses.

TUESDAY'S General Sale.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A pair of grey geldings, phaeton, and harness
The usual variety of saddle and harness horses
Carriages, gigs, dogcarts, spring-carts, drays, trucks, harness, saddlery, &c., &c.

Gig or Carriage Horses.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A very showy dark brown gelding, thoroughly broken, and a first-rate harness horse.
PEDIGREE.—Got by "Velocipede," dam by old "St. John," granddam, "Young Camerton," great granddam the imported Arab "Model."

Two heavy Draught Stallions
"Ploughboy"
"Clyde."

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions from Mr. David Pegram to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY, July 3,
"Ploughboy," iron-grey cart stallion, stands 16 hands inches high, 7 years old; got by Clyde out of a Suffolk punch mare: stanch in collar, and perfect in symmetry, and a sure foal getter.
"Clyde," a bright bay, with black points, stands 16 hands 1½ inch high; got by old Clyde out of a heavy Clydesdale mare; good in harness, and 7 years old.
They are sold as a change in the stud only is required.

Oil Cake, Sheep Fodder, &c.
Ex Lloyds.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions from Flower, Salting, and Co., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on THURSDAY next, June 7th, at 11 o'clock,
26 casks of oil cake, or about 3 tons
Several bags of sheep fodder, &c.

HORSE BAZAAR, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, Sydney
Established 1847.
BURT and CO. hold a regular sale by auction every day 11 o'clock.
Horses intended for sale should arrive at the Bazaar accompanied by instructions, one day previous, in order be properly dressed, tried, and shown.
The usual cash advances on invoices of saddlery, gigs, carriages, and other vehicles intended for unreserved sale, for which there is ample room under cover.
The private livery stables adjoin the Castlereagh-street entrance, and are wholly distinct from the sale stables.

Maitland Horses.

BURT and CO. are instructed by Mr. E. Chippendale, Font Hill, Maitland, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
10 large-sized powerful young horses, all broken to saddle and harness. Four are cart horses, with heavy trials; the other six are active powerful horses, suited for dogcart, spring-cart, or phaeton work.

☞ Just in time for the Opera.
Compasses, with sundials
Marine (day and night) and other Telescopes
Ivory, Japanned, and Morocco-bound Opera Glasses, very powerful
Field, Bush, and Excursion Glasses, &c., &c.
Manufactured by Dolland and Dixon.
To Opticians, Lovers of the Opera, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, June 5th, 1860, at 12 o'clock,
A small invoice of the undermentioned goods, comprising—
Compasses with sundials
Day and night marine and other telescopes
Ivory, japanned, and morocco-bound opera glasses, very powerful
Field glasses
Bush and excursion glasses.
The above are manufactured by Dolland and Dixon, and are all of the most powerful description; also neat and elegant.
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

Continuation of Sale of
Extensive Auction Sale of
Electro-Plated Ware
General Ironmongery
Best Curled Horsehair
Cutlery, assorted
Painters' Brushes
Jewellery
Papier Mache Ware.
Just landed, ex Asia.

To Upholsterers, Ironmongers, Painters, Jewellers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, June 5th, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
25 packages of the under-mentioned goods, viz.—
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
Candlesticks, cruet (7 holes), pickle, and liqueur
Framed cake baskets, salts, mustard
Peppers, egg frames, tablespoons, and forks, fish carver and forks, &c.
IRONMONGERY.
Gimlets, boxwood hand tools, tape measures
Polished iron stocks, table vices, brass padlocks, &c.
Copper kettles.
CUTLERY.
Balance handle knives and forks, carving knives and forks, breakfast ditto, steels, &c., &c., &c.
Painters' brushes
Large assortment of brushes.
JEWELLERY.
Rings, spectacles, watch bands, brooches, &c., &c.
PAPIER MACHE WARE.
Bread trays, waiters, sandwich bread trays, &c.
HORSEHAIR.
2 packages of the best curled horsehair.
GUNS.
Double-barrel guns and implements complete.
SUNDRIES.
Drawing pencils, whips, and numerous other articles.
Terms, cash.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY.

Men's and Boys' Cloth Caps
Men's Merino Vests
Ditto Shirts
Ditto Gloves
Ditto Waterproof Clothing
Ditto Pilot Cloth Trowsers
&c., &c., &c.

To Hatters, Drapers, Outfitters, and others.
Just landed, ex General Wyndham.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, June 6, 1860, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,
5 packages of the undermentioned goods, viz.,
Mens' black and brown cloth caps
Ditto light cloth and tweed ditto
Mens' fine merino shirts, bound with silk
Ditto worsted gloves, assorted
Ditto silk ditto
Ditto unbleached shirts
Ditto pilot cloth strapped riding trowsers
Ditto waterproof coats,
&c., &c., &c.
Positively without reserve.
Terms, cash.

Important Auction Sale of
Carved Gilt Pier Chimney Glasses.
Carved Gilt Pier Consol Glasses, with Five-feet Carved Gilt Consol Tables, Marble Tops, complete, 60 x 48.
Carved Gilt Pier Consol Glasses, with Five-feet Six-inches Carved Gilt Consol Tables, Marble Tops, complete, 70 x 50
Gilt Carved Chimney Glasses—60 x 50, 50 x 40, 40 x 30
Dressers, Cheval Glasses, &c., &c.

To Upholsterers, Private Gentlemen, Parties Furnishing, and others.
Just landed, ex Lloyds.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY, June 8th, 1860, at 11 o'clock punctually,
25 packages of
Gilt carved pier chimney glasses—60 x 50, 50 x 40, 40 x 30
Gilt carved pier consol glasses, with five feet carved gilt consol tables, marble tops, complete, 60 x 44
Gilt carved pier consol glasses, with five feet six inches carved gilt consol tables, marble tops, complete, 70 x 50
Assortment of cheval glasses and dressers.
Without the slightest reserve.
Terms at sale.

Gammon and Son's Celebrated Glassware.

To Dealers in Glassware, Shippers, Storekeepers, and others.
20 Packages of Glassware,
Just landed.
Consisting of Tumblers, Nobblers, Wines, &c., &c.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, June 5th, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
20 packages of Gammon and Son's celebrated glassware.
Just landed.
Terms at sale.

Important Auction Sale of
Damaged Blankets
Ditto Sac Coats
Ditto Fancy Doe Trousers
Ditto Navy Canvas
Ditto Black Cloth Vests
Ditto Linen Ticks
Ditto Bronze Oil Baize, &c.
To Drapers, Outfitters, Country Buyers, Storekeepers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, TO-MORROW (Wednesday), June 6th, 1860, at half-past 10 o'clock prompt,
On account of whom it may concern, ex George Marshall, Davison, master, from London,
Damaged by sea water.
WP.
§1—50 pairs 8-4½ best medium blankets, slightly damaged
2 pairs 8-4 wrappers
Tarpaulin double canvas, &c.
6—50 pairs 10-4½ best medium blankets, slightly damaged
2 pairs 8-4 wrappers
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
10—15 pairs 11-4 super white blankets, slightly damaged
15 pairs ditto ditto ditto, ditto
8 pairs 12-4 ditto ditto, ditto
2 pairs 8-4 wrappers
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
12—50 pairs 9-4 best medium blankets, slightly damaged
2 pairs 7-4 wrappers
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
13—50 pairs 9-4½ best medium blankets, slightly damaged
2 pairs 7-4 wrappers
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
35—117 mats assorted, much damaged
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
39—40 gents' Tasmanian sac coats, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
40—40 gents' Tasmanian sac coats, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
43—40 gents' Tasmanian sac coats, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
44—40 gents' Tasmanian sac coats, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
45—75 pairs gents' fancy doe trousers, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
55—75 pairs gents' fancy doe trousers, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
71—18 pieces navy canvas striped, slightly damaged
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
78—150 gents' black cloth vests, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
29—60 gents' super black cloth coats, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
80—59 gents' super black cloth coats, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
81—45 gents' super black cloth coats, much damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
84—65 pairs gents' black doeskin trousers, much damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
85—74 pairs boys' and youths' fancy doe trousers, much damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
87—70 pairs super black doe trousers, slightly damaged
Trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
89—103 gents' fancy doeskin vests, trunk and tarpaulin, &c.
C §.
1—9 pieces linen tick, slightly damaged
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
2—9 pieces linen tick, slightly damaged
Tarpaulin, double canvas
3—9 pieces linen tick, slightly damaged
Tarpaulin, double canvas
LCCo §.
5—10 pieces 8-4 bronze oil baizes, slightly damaged.
Case lined tin.
Terms, cash.

☞ Choice Works of Art, in Alabaster and Marble.
To the Dilittante, Lovers of the Fine Arts, Connoisseurs, and others.

Remainder of the shipment of Alabaster and Marble Goods, to be positively Sold in consequence of Mr. Simonetti leaving the premises.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell on the Premises of Mr. G. Simonetti, 417, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel, on WEDNESDAY, June 6, 1860, at 12 o'clock,
The remainder of all his alabaster and marble ornaments, &c., viz.,
Figures, vases
Marble tables, an excellent assortment, all sizes
Figures for gardens, lobbies, &c., in bronze
Flower centres for ceilings, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

Quicksilver.

Auction Sale, FRIDAY, June 8th, 1860.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY, June 8th, 1860, at 12 o'clock precisely,
15 bottles of quicksilver.
Terms at sale.

Continuation of the Sale of
English Furniture.
Just landed, ex Asia.

Highly Important to Upholsterers, Furniture Buyers, Parties Furnishing, and others.
Comprising—
Drawingroom Suites
Easy Chairs, Canterburys
Loo Tables, Dinner Waggons
Upholsterers' Materials
Brussels Carpets
Crumb and Stair Cloths
Door Mats, &c.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, FRIDAY, June 8, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The remainder of the English furniture, viz.,
Drawingroom suites
Superior mahogany chairs, stuffed and covered in crimson morocco, all hair
Walnut commodes, solid tops
Inlaid chess tables
Easy chairs
Lady's chair, covered in crimson and gold silk
Mahogany hall chairs
Mahogany and walnut loo tables
Walnut work tables
Oak hat-stands
Mahogany patent rising glass
Walnut occasional tables
Lady's rosewood easy chair, in rose watered silk
Gilt banding with ornaments
Curtain bands, cords, and tassels
Worsted cords and tassels, cord
Curtain tassels with gilt moulding
Hearthrugs, Brussels carpets
Crumb and stair cloths
Door mats, &c.
Terms at sale.

Patna Rice
Bottled Fruits.
On account of whom it may concern.

PEEK and FOTHERINGHAM will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
30 bags Patna rice, each about 1¼ cwt.
C over CB and Co
31 cases Whybrow's bottled fruits, each 2 dozen.
Terms at sale.

Half-chests Congou Tea.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Cyclone.
For Auction Sale, WEDNESDAY next, the 6th instant.

Important to Grocers, Storekeepers, Country Buyers, and others.

PEEK and FOTHERINGHAM have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
Ex Cyclone.
C in diamond over T. H
130 half-chests fine congou tea.
Terms at sale.
The above are all at the rooms of the auctioneers, where samples can be obtained.

Champion's Vinegar.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Asia, Baer, master, from London.
Damaged by sea water.

PEEK and FOTHERINGHAM have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
C—52 cases Champion's quart vinegar, each 2 dozen.
Terms, cash.

Gouda Cheese.

For Positive Sale. Without reserve.

PEEK and FOTHERINGHAM have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
300 Gouda cheese.
Terms at sale.

To Grocers, Storekeepers, Country Buyers, and others.

Hill and Ledger's 1-lb Jams
Potts' Vinegar
Muscatel Raisins
Jordan Almonds
North Wilts Cheese
Oilmen's Stores, &c.

Day of Sale—WEDNESDAY next, the 6th instant.

PEEK and FOTHERINGHAM have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
20 cases Hill and Ledger's 1-lb. jams, in tins
20 quarter-casks Potts' No. 24 vinegar
7 cases finest muscatels, new fruit, just landed
2 ditto ditto Jordan almonds, ditto ditto
9 ditto North Wilts cheese
300 Gouda cheese
8 cases Wotherspoon's confectionary
50 boxes Eleme raisins
50 half-boxes ditto ditto
8 casks Batty's jar salt
15 ditto May and Martin's blacking
10 cases 1-lb. salmon
20 ditto 1-lb. mustard
30 ditto ½-lb. ditto
100 half-chests congou tea
200 cases tobacco pipes
10 ditto assorted sauces
8 caroteels currants
6 kegs Cork rose butter
300 mats light Java sugar
200 ditto dark ditto ditto
20 cases 2-lb. oysters
30 ditto bottled fruits
30 bags Patna rice
20 casks split peas
10 cases quart castor oil
5 ditto pint capers, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Surplus Stores,
Ex Hannah More.

For Auction Sale, on Macnamara's Wharf, FRIDAY afternoon next, 8th instant, at 2 o'clock prompt.
Flour
Suet
Oatmeal
Rice, &c., &c.

PEEK and FOTHERINGHAM have received instructions to sell by auction, on Macnamara's Wharf, on FRIDAY afternoon next, the 8th instant, at 2 o'clock prompt,
Surplus stores, ex Hannah More,

Flour	Lime juice
Bread	Molasses
Peas	Oatmeal
Preserved potatoes	Raisins
Preserved vegetables	Arrowroot
Rice	Emden groats
Pepper	Barley
Pickles	Mustard
Table salt	Spirits of wine
Concentrated milk	Suet
Kegs, lanterns	Buckets
Charcoal	Coke, &c., &c.

Terms, cash.

To Potatoe Merchants and others.
New Zealand Potatoes.

THIS DAY, June 5th, at half-past 2 o'clock.

MESSRS. DURHAM and IRWIN have been instructed by the importers to sell by public auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Brown and Hill, on the Grafton Wharf, THIS DAY, the 5th June, at half-past 2 o'clock,
50 tons of New Zealand potatoes.
All being in first-class condition, and which can be highly recommended to the trade generally.
Terms, cash.

In the Assignment of the Estate of Messrs. Walker and Son, Flour and Produce Merchants, corner of York and Market streets.

Flour, Bran, Wheat, Barley, Oats, Maize, Woolpacks, Three-bushel Bags, Weights, Scales, Measures, Iron Safe, Letter Press, Office Furniture, Horses, Drays, Spring Carts, Dogcarts, and Harness.

THIS DAY, 5th June.

MESSRS. DURHAM and IRWIN have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Stores lately in the occupation of Messrs. Walker and Son, corner of York and Market streets, THIS DAY, 5th June, at 11 o'clock,
5 bags flour
271 ditto bran
116 ditto barley
359 ditto seed oats (California)
52 ditto ditto (Calcutta)
20 ditto maize
100 ditto wheat tailings
100 woolpacks
3 horses
1 dray
2 spring carts
1 dogcart
3 sets of harness
1 weighing machine. Also,
Weights, scales, measures, three-bushel bags, letter press, office furniture, &c.
Terms, cash.
No reserve.

To Produce and Commission Merchants.
Residue of Lease for Unreserved Sale.

THIS DAY, 5th June.

In the Assignment of the Estate of Messrs. Walker and Son, flour and produce merchants, corner of York and Market streets.

MESSRS. DURHAM and IRWIN have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the stores lately in the occupation of Messrs. Walker and Son, corner of York and Market streets, THIS DAY, 5th June, at 12 o'clock precisely,
The residue of the lease (namely six years and five months) of those commodious and first-class business premises, corner of York and Market streets, with large frontages to same, known as Messrs. Walker and Son's Produce Stores, together with superior stabling accommodation, subject to the comparatively low rental of £260 per annum.
The auctioneers specially invite the attention of all produce merchants to the above sale, the premises being replete, commodious, and situated in one of the most central and convenient parts of the city. The trade connexion of this establishment being of long standing, and the trustees having allowed the sale of produce to continue since the assignment of the above estate, in order to keep that connexion together, the parties purchasing will have the full benefit of this large and old-established business.
Terms at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THIS DAY, Tuesday, 5th June.

Notice to Purchasers of Drapery, Ready-made Clothing, &c.

CHATTO and HUGHES remind purchasers of the above that their sales take place THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Comprising
75 bales and cases of new and seasonable drapery, ex King Lear and Hollinside
19 cases of new and seasonable ready-made clothing.
And on account of whom it may concern,
Ex Wansfell, Jones, Master, from Liverpool,
27 cases French merinos, doeskin trousers, winceys, &c.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.

TUESDAY, 5th June.
To Drapers
To Storekeepers and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers, to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, the 5th June, at 11 o'clock,
75 bales and cases of new and seasonable drapery, ex King Lear and Hollenside, comprising
Flounced robes, Scotch tweeds, broadcloths
Black alpacas, black coburgs, fringes
7-4 French twills, French merino, underclothing
Brown hollands, buff window hollands
Venetian blinds, toilet fringes, white counterpanes
British delaines, longcloths, grey domestics
Huckaback, Irish linens, furniture prints
Damask table linens, doylies, Scotch hollands
West tweeds, broadcloths, gala plaids, tartans
Honeycomb cloths, embroidered robes
Glass cloths, wincey skirts, figured alpacas
Crossover winseys, hard tartans, striped cloakings
Winsey trimming, purple prints, cloth mantles
8-4 bleached damask, petticoat winceys
Striped cloakings, cotton ticks, wool sleeves
Cachmere hoods, fancy trimmings, mohair fringes
Gingham umbrellas, mantle cloths
Forfar linen, &c.
Terms at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 5th June.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Wansfell, Jones, Master, from Liverpool.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 5th June, at 11 o'clock,
On account of whom it may concern,
Ex Wansfell, Jones, master, from Liverpool,
JP over 8 in square—
§75—1 case containing 19 pieces wincey, slightly damaged by sea water
78—1 ditto 250 petticoat skirts, much ditto ditto ditto
79—1 ditto 250 ditto ditto, much ditto ditto ditto
76—1 ditto 31 pieces clan galas, slightly ditto ditto
47—1 ditto 24 pieces 32-inch winceys, slightly ditto ditto ditto
5 pieces 6-4 druggets, slightly ditto ditto ditto
49—1 ditto 24 pieces 34-inch winceys, much ditto ditto ditto
6 pieces 28-inch winceys, much ditto ditto ditto
84—1 ditto 50 pieces purple prints, much ditto ditto
87—1 ditto 63 pieces furniture prints, much ditto ditto ditto
130—1 ditto 60 pairs fine doeskin trousers, slightly ditto ditto ditto
97—1 ditto 22 pieces French merinos, much ditto ditto ditto
131—1 ditto 85 pairs fancy tweed trousers, slightly ditto ditto ditto
43 pairs doeskin trousers, ditto ditto ditto
86—1 ditto 50 pieces purple prints, much ditto ditto
122—1 ditto 67 pairs mixed doeskin trousers, slightly ditto ditto ditto
60 pairs tweed ditto, ditto ditto ditto
127—1 ditto 84 pairs tweed trousers, slightly ditto ditto ditto
52 vests ditto, ditto ditto ditto
120—1 ditto 118 pairs superfine black cloth trousers, slightly ditto ditto ditto
156—1 ditto 16 pieces 7-4 all-wool tartans, slightly ditto ditto ditto
96—1 ditto 24 pieces coloured French merinos, slightly ditto ditto ditto
161—1 ditto 31 pieces gala plaids, slightly ditto ditto
164—1 ditto 40 pieces chain plaids, much ditto ditto
129—1 ditto 60 pairs fine black doeskin trousers, slightly ditto ditto ditto
126—1 ditto 79 pairs tweed trousers, slightly ditto ditto
158—1 ditto 100 wincey skirts, slightly ditto ditto ditto
50 jupon à quille, ditto ditto ditto
99—1 ditto 9 pieces 7-4 French twills, slightly ditto ditto ditto
20 pieces 7-4 French twills
170—1 ditto 32 pieces 3-4 winceys, slightly ditto ditto
152—1 ditto 46 pieces 6-4 fancy cross-overs, much ditto ditto ditto
169—1 ditto 24 pieces 3-4 winceys, slightly ditto ditto
98—1 ditto 27 pieces coloured French merinos, slightly ditto ditto ditto.
Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 5th June.

To Drapers.
To Outfitters and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 5th June, at 11 o'clock,
19 cases of new and seasonable ready-made clothing,
Ex King Lear and Hollenside,
Comprising
Black doe trousers, crimean sac coats
Mixed tweed trousers, coloured doe trousers
Crimean shirts, tweed vest and trousers to match
Black cloth oxonians, walking coats
American reefing jackets, pilot monkey jackets
Boys' and youths' doe trousers, pongee handkerchiefs
Braces, boys' tweed suits, men's lambswool shirts
Merino under-shirts, beaufort ties
Printed cerahs, black brussels squares
Regatta shirts, men's white shirts
Boys' and youths' shirts, boys' doe sacs, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THURSDAY, 7th June.

To Boot and Shoe Makers.
To Storekeepers.
119 Trunks Boots and Shoes.
Just landed ex King Lear and Transatlantic.
☞ For positively unreserved sale.

CHATTO and HUGHES have been instructed by the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, George-street, on THURSDAY, 7th instant, at 11 o'clock,
119 trunks boots and shoes, now landed ex King Lear and Transatlantic, and comprising the following seasonable assortment, viz.:—
Girls' 10 to 13 cloth button boots, welts, patent goloshed top, peg heels
Girls' 6 to 9 ditto ditto ditto ditto
Women's best felt boots
Women's patent silk slippers, fur bound, elastic fronts
Women's cashmere boots, welds patent vamps
Women's ditto pumps, patent vamps
Women's black and coloured cashmere boots, pumps, patent calf, vamps
Women's best French cashmere boots, pumps, patent calf, vamps, B.B.
Women's ditto ditto ditto, ditto, military heels
Women's cloth boots, welts, patent goloshed, T.P. heels
Women's memel boots, welts, military heels
Women's best kid boots, welts, patent calf, vamps, H. sides, false buttons, M.H.
Women's ditto ditto, ditto, side lace
Men's second army bluchers
Men's best kip bluchers, sprigged
Men's best army bluchers
Men's second memel leg calf, goloshed, side springs, sprigged
Men's memel calf leg, goloshed, side springs, welted
Men's ditto ditto ditto, ditto, square edges
Men's best kid leg, patent goloshed sides, springs, dress
Men's best calf short boots, clumps
Men's calf wellingtons, sprigged
Men's best artillery wellingtons, sprigged, goloshed with steel points
Men's calf wellingtons, clumps, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 7th June.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
Boots and Shoes.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex King Lear, Condace, from London.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, 7th instant, at 11 o'clock,
On account of whom it may concern.
J&S over 8 in diamond,
§53—1 trunk, 72 pairs women's cashmere boots, pumps, patent fronts
54—1 trunk, 72 pairs women's black and coloured cashmere boots
74—1 trunk, 45 pairs men's best kip bluchers
78—1 trunk, 45 pairs men's best army bluchers
79—1 trunk, 45 pairs best kip bluchers, extra high backs, sprigged, with points
80—1 trunk, same contents
81—1 trunk, same contents
86—1 trunk, 40 pairs best memel leg calf, goloshed sides
87—1 trunk, same contents
89—1 trunk, same contents
95—1 trunk, 36 pairs best calf sportsmen's boots, clumped.
All slightly damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

FRIDAY, 8th June.
Saddlery.

☞ Preliminary Notice.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY, 8th June, at 11 o'clock,
Invoices of superior English saddlery.
☞ Full particulars in a future issue.

MANNING RIVER.

VALUABLE BLOCK of AGRICULTURAL LAND, containing 69 acres, situated on OXLEY ISLAND, MANNING RIVER, a portion of which has been cleared and brought under cultivation.
Title—Grant from the Crown to present vendor

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 11th June, at 11 o'clock,
All that valuable block of land containing, by admeasurement, 69 acres, more or less, situated on OXLEY ISLAND, MANNING RIVER, to which it has extensive deep water frontage, being the land proclaimed by Government as lot 4, on the 15th September, 1856.
☞ About 18 acres of the above block of land have been cleared, and a portion of it brought under cultivation. It has a constant supply of good water from a never-failing spring, and, as an agricultural property possessing the advantage of direct water communication with the Sydney market by the Manning River steamers and coasters, it is worth particular attention from practical farmers.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

TERRY'S MEADOWS,
that celebrated and truly-magnificent
AGRICULTURAL ESTATE,
comprising about
THREE THOUSAND ACRES,
in the heart of the
FAMED ILLAWARRA DISTRICT,
subdivided into
FORTY-EIGHT FARMS,
containing, each farm, about
20 TO 150 ACRES
of the most valuable and the
RICHEST ARABLE LAND
in
NEW SOUTH WALES.

TERMS.—One-third cash; the residue may remain secured on the property for a term of years, at a low rate of interest.

TITLE, unquestionable. Full particulars can be ascertained on application to W. W. BILLYARD, Esq., solicitor, Hunter-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at
THE QUEEN'S HOTEL,
WOLLONGONG, on
MONDAY, 18th JUNE,
at 12 o'clock,
The whole of that valuable and beautiful agricultural property,
TERRY'S MEADOWS,
comprising about 3000 ACRES, in the very heart of the notoriously rich
ILLAWARRA DISTRICT.
Large plan on view at the Rooms in Sydney, where also lithographs can be obtained. Plans will also be on view at the Queen's Head Hotel, and the several public places of resort in Wollongong.
Lunch will be provided.

THE PYRMONT FOUNDRY.

PYRMONT AND MARIAN STREETS, PYRMONT, With all the Plant, including a 12-horse horizontal steam engine, double and single purchase, Foundry Crane, &c., &c.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 11th June, at 11 o'clock,
All that extensive block of freehold land, having a frontage of about 126½ feet to Marian-street, at the corner of Pyrmont-street, to which latter street it has also a frontage of about 25 feet, being lots 30, 31, and 32 of the Pyrmont estate, on which is erected a range of stone-built premises, known as
THE PYRMONT FOUNDRY,
formerly in the occupation of Mr. John Fyfe, but now rented by Mr. Hargreaves.
The plant comprises a capital 12-horse power horizontal engine, with boiler complete; a foundry crane, double and single purchase; iron copula, shafts, large cog-wheel, moulding boxes, &c., &c., an inventory of which can be inspected at the rooms.
☞ The attention of engineers and others is directed to the sale of this well-known property, in the most convenient locality in Pyrmont, close to the bridge and the proposed railway terminus.
Terms, liberal.

In the Insolvent Estate of Robert Fisher.
By order of the official assignee.

CASTLEREAGH-STREET SOUTH.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from John Morris, Esq., official assignee, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 11th June, at 11 o'clock,
All that allotment of land, being part of the Redfern estate, commencing on the west side of CASTLEREAGH-STREET, at a point 276 feet distant from its junction with Cleveland-street, and having a frontage of 30 feet to Castlereagh-street, with depth of 100 feet.
☞ This is a capital site, in a fine healthy locality adjoining the late residence of Mr. Fisher.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 5th June.

To Plated Ware Dealers, Upholsterers, Ironmongers, and others.

Continuation of Sale at Mr. C. F. Edwards'.
Elegant Electro-plated Ware
Guns and Pistols, Revolvers
Single and Double Barrelled Guns
Single-barrelled Carbines
Shot, Balls
American Clocks, Musical Boxes.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, on the premises of Mr. C. F. Edwards, ironmonger, George-street, THIS DAY, the 5th June, and following days, at 11 o'clock,
Without reserve,
Commencing with the
CLOCKS and PLATED WARE.
Best electro-plated sugar basins
Ditto ditto cream jugs
Ditto ditto toast racks and butter coolers
Ditto ditto salts and mustards
Ditto plated salvers and fruit baskets
Ditto cruet frames, 4, 5, 6, 7 holes
Black japanned cruets, 4, 5, 6 holes
Best electro-plated tea and coffee services
Ditto plated pillar candlesticks
Ditto branches, two lights
Ditto teakettle and stands
Ditto chamber candlesticks, snuffers, and trays
Cases of electro-plated dessert knives and forks
Ditto containing 2 dozen knives and forks and carvers
Publicans' metal jugs
Single and double barrelled pistols
Horse ditto and dagger ditto
Six barrelled revolvers
Single and double barrelled guns
Ditto ditto carbines (John Hope and Son's)
Bowie knives, table knives and forks
Leather portmanteaus
Shower baths, with pump, complete
Sets coffin furniture, black, white, and gilt
Long-handled fryingpans, 1 to 8
Flanged metal beer measures, glass bottoms, half, pint, and quart
Straight metal beer measures
Ditto ditto spirit measures
Wilkinson's sheepshears, hearth brooms and handles
Iron bedsteads, assorted
Eight-day clocks, striking, inlaid, &c.
Hinges, masons' chisels and mallets
Blacksmiths' and stone hammers
Box irons, Italian irons and heaters
Davies' glasscloth, Nos. 1 to 3
Truck and barrow wheels, wheel spindles
Sets brass weights, 7, 4, and 2 lbs., downwards
Round and oblong counter machines
Copper wire, bottling wire
Shot, AA, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
29 bags swan drops, balls
Sets garden tools, rakes, twine.
Terms at sale.
☞ Catalogues ready at Mart.

Haslam's Creek, Parramatta Road.
23 acres 2 roods of Land, with a substantial six-roomed Verandah House.

Preliminary Notice.

T. W. BOWDEN will sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, 7th June, at 11 o'clock,
Three small farms, with a substantial six-roomed verandah house erected on one of them, adjoining William Haslam's property, which forms the western boundary. On the east it is bounded by part of M'Guire's grant, now the property of James Belcher; and on the north by the Parramatta Road five chains, a little more or less.
Lot 1 contains 6 acres 3 roods, having the frontage to the Parramatta Road on which the buildings are erected.
Lot 2 adjoins on the southern side, and contains 6 acres 3 roods.
Lot 3 contains 10 acres, and lies between Lot 2 and the railway line, bounded on the north by Lot 2.
A plan on view at the Rooms.

Five Acres of Rich Arable Land.

On the banks of the River Hunter, directly opposite Morpeth.

T. W. BOWDEN is instructed to sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 14th of June, at 11 o'clock,
A very rich and highly productive piece of land, on the banks of the Hunter River, directly opposite Morpeth, having a very long frontage formed by a point or slight bend in the river at that part, and originally formed part of the well-known Phoenix Park Estate; and bounded on the south and east by a line bearing west 22½ degrees east, 282 feet; on the north by a reserved road, 594 feet; and in other respects by the river Hunter.
The auctioneer has much pleasure in directing the attention of persons residing on both sides of the river, in the vicinity of Morpeth, to the sale of this valuable block of land, for which many private offers have been declined; but the trustees, under whose direction the sale will be made, have determined that it shall be disposed of by public sale to the highest bidder.
Terms at sale.

The CROWN and ANCHOR INN, NEWTOWN.

Near the Toll-bar, on the high ground, near the English Church, on the main road to Kingston, Enmore, and Cook's River, immediately surrounded by numerous houses, erected on the Bligh-terrace Estate.

T. W. BOWDEN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of June, at 11 o'clock,
All that valuable property, known as the CROWN AND ANCHOR INN, situated in the busiest and most populous part of Newtown, immediately opposite the residence of Mr. Aldis, having a great number of houses in the rear, and now doing a first-rate trade. The house is built of brick, the wall 14 inches thick, on a stone foundation, and contains seven rooms, with coach-house, stables, and the usual out-offices. The yard is extensive, securely enclosed, and contains a well of good water. The frontage to the Newtown Road is 37 feet 9 inches by a depth of 108 feet on one side, and 95 feet on the other, affording sufficient room for the enlargement of the present building, or the addition of a large shop for any other business. In front of the building is a balcony, commanding very pleasing views. The whole premises are of a substantial character and worthy the notice of all parties interested in good permanent properties for occupation or investment.
The proprietor is about to leave for England, which is the only reason for parting with the property.
Plan on view.
Terms at sale.

Roxburgh Cottage, Waverley Road.

In the Estate of Mr. Edward M'Roberts, by order of John Morris, Esq., the Official Assignee.

T. W. BOWDEN is instructed to sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 7th of June, at 11 o'clock,
The family residence on the South Head Road, directly opposite the Paddock, adjoining Hough's Mill, known as "Roxburgh Cottage," substantially erected of stone at a very great cost. In front is a neat flower garden. The house contains a verandah, hall, and four good rooms on the ground floor, with two kitchens in the basement story. A well of water with pump in the yard. The plot of ground has about 50 feet frontage to the main road, along which omnibuses frequently pass throughout the day. A carriage entry by the side of the house. The roof is slated and the house well situated, commanding extensive views of the harbour and the many country residences around. It is only five minutes' walk from Waverley or Paddington, being equi-distant from both.
The title is a 99-years' lease, at a ground rent of twenty-six pounds per annum.

Unexceptionable Securities for the outlay of Capital.

An Elegant Suburban Residence
Two Verandah Cottages, and
Four Building Allotments, Surry Hills.

T. W. BOWDEN has been favoured with instructions from the proprietor (who is about leaving the colony) to sell by public auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, on THURSDAY, the 7th June, at 11 o'clock,
The undermentioned truly valuable properties, situated in Botany-street, Surry Hills:—
Lot 1.—Somerset House (49 feet to Botany-street, more or less) is an elegant family residence, substantially built of brick on a stone foundation, containing six rooms, with pantry, cellar, detached kitchen, wood shed, stable, coach house, and hay loft. The garden contains some choice fruit trees and a never-failing supply of pure water in the driest season. The whole securely fenced and in thorough repair.
☞ This property will on inspection be found well worthy the attention of parties in search of a choice and convenient family residence, and would readily command a very handsome rental. The whole or a portion of the furniture may be taken at a valuation.
The situation and premises are very suitable for an inn, being the last house on the Randwick Road on leaving the city, and the first on approaching from the country villages and residences in that direction. The regular traffic on the Randwick Road has wonderfully increased within the last 12 months, and the number of pleasure-takers who pass and re-pass daily is very great, but on holidays is truly astonishing.
Lot 2.—A Building Allotment, adjoining the above, having frontage to Botany-street of 31 feet, by a depth of 95 feet 6 inches, more or less
Lot 3.—The adjoining allotment, and similar to lot 2.
Lot 4.—Is a two-roomed verandah Cottage, with detached kitchen, yard, &c., &c., situate in the rear of No. 3.
Lot 5.—Is a two-roomed verandah Cottage adjoining, and in every respect similar to lot No. 4.
☞ The Auctioneer has much pleasure in offering and recommending to the public generally, properties of such real value as the above, faultless as regards healthiness of situation, and domestic comfort; therefore it is to be hoped that capitalists and others will not allow these properties to escape their notice, more particularly as the proprietor is determined to sell, on account of his early departure from the colony.
A plan of the properties can be seen, and cards to view the same obtainable, at the Rooms of the auctioneer.
Terms at sale.

In the Vice Admiralty Court, New South Wales.

IN RE BARQUE WILLIAM WATSON.

T. W. BOWDEN is instructed by the Marshall of the Vice Admiralty Court, to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, 7th June, at 11 o'clock,
The first lot to be offered,
The British barque WILLIAM WATSON, built at the Clyde in 1845, of 480 tons register, and 750 tons burthen, now in the port of Newcastle, where possession will be given of her. She is copper fastened, and was metalled with Muntz metal about two years since, when she was thoroughly overhauled and is now in excellent order and fit to sail to any port. Her inventory is very extensive, comprising among other things two full suits of sails, one being nearly new, and a third suit nearly complete. She has three good boats and splendid ground tackle and gear. She recently belonged to Willis's line of packet ships, and brought out emigrants to New Zealand in her last passage from England. The chief officer is in charge of the ship, and will allow all persons to inspect her who may wish to do so.
Terms at sale.

APSLEY COTTAGES,
Camperdown, a little beyond the Red Lion.

T. W. BOWDEN is instructed to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 14th June, at 11 o'clock,
Two brick-built verandah houses, near the Governor Bourke Inn, Camperdown, each containing four rooms, passage, large attic, and detached kitchen; a supply of water and large yard to each house. The frontage to Parramatta Road is 72 feet, by a depth of 100 feet to Purkis-street, with frontage also to that street of 72 feet. The houses front Purkis-street, are neat comfortable buildings, with French windows in front, and are in very good repair.
The frontage to Parramatta Road has been reserved for the erection of shops, and at present a temporary building, 21 feet by 12 feet, used as a butcher's shop, occupies part of the frontage.
☞ A ground plan and elevation can be seen at the Rooms.
Title satisfactory.

For Positive Sale.

Two substantial, roomy, and well situated Family Residences, on the Missenden Road, about mid-way between Newtown Road and Parramatta Road, having St. Paul's College and grounds immediately in front of them.

T. W. BOWDEN is authorised to sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 14th day of June, at 11 o'clock,
Two new commodious and substantially built verandah houses, on the western side of the Missenden Road, only a few minutes ride from the city by the omnibuses, which travel every five minutes to Newtown, and others to Camperdown, on the Parramatta Road. The houses are so situated that the 'buses by either route may be used.
The buildings are of brick, on stone foundations, verandahs back and front. A good hall through the house, four very good sized and lofty rooms, a kitchen, servant's room, and pantry. The roofs of the houses slated, the verandahs corrugated galvanised iron with concave sweep, giving a very neat finish to the front of the houses, and adding much to their comfort.
A neat flower garden in front, beautiful views of the University, St. Paul's College and grounds, the Glebe, and residences in that direction, which can never be interrupted, but will be greatly improved as the trees and shrubs grow up in the large domain around the public buildings in front.
These houses are worthy the notice of any person anxious to enjoy the pure air and quietude of the suburbs, and at the same time be able in a few minutes, with certainty, and at a trifling cost, to be in the heart of the city. No necessary expense has been spared in the erection of them—the cost has exceeded £2000. Mr. John Walker occupies one of them, and will show the premises to all applicants. Water to both houses. French windows opening into the front verandahs. Good frontage and depth, with a second street at the rear.
Title, freehold. Terms at sale.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1488233

SALES BY AUCTION.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Waterloo, John Young, commander from London.
More or less damaged by sea water.
Bronze Fenders.

MESSRS. A. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, June the 5th, at 11 o'clock,
B over ES in triangle.
507 to 512
6 cases containing 4 bronze fenders, No. 118, each 3 feet 9, 4 feet, 4 feet 3
4 electro bronze ditto, No. 156, each 4 feet, 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6
4 ditto ditto, No. 164, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 ditto ditto, No. 161, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 new bronze ditto, No. 171, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 ditto ditto, No. 184, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
513 to 518 6 cases, containing
4 bronze fenders, No. 158, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 ditto ditto, No. 162, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 electro bronze ditto, No. 174, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 ditto ditto, No. 173, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 new ditto ditto, No. 159, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
4 ditto ditto ditto, No. 160, each 4 feet 3, 4 feet 6, 4 feet 9
Terms, cash.

Unredeemed Pledges.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed by Mr. J. R. Baker, pawnbroker, South Head Road, to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, 5th June, at 11 o'clock, at his Mart, Pitt and Park streets,
Clothing, silk dresses, coats, trousers, vests, boots, shoes, tools, books, watches, jewellery, and sundries.
Terms, cash.

Stock of a Country Storekeeper.
By order of the Trustees.

In the Assignment Estate of Mr. George Lane, Morpeth.
Removed for convenience of Sale.

THIS DAY, June 5th, and WEDNESDAY, June 6th.

To Country Storekeepers, Drapers, Outfitters, Milliners, Tailors, Dealers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed by the trustees in the above estate to sell by auction, at his New Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, June 5th, and WEDNESDAY, June 6th, commencing each day at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,
The well-selected stock of Mr. George Lane, of Morpeth, comprising
Flannels, blankets, French merinos
8-4 and 36-inch grey sheeting, longcloths
Shirtings, ticks, damasks, table covers
Moleskins, counterpanes, toilet covers
Silesias, rough and dressed hollands
French twills, coburgs, alpacas
Huckabacks, muslins, forfars, ginghams
Black gros, fancy silks, ribbons, lace
Ladies' and girls' cloth and silk mantles
Fancy robes, gala plaids, 5-4 prints
Carpets, oil baizes, window hollands
Assorted hosiery, kid and cloth gloves
Sewed muslins, cambric handkerchiefs, corsets
Grass cloths, fancy doeskins, tweeds
Mens' and boys' white and regatta shirts
Serge, Crimean, and Scotch twill shirts
Haberdashery, fringes, trimmings
Infants' hoods, cloaks, hats, and bands
Black Paris, drab silk, and Canadian hats
Military cloth caps, artificial flowers
Mens' pilot and fancy doeskin coats
Men's and boys' doe and mole trousers
Accordeons, brushes, stays, &c., &c. Also
20 trunks boots and shoes—an excellent assortment mens' women's, and children's goods, all suitable for the season.
Particulars in future advertisements.
Terms at sale.

Damaged 33-34 inch Sheeting.
On account of whom it may concern.

WEDNESDAY, June 5th.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his new Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, June 5th, at half-past 10 o'clock prompt,
Ex King Lear, ———, master, from London.
KKK in diamond, L L under.
§ 2—1 case, containing 33 pieces 9-8 F patent shirting, 1556 yards, slightly damaged
3—9 pieces ditto ditto, 376 yards, much ditto
25 pieces ditto ditto, 1042 yards, slightly ditto
4—33 pieces G patent shirting, 1387½ yards, slightly ditto
6—34 pieces ditto ditto, 1425 yards, slightly ditto
All more or less damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash.

Damaged Black and Brown Turban Felt Hats.
On account of whom it may concern.

WEDNESDAY, June 6th.

To Drapers, Milliners, Storekeepers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his New Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, June 6th, at half-past 10 o'clock prompt,
Ex General Wyndham, Leslie, master, from London.
R in diamond, §814§
One case, containing 120 ladies' black and brown turban felt hats, all more or less damaged.
Terms, cash.

In the Assignment Estate of Mr. George Lane, of Morpeth.
By order of the Trustees.

WEDNESDAY, June 6th.
To Boot and Shoe Makers, Storekeepers, Dealers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his New Rooms, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY, June 6th, at half-past 10 o'clock prompt,
30 trunks well-assorted, comprising,
Men's calf wellingtons
Men's patent and half wellingtons
Men's army bluchers, bradded
Men's watertights
Men's elastic side boots
Men and boys' bluchers
Boys' and youths' half-wellingtons
Women's kid and cloth boots, S.S.
Women's and girls' goloshed boots, D.S.
Women's black and coloured cashmere, L.S.
Women's white satin and bronze shoes
Girls' patent and seal shoes
Children's leather and cordovan boots, sizes
Women's leather, margate, and carpet slippers, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.
☞ The sale will commence each day at half-past 10 o'clock precisely. On account of the number of lots intending purchasers are requested to be punctual in their attendance.

Cedar.
To Cabinetmakers, Exporters, and others.
Cargo of very prime Richmond River Cedar, ex Sancho Panza.
For Unreserved Sale.

TUESDAY, 5th June.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. have been instructed to sell by auction, on the Circular Quay, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2,
82 logs very prime cedar, containing about 50,000 feet.
Just landed, ex Sancho Panza.
This lot of cedar is well worthy the attention of cabinetmakers and others, as it has been pronounced by competent judges to be the best cargo offered for sale in this market for a long time.
Terms at sale.

Hysonskin Tea, in Half-chests
Congou, in Half-chests.

WEDNESDAY, 6th June.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, at 11,
50 chests hysonskin tea
48 half-chests congou
50 bags of dates, fine sample
25 boxes nutmegs, each 28 lbs.
3 tons black pepper.
To close an account.
Terms at sale.

Mustard, in Tins.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex General Wyndham, from London.
Damaged by sea water.

WEDNESDAY, 6th June.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, at 11,
AC, 8 under—
1 case mustard, 28 tins, each 7 lb., much damaged
1 ditto ditto, 14 ditto, 7 lb., ditto
7 ditto ditto, 14 ditto, 7 lb., slightly
1 ditto ditto, 28 ditto, 7 lb., ditto
1 ditto anchovies, 84 tins, 1 lb. each, much.
Terms, cash.

To Grocers and others.

In the Estate of Messrs. Douglas and Cooper, by order of the Trustees.

WEDNESDAY, 6th June.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, at 11, in above estate,
10 cases Feast's quart pickles
5 casks Barcelona nuts
2 cases mustard, in tins
2 packages muscatel raisins
4 casks oatmeal
3 casks split peas, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

Bottled Porter.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Flamingo, from London.
Damaged by sea water.
CL in diamond, S outside.
5 Casks Hall's Porter, each 4 dozen.
Damaged by bad stowage.
Same mark,
9 Casks ditto ditto ditto.

WEDNESDAY, 6th June.
First lot to be offered.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, at 11 o'clock,
Bottled porter, as above.
Terms cash.

Velvet Wine Corks.

WEDNESDAY, 6th instant.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on above day, at 11 o'clock,
10 bales superior wine corks
4 cases best French ditto.
Terms at sale.

Important to Grocers, Country Storekeepers, and others.

WEDNESDAY, 6th June.

Groceries
Oilmen's Stores
Spices, &c.
To close various accounts.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. have been instructed by the importers to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on above day, at 11,
Invoices of above goods, comprising
20 cases Batty's jams and jellies, 1lb. and 2lbs.
100 ditto Feast's bottled fruits
9 ditto Jordan almonds
25 barrels Barcelona nuts
100 bags South Sea arrowroot
5 cases French plums
50 bags superior black pepper
50 cases Colman's No. 1 blue
25 ditto ditto ultramarine ditto
20 bags white pepper, very fine
14 ditto pimento
10 ditto cloves
40 cases finest St. Vincent arrowroot
10 barrels Jamaica bleached ginger
30 ditto split peas
15 cases Yarmouth bloaters
5 ditto ½-lb. oysters
35 ditto 1-lb. ditto
14 ditto pint and half-pint sauces, assorted
25 ditto 1-lb, and ½-lb. Durham mustard
5 ditto best French velvet wine corks
11 bales ditto ditto
5 puncheons Moir's ling fish
23 cases Mackie's Edinburgh biscuits
300 bags bright Java crystals
100 ditto fine white crystals
300 ditto light counter Java sugar
8 barrels tapioca, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary.
Extensive Sale of Wines, Spirits, Ale, Porter, &c.

FRIDAY, 8th instant.

Important to Wine and Spirit Merchants, Hotelkeepers, and others.
For Unreserved Sale.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY, at 11,
A large lot of well-selected
Wines
Spirits
Ale
Porter, &c., &c.
Full particulars will appear.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.

Chemicals, Drugs, Fruit Essences
Surgical Instruments, Druggists' Utensils
Bottles, Pots, Measures, Mortars, &c.
Reeve's Water Colours, Drawing Requisites
Mathematical Instruments
Drawing and Tracing Paper and Cloth, &c.

FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Several parcels of the above goods, without reserve.
Particulars in a future issue.

Water Casks.
To Coopers, Ship Owners, and others.

FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Circular Quay, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Ex Minnehaha.
130 water casks, in good condition.
Ex Helios.
25 water casks, in good condition.
Terms, cash.

Preliminary Notice.

American Hardware and Woodware
Chairs, Churns, &c.
Ironmongery, Register Grates
Platedware and Tinware
Axletrees, Springs, &c.

FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, the 7th instant,
Several invoices of the above goods.
Particulars in a future issue.

132 Trunks
Davies and Sons' and
Poole and Co.'s
Boots and Shoes.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, THIS DAY, 5th June, at 11 o'clock,
132 trunks winter boots and shoes, Davies and Sons' and Poole and Co.'s manufacture, ex Hollinside and King Lear, comprising
Gents' enamelled thigh boots
Ditto enamelled and grain napoleons
Men's calf wellingtons, bevel and square
Ditto ditto half ditto, ditto ditto
Ditto calf and kip bluchers, bradded
Ditto kip ditto, rough bradded
Ditto patent and plain, elastic sides
Ditto ditto ditto mock balmorals
Ditto kip watertights, rough bradded
Ditto American pegged boots, kip and grain
Women's cloth patent goloshed, S.S., T.P.H.
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, to lace, ditto
Ditto ditto cordovan ditto, ditto ditto
Ditto ditto patent seal ditto, ditto, ditto
Ditto ditto cordovan boots, ditto ditto
Ditto ditto black cashmere boots, E.S., M.H.
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, ditto springs
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, lace ditto
Ditto ditto coloured ditto, E.S., M.H.
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, ditto springs
Ditto ditto ditto, ditto, lace ditto
Ditto patent shoes, welts, T.P.H.
Ditto cordovan ditto, ditto, ditto
Ditto leather lace boots, T.P.H.
Girls' cloth patent goloshed E.S. boots, T.P.H., 10-13
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, lace ditto ditto
Ditto ditto cordovan ditto, ditto ditto ditto
Ditto leather lace boots, T.P.H., 10-13
Ditto black and coloured cashmere, E.S., and button, 6-13, 4-5
Youths' and boys' kip and calf bluchers
Ditto ditto half wellingtons
Ditto ditto calf, elastic sides
Ditto ditto patent, ditto
Ditto ditto mock balmorals, &c., &c.
At 1 o'clock,
Leather.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary.

Important to Wine and Spirit Merchants, Store, and Hotel Keepers, and others.
Extensive Sale of Wines, Spirits, and Beers.

FRIDAY, 8th June.

MESSRS W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 8th June, at 11 o'clock,
Choice parcel of wines, spirits, and beers, in bulk and bottle.
Full particulars will duly appear.

Hobart Town Shingles and Battens.
Just arrived, ex Tasmania.

Unreserved Auction Sale on the Patent Slip Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, on the Patent Slip Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Tasmania.
50,000 best Hobart Town shingles
5 000 ditto ditto battens, 10 to 16 feet long.
Terms at sale.

In the Estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers.
Hobart Town Hardwood.
Battens, Joists, Quartering and Paling.
Ex Harp, and Alarm.
Unreserved Auction Sale, on the Flour Company's Wharf.

THURSDAY, 7th June.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Flour Company's Wharf, on THURSDAY, 7th June, at half-past 2 o'clock,
In the estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers,
Ex Alarm and Harp,
Joists and quartering, 3 x 2, 4 x 2, 5 x 2, 4 x 3, 6 x 2
Battens, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14 and 18 feet long
5-foot paling.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
Drapery, Slops, Hosiery, Woollens, Flannels, &c., &c.
New Goods, just Landed.

Auction Sale, THURSDAY, 7th June.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on THURSDAY, 7th June, at 11 o'clock,
New shipments of the above goods, particulars of which will appear in future advertisements.

To Boot and Shoe Buyers, Storekeepers, Drapers, and the Trade.
67 Trunks, now landing.

On THURSDAY, 7th instant.
At half-past 10 o'clock sharp.

MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above day,
67 trunks of boots and shoes, now landing, ex Hollinside.
Terms at sale.

115 Packages of General Drapery Goods, Slops, &c.

To Warehousemen, Outfitters, Drapers, Storekeepers, Dealers, and the Trade.

On THURSDAY the 7th, at 11 o'clock, (immediately after the Boots and Shoes), and
On FRIDAY the 8th, at 11 sharp.

MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the abovenamed days,
115 packages of general drapery goods, slops, &c., now landing, ex Duke of Malakoff and Waterloo.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 5th JUNE.

EXTENSIVE and VALUABLE SALE of FATTENING RUNS WITHOUT STOCK, by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
THIS DAY, 5th JUNE,
situate in the
MARANOA DISTRICT,
WELLINGTON DISTRICT,
CLARENCE DISTRICT.
MORT and CO.

BOGAN RIVER RUNS, WITHOUT STOCK,
WELLINGTON DISTRICT.
Terms at Sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 5th June,
The following valuable unstocked stations,
BLOCKS Nos. 3, 4, and 5 WEST BOGAN, having 15 miles frontage to the Bogan River, by a depth of 15 miles.
_ These runs adjoin and are situated a few miles above the junction of the Gunningbar Creek with the Bogan. The country is very fattening, abounding in herbs and salt bush.
BLOCKS Nos. 20, 1, 22, and 23 WEST BOGAN, having 20 miles frontage to the left bank of the Bogan River. Also,
Nos. 21 and 22 EAST BOGAN, immediately opposite the last mentioned, and having ten miles frontage to the right bank of that river.
_ These are valuable fattening runs, the country consisting of open plains, saltbush, and rich herbs, with occasional patches of myall.
☞ Full particulars may be obtained at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

UNSTOCKED CATTLE RUNS,
CLARENCE DISTRICT.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 5th June,
Those two really first-rate blocks of country known as UPPER AND LOWER WALLAUMBAN, situate in the Clarence District, and having a FRONTAGE OF TEN MILES to the RIVER TWEED.
☞ The above comprise really good cattle country, well grassed and abundantly watered. They adjoin the stations of Mr. White, and are admirably adapted for a beginner, or any one who would work them himself. The large number of sawyers in the district, and the number of persons employed in connection with the timber trade, secure an excellent market on the spot.

To close a Partnership.
SPLENDID FATTENING RUNS WITHOUT STOCK.
MARANOA DISTRICT.

MOONEE No. 1	CUMBO
AMBY No. 1	BINGRO CREEK
TIQUIBAN	WARRIL CREEK
BARRABANBEL	DINONG PADLONG.
COLLITALLIBA	

Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed, in order to close a partnership, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 5th June,
The following splendid fattening runs in the Maranoa District:—
MOONEE No. 1.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa River, at Camp 29, marked 2nd depot in Sir Thomas Mitchell's map of journey in 1845 and 1846, and having five miles river frontage.
AMBY No. 1.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, at the junction of the Amby with the Maranoa, with frontage to both.
TIQUIBAN.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa.
BARRABANBEL.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, adjoining Tiquiban No. 3, on the Maranoa River.
COLLITALLIBA.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa River.
CUMBO.—Estimated area, 40,000 acres, adjoining the Dryadale Ponds River.
BINGRO CREEK.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the west side of Mooney Creek.
WARRIL CREEK.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, including both banks of the Warril Creeks, about five miles back from Dinong Padlong.
DINONG PADLONG.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the right bank of the Barwan River, about five miles above Sir Thomas Mitchell's 87 Camp.
☞ Most of the above country was selected in the years 1849, 1850, and 1851, by Messrs. GIDEON LANG and WALKER, the pioneers of that part of the colony, chiefly for the RICHNESS of the PASTURE; and in order to secure the tracts that were MOST ABUNDANTLY WATERED.
Parties therefore on the look-out for good fattening runs should bear in mind that these runs were selected by MEN OF GREAT EXPERIENCE, and who, from the fact of their being the first in the field, had the opportunity of securing the PICK OF THE COUNTRY.

By order of the Mortgagee under Power of Sale.

DOWLING-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSE of six rooms, front Verandah and Balcony, with detached Kitchen and Servant's Room, Back Yard, &c., being No. 92, in DOMAIN-VIEW-TERRACE.
Title unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June,
That comfortable dwelling-house, built of stone, with neat stone front and shingled roof, being No. 92, Domain View, Dowling-street. It contains front verandah, sitting and dining-room on ground floor; front balcony and two good rooms on the first floor, and two good attic rooms. There are kitchen and servant's room at the rear, with other offices, and back yard, with entrance to it from Duke-street.
WATER LAID ON.
☞ Dowling-street is one of the best streets in Woolloomooloo, being one of the principal approaches to the waters of the bay, and therefore possessing great prospective advantages. The above is a substantial building, in good repair, in nice order, and now let to a highly respectable tenant. It is a good investment.

WEDNESDAY, 6th JUNE.

EXTENSIVE UNRESERVED SALE of FREEHOLD CITY, SUBURBAN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES, by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 6th JUNE.
WOOLLOOMOOLOO, DOWLING-STREET.—Comfortable dwelling-house of six rooms, front verandah, and balcony, with detached kitchen and servant's room, back-yard, &c., being No. 92, in Domain-terrace.
BOTANY, KELLETT'S BRIDGE.—25 ACRES 1 ROOD 4 PERCHES, more or less, portion of L. Lord's 600 acre grant, together with all the valuable improvements thereon, and well-known as the premises formerly occupied by Messrs. PRINCE, BRAY, and OGG, as a wool-washing establishment.
EMU.—A valuable half-acre allotment, opposite the Emu Inn, being No. 20, section 6, as per Government plan.
WEST MAITLAND.—The MAITLAND BREWERY, with all the Plant, Machinery, &c.
COUNTY ARGYLE.—COTTLE WOLLEY.—2560 acres, situate on the right bank of the UPPER WOLLONDILLY RIVER.
BALMAIN, Darling Road.—A well built Stone-Cottage, containing verandah, 4 rooms, detached kitchen, and servant's room; situate on allotment of land having 84 FEET frontage to Darling Road.
REDFERN, George-street.—An allotment of land having a frontage to said street of 25 feet, by a depth of 92 feet, together with a commodious building.
WINDSOR.—A valuable block of land, containing one acre, more or less, having frontages to Argyle-street, Church-street, and Cox-street.
MORT & CO.

By Order of the Mortgagee.
2560 ACRES at COTTLE WOLLEY, in the county of Argyle, situate on the right bank of the UPPER WOLLONDILLY RIVER.
Title—Unquestionable.
Terms at Sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June,
All that parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 2560 ACRES, more or less, situate in the county of Argyle, at COTTLE WOLLEY, Upper Wollondilly, commencing on the Wollondilly River, opposite to the north-west corner of Major D'Arcy's 2560 acres, and bounded on the north by a line bearing west 298 chains; on the west by a line bearing south 80 chains; on the south by a line bearing east to the Wollondilly River; and on the east by that river to the commencing point.
☞ Speculators on the look-out for a lucrative investment would do well to attend this sale. The land is in the market for positive sale. The quality is good; the best test of which is the fact that the Government have sold the neighbouring lands of late years in small farms, thus showing that A VERY LARGE PROFIT MIGHT BE MADE by the re-sale of this property under subdivision. There can be no doubt also that as the railway extends into the interior, really good lands along or in the vicinity of the line will attain to a very high value.
_ Full particulars at the Rooms.

By order of the Mortgagee.
MAGNIFICENT BLOCK OF FREEHOLD PROPERTY, CORNER OF PALMER-STREET and Berwick-street, close to LIVERPOOL-STREET, and extending through to and having a frontage to Little Bourke-street, comprising THREE FRONTAGES, and consisting of the following valuable buildings.
THE WHEELWRIGHTS' ARMS, in Palmer-street.
FOUR HOUSES IN BERWICK-LANE.
SHOP IN PALMER-STREET, adjoining the Wheelwrights' Arms.
TWO COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSES.
ALSO, TWO COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSES recently erected, but not quite finished.
Title—The usual Riley Estate Title. For full particulars, apply to W. M. CLARKE, Esq., solicitor, Wentworth-place.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 13th June, the following valuable properties in PALMER, BERWICK, and Little BOURKE STREETS, WOOLLOOMOOLOO, CORNER OF PALMER AND BERWICK STREETS.
THE WHEELWRIGHTS' ARMS public-house, now let to Mr. Isaac Bell and in full trade, comprising as follows:—
GROUND FLOOR—Bar and three parlours, with private entrance.
FIRST FLOOR—3 good rooms and handsome front balcony.
ATTIC FLOOR, 2 good bed rooms, cellar in basement, with kitchen and servant's room over, attached to the rear of the house, and back gateway entrance from Berwick-street.
BERWICK-STREET.—4 HOUSES, adjoining the Wheelwrights' Arms, being Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8.
No. 2 contains one room, with large workshop extending over it, and the gateway entrance, common to this house and the public-house.
Nos. 4, 6, and 8, each contains 4 rooms with yards at the rear, closets, and back entrance by reserved passage from Little Bourke-street.—No. 8 is a corner house.
PALMER-STREET.—SHOP, known as the MEDICAL HALL, adjoining the Wheelwrights' Arms. It contains shop, back parlour, and kitchen, on the ground floor, and three good bedrooms, and front balcony on the first floor, yard, and other convenience, with back entrance from Little Bourke-street.
2 COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSES, being Nos. 190 and 192. Each house contains, entrance hall, six good rooms and kitchen, with handsome front balcony. They have large yards extending through to Little Bourke-street, the frontage to which would give ample space for three more houses.
Also, THOSE TWO HANDSOME DWELLING-HOUSES, adjoining the last mentioned, but not quite finished. Each house contains good entrance hall, 5 rooms and kitchen, with large yards running through to Little Bourke-street.
_ These require but a small outlay to make them two of the best houses on the Riley Estate. WATER LAID ON TO ALL THE FINISHED HOUSES.
☞ The above form a handsome range of buildings at the corner of Palmer and Berwick streets. They were erected by that WELL-KNOWN BUILDER, the late Mr. ROBERT BROWN, not as a speculation, but as a permanent investment, and but for his death would not, in all probability, be in the market. They are all substantial STONE BUILDINGS, chiefly with slated roofs. They have been FAITHFULLY BUILT, with the BEST MATERIALS. Such an opportunity in the present depressed state of the market for SECURING A FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT, is of very rare occurrence, and is well worthy the attention of capitalists. The houses are all let, and YIELD A HANDSOME INCOME.
_ They will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.
INSPECTION INVITED.

By order of the Directors.

The WENTWORTH GOLD-FIELDS, at Frederick's Valley, near Bathurst, comprising—
1033 ACRES OF AURIFEROUS LAND,
Together with the whole of the
MACHINERY, PLANT, BUILDINGS, &c.,
Used for working the same.
TITLE, unquestionable.
TERMS—liberal, at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the Directors, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 27th June,
That magnificent property the WENTWORTH GOLD FIELD, comprising 1033 ACRES of freehold RICH AURIFEROUS LAND, situate at FREDERICK'S VALLEY, distant about 30 miles from Bathurst, and 4 miles from Orange; together with the improvements, plant, &c.
The IMPROVEMENTS are a comfortable dwelling-house, with detached kitchen, store, and stable. A building comprising overseer's room, store and assay office, six labourers' huts, a horse paddock, and good garden.
The PLANT includes a 25-horse power beam engine, with Cornish boiler, working a 7-inch lift of pumps, 20 fathoms in depth, horse whim, a battery of six stamp heads, two Chilian mills, and a shaking table; together with all necessary gear and fittings—the whole in good working order.
☞ The WENTWORTH GOLD FIELDS is so generally known to the public of New South Wales as to require but little comment beyond the announcement that it is in the market for BONA FIDE SALE. For the information of parties in the adjacent colonies, however, it may be mentioned that it is situated in one of the RICHEST MINERAL DISTRICTS in this colony. The working of the mine hitherto has fully established its richness not only in gold but also in silver and other ores, requiring only to be worked with spirit to render it A MOST PRODUCTIVE MINE. To enter more fully into particulars would extend beyond the limits of an advertisement; MORT and CO. are, however, in a position to furnish intending purchasers with the fullest information as to the result of past operations, including a report from a mining engineer of high standing.
Apart from its value as a gold-field, the property consists chiefly of RICH ALLUVIAL LAND, particularly adapted for AGRICULTURAL FARMS. It is also in the centre of a rich FARMING DISTRICT, and close to Orange, one of our most rising inland towns. It is further intersected by the high road to Wellington and the country beyond, which furnishes facilities for subdivision into small farms. The position is an admirable one for the establishment of a mill, for which purpose the present machinery could be made available.
_ Plan on view at the Rooms, Pitt-street, where every information can be obtained.

FOR POSITIVE and UNRESERVED SALE.
SPLENDID WOOLWASHING AND FELMONGERING ESTABLISHMENT,
Situate in the Parish of Botany, and distant ABOUT FOUR MILES FROM SYDNEY.
and occupied formerly by Messrs. Prince, Bray, and Ogg, until their recent removal to their new establishment.
Title unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, June 6th, at 11 o'clock,
25 ACRES 1 ROOD 4 PERCHES, more or less, in the parish of Botany, being blocks Nos. 30 and 31 of the original subdivisions of SIMEON LORD'S 600 acre grant, and upon which are the following improvements:—
A LARGE WEATHERBOARD AND SHINGLED BUILDING, containing sweating and wool sheds.
A WASH-HOUSE—a shingled building—attached to which are soaking and washing pans, to which the WATER IS LAID ON from the Creek by a wooden culvert.
An OVERSEER'S COTTAGE, weatherboard and brick-nogged, with brick chimney and shingled roof. It contains verandah and three rooms.
TWO COTTAGES FOR LABOURERS, wooden buildings, with shingled roofs, each containing two rooms.
EIGHT ACRES, more or less, of CLEARED land, enclosed and subdivided into small paddocks, for bleaching and drying yards.
☞ The above property will be recognised, as that formerly occupied by Messrs. Prince, Bray, and Ogg, as a woolwashing and fellmongering establishment. It is situate at Kellett's Bridge, on the Old Botany Road, and within sight of the present parish road.
THE MAIN BOTANY CREEK,
(the principal source of supply for the Botany Waterworks) flows through the property, being at this point
A BEAUTIFUL RUNNING STREAM
at all seasons, of sufficient volume for working any kind of machinery. On both banks of this creek
THE LAND IS SOME OF THE RICHEST
in the parish, which is now our principal vegetable district for supplying the metropolitan markets. Apart, therefore, from the value of the property for the purposes for which it has hitherto been used, it would prove a
LUCRATIVE INVESTMENT
for sub-division and re-sale for market gardens.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

In the Insolvent Estate of Philip Edward Cadell, of West Maitland, Brewer.

THE MAITLAND BREWERY,
West Maitland.
With all the Plant, Machinery, &c., &c.

MORT and CO. have received instructions from the official assignee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June,
That well known eligible property, the MAITLAND BREWERY, West Maitland, with all the plant, machinery, &c., which are in the best order, and capable of brewing fifty hogsheads of ale per week.
The STEAM ENGINE (nearly new, by Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co., of Sydney), is of four horse-power, and works up to six, driving the malt mill, and working the hoisting tackle and double action force pumps, which supply a cistern over the buildings, carrying water to all parts of the premises.
In the brewery there are two boilers, one of iron and the other of copper, mash tuns, cooling and fermenting vats, several hundred casks, of different sizes, mashing oars, copper pump for under back, &c.
The buildings consist of the brewery, engine and boiler house, granaries, malt floors, steep and kiln, counting-house, cottage, cooperage, piggery, and stables. The cistern holds 33 tuns of water; the well is supplied by natural filtration, through beds of sand, from the river, and is of the finest quality and inexhaustible in quantity.
The stock of sugar, hops, &c., together with drays, parness, and casks, to be taken at a valuation.
☞ In reference to this property, it is particularly worthy of note that during the whole of the last floods, when the greater portion of West Maitland was inundated, Cadell's brewery was found quite beyond the reach of the water.
Its position, in the very heart of West Maitland, ought not also to be lost sight of; and the fact that the RAILWAY STATION is close to the brewery, very much enhances the value of the property.
TERMS—One thousand pounds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage for some years, at 7 per cent. per annum, if required.
PLANS on view at the Rooms of MORT and CO., Pitt-street.

Station on the Dawson River, Leichhardt District.
By Auction.

Four Blocks.
Namely:—Glen Haughton, Brush Land, Sportsman's Vale, and Craig's Creek.
Capable of carrying 16,800 Sheep.

BROUGHTON and FATTORINI have received instructions from Messrs. C. R. and W. O. G. Haly, of Taabinga, Burnett district, to sell by public auction, at their Sale Rooms, East-street, Ipswich, Queensland, on MONDAY, the 2nd July, at 12 o'clock,
Without the slightest reserve,
The above-named four blocks of squatting country, reported upon and situated on Robinson's or Craig's Creek, and Brush Creek, a tributary to Robinson's Creek, running into Palm-tree Creek, a tributary of the Dawson River.
These blocks are surrounded by stations, and have never yet been in the market, in consequence of a dispute that lasted several years and only now satisfactorily settled. Each block is capable of depasturing 4000 sheep, well watered, and abounds with silver-leaved ironbark, so much prized for sheep country.
There is also a fifth block, not yet reported upon, on an adjacent creek, which must be taken by the purchaser of the preceding four blocks, at the price realised for each respectively, to be delivered and paid for on receipt of the local commissioner's report.
No reserve, being to close a partnership account.
Terms at sale.
Plans and all particulars obtained from the auctioneers.
BROUGHTON and FATTORINI,
Ipswich, Queensland.

Valuable Properties in Queensland, for Sale,
In consequence of the Proprietor's contemplated Removal.

BROUGHTON and FATTORINI have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Sale Rooms, East-street, at an early date (unless previously disposed of by private contract), the following valuable properties in the new colony of Queensland,
A cattle station between Ipswich and Brisbane, capable of depasturing about 3000 head of cattle.
The run comprises 1000 acres of purchased land upon Opossum Creek, with good homestead, paddocks, milking and stock yards, dairy, &c., and 50 sections of leased land, upon which are at present depasturing about 800 head of cattle, about 200 are milch cows, and a large proportion broken-in; also, pigs, poultry, horses, harness, drays, working bullocks, &c.
The homestead is about seven miles distant from the flourishing and improving town of Ipswich, which affords a ready market for the sale of stock and produce.
Also, the magnificent estate of Booval, containing about 350 acres of land, the soil of the finest description, and capable of growing any kind of crop. The property is surrounded by a Government road, and secured by a substantial four-rail fence, subdivided into convenient paddocks; 150 acres are already stumped and cleared and under cultivation.
Upon this estate, in one of the most healthy and picturesque spots, has been erected, regardless of expense, a mansion which will bear comparison with the country seat of a gentleman in England, and is faithfully and substantially built of 14 inch brickwork, with stone foundation, and contains an excellent cellar, constructed on approved principles, a large drawing-room, dining-room, breakfast-room, library, bed-room, pantry, and store on the ground floor, and four large bedrooms, two dressing-rooms, and bath-room on the upper floor,—all of which are lofty and well ventilated. There is a balcony and verandah 9 feet wide.
The out-buildings, built also of brick, comprise gardener's house, harness-room, stabling for 6 horses, coach-house to contain 2 carriages, hay-room, &c. Also, wash-house, laundry, and bedroom; a detached kitchen, with servants' rooms. There are also two large tanks.
The farm buildings consist of overseer's cottage, with 3 rooms, kitchen, and store; also, a good oven; 6 huts, built of slabs and shingled; a granary, built of brick on stone foundation, 40 feet by 20 feet, with store-room and dairy; stabling for about twelve horses; large shed, with loose boxes and yard for entire horses; a large barn, built of slabs, 50 feet x 30; pig-styes, fowl-house, rick-yards, with hay-sheds.
Also, the live and dead stock, consisting of working bullocks, cows, horses, harness, drays, ploughs, harrows, thrashing and winnowing machines, &c.; all the growing crops of wheat, barley, maize, oats, and lucerne, together with a quantity of oaten hay maize, &c., &c., ready for market.
There is plenty of water on the farm.
Booval is distant from Ipswich only about one mile and a half, consequently possessing all the comforts of the country with the advantage of being close to town.
The auctioneers, in bringing this desirable and well-known estate of Booval under the notice of capitalists, deem it unnecessary to make any further remarks upon the desirability of such an investment, situate, as this property is, within about a mile and a half of the leading mercantile town of the new colony of Queensland, with some of the finest alluvial soil known anywhere. Samples of cotton grown on this estate have been forwarded to England, and pronounced to be of the finest description; indeed, so good were the samples considered, as to find space for a leading article in the principal newspaper (THE TIMES) in England.
Plans on view at the Rooms, East-street.
Title perfect and guaranteed.
Terms, which are very liberal, may be known on application to the auctioneers.
BROUGHTON and FATTORINI, Auctioneers, &c.
Ipswich, May.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

MR. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Messrs. Danger, Gilchrist, and Co., to sell at his Yards, Western Road, on THURSDAY next, the 7th June, at 12 o'clock,
120 head prime fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

MR. G. M. PITT has been instructed by Mr. Collins to sell, at Mr. W. Fullagar's Yards, on THURSDAY, the 7th June, at 12 o'clock,
120 head of very superior fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers. These are really a prime lot, and average seven hundred pounds each. The trade will do well to attend this sale.

PARRAMATTA.
Great Sale by Auction, of Valuable Town Properties, Houses, and Lands, in the Insolvent Estate of James M'Roberts, of Parramatta, by order of J. Morris, Esq., official assignee.

MR. J. F. STAFF will sell to the highest bidder, on FRIDAY, 8th June, at the Australian Arms Hotel,
The right, title, and interest of the official assignee in and to the following properties:—
Lot 1.—A most substantial stone-built two-story house, in Church-street North, and known as the Star Inn. It has eleven rooms, four-stall stable, coachhouse, and granary, with a well of beautiful water, large yard, and paddock, and let at present to Mr. D. Bryan. The whole premises measure 88 feet 6 inches in width, and 170 feet in depth. Title—a Grant.
Lot 2.—Allotment No. 54 of section 26, having a frontage to Clifford-street, and measuring 1 rood and 29 perches.
Lot 3.—Allotment 55 of section 26, having a frontage to Dunlop-street, and measuring 1 rood 28 perches.
Lot 4.—Described as all that allotment, &c., containing by admeasurement 1 acre 1 rood 19 perches, situated in the town of Parramatta, allotment No. 9 of section No. 25; on the north by Woolley's; in Church-street by Larkin's and White's; east, by allotments 43 and 45, in Phillip-street—in short, the allotment at the rear of Mr. Webb's, in Church-street, and containing a number of excellent fruit trees.
Lot 5.—A six-room two-story brick house, on a stone foundation, with sundry outhouses, good water and drainage, standing on threequarters of an acre of land, and let to a good tenant. The land is described as allotment No 99 of section 19, situated on the north side of George-street West, in the town of Parramatta, &c.
Lot 6.—Being a neat brick cottage, with kitchen attached. Also, a weatherboard cottage, with oven and bakehouse. The land having a frontage to Ross-street of 81 feet, by a depth of 150 feet.
The above eligible properties form one of the choicest opportunities presented to capitalists, builders, and other persons desirous of investment.
The titles are all grants from the Crown, and so well-known as to need no further comment.
Sale commences at 11 o'clock.

Windsor.
"Marsden's" Valuable Agricultural and Dairy Farms.
Sold by order of the Mortgagee.

JOHN B. LAVERACK has received instructions from Mr. John M. M'Quade, the mortgagee, to sell by public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 o'clock, at Mr. M'Quade's Hotel, Windsor,
All those two valuable first-class agricultural and dairy farms (formerly the property of the late Mr. Samuel Marsden, of Windsor), containing 60 acres, more or less, situate on the South Creek, about 1½ mile from Windsor.
The auctioneer, in bringing before the notice of the public this choice property, considers it unnecessary to make any remark, further than the soil is of the richest description, and capable of growing every kind of grain. About 40 acres are enclosed by a four-rail fence (nearly new), thoroughly stumped, and, under cultivation. The remainder is laid down with grass and clover, with a frontage to the South Creek, and having a right of run to the Ham Common (upwards of 1000 acres), makes it one of the most desirable properties ever offered for sale in this justly-favoured district.
Terms, very liberal.
Title unexceptionable.

To Capitalists, Speculators, Squatters, and New Arrivals, who are desirous of investing money to advantage, in a magnificent New England PASTORAL STATION, 45 miles from Armidale, with STOCK, &c., &c.

For Sale by Auction, at the Northumberland Hotel, West Maitland, on
THURSDAY, the 21st day of June, 1860,

The well-known Magnificent Fattening Station, the property of A. H. Macarthur, Esq., called MARONAN; together with from
8000 to 9000 first-class bred sheep
200 head Superior Dairy Herd of Cattle
25 first-class Horses
Teams Bullocks, Drays, and Gear
Wheat, Hay, Potatoes, Farming Implements, Stores, &c., &c.

R. G. YEOMANS has received instructions from Arthur H. Macarthur, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Northumberland Hotel, West Maitland, on THURSDAY, the 21st day of June, at 12 o'clock,
The well-known magnificent and justly celebrated fattening station called Maronan, situate on the sunny or northern side of the Ben Lomond Range, about 45 miles north of the extensive and rapidly increasing town of Armidale, New England, and now held under the Government fourteen years' lease regulations, having — years unexpired.
This run possesses the advantage of a never-failing supply of water, a superabundance of grass, and capable in all seasons of carrying 12,000 sheep, or an equivalent number of cattle. The country is so admirably suited for sheep there is no difficulty in running them in flocks of 1700 to 2000, and do them every justice.
With this station will be sold the following first-class bred stock, as under:—
1550 breeding ewes (from Darling Downs), ages from three to four years—94 per cent. yield of lambs
1680 ditto ewes, two and a-half years old—70 per cent. lambs
900 ditto ewes, mixed ages—70 per cent. lambs
2800 weaners, mixed sexes
1200 mixed hoggets
500 wethers, two and a-half years old
120 first-class rams, chiefly selected from the celebrated Maryland and Glengallan flocks, at a cost of 50s. per head. As a proof of the superiority of these sheep, the last year's clip realised from 20½d. to 23½d. per lb.
8720
Also,
200 head (more or less) of quiet superior-bred cattle—a dairy herd, and very choice
25 head first-class horses
2 teams of working bullocks, drays and gear, complete
15 tons oaten hay (more or less)
Together with stores, farming implements, ploughs, harrows, bushman's tools, horse dray and harness, dairy utensils, &c., &c., and a quantity of potatoes and wheat, particulars of which will be given on the day of sale.
The IMPROVEMENTS are extensive, substantial, and in perfect good order, comprising
A very neat well-built comfortable four-room weatherboarded cottage, shingled, plastered, and floored; detached spacious kitchen, floored; store, fowl-house, and out-door buildings, all enclosed within a paled-in yard.
There is also a splendid garden, enclosed, and nearly all trenched, well stocked with choice fruit trees, vines, flowers, &c. Also,
A dairyman's dwelling, and an excellent underground dairy, with every convenience, including a newly-erected large milking yard, calf pens, bails, &c. &c., thoroughly complete and substantial.
There are also newly-erected shepherds' huts, with every suitable convenience, yards, hurdles, &c. Also,
An extensive grass paddock, used for station purposes
Hay paddock, about 11 acres
And a newly-fenced cultivated wheat paddock, containing about 15 acres, yielding splendid crops.
In fact the station is replete with every necessary convenience requisite or desirable in a first-class establishment, where the fortunate purchaser may, at a mere trifling expense, live in princely state, and in a few years accumulate an independent fortune.
The auctioneer, in soliciting particular attention to the above important and extensive sale of this highly improved valuable station and stock, &c., specially invites all parties having an idea of purchasing to pay a visit of inspection, and form their own judgment previous to the day of sale, for which ample time is allowed, feeling confident it will in every way be found to surpass the simple and unvarnished description above given.
The mail to and from Sydney and Queensland passes this station twice a week, so that ready communication to either place is always at hand.
Further particulars may be had on application to the Auctioneer, at his office, Campbell's Hill, West Maitland.
Terms, conditions, &c., at time of sale.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 16th May, 1860.
AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK v. BURGIS.

BY virtue of the authority given to the Sheriff, he will cause to be sold by public auction, at the London Tavern, George-street, Sydney, at noon, on TUESDAY, the 19th June, 1860, the defendant's right, title, and interest of, in, and to all that commodious family residence, known as the Snuggery, with water frontage, situate in Edward-street, Balmain, containing nine rooms, with two wells of pure water. Also, a garden, well stocked with fruit trees. Also, the defendant's right, title, and interest of and in the equity of redemption in the same property, unless the writ of fieri facias issued herein be previously satisfied.

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EPIDEMIC DISEASES, INFLUENZA, AND OZONE.

"Quot incrementa scientiæ, quot præcipue medicina, intra paucos annos accepit, haud quisquam ignorat. Philosophorum medicorumque industria, non modo vias notas excoluit, et ampliavit, verum etiam tramites novos ostendit feliciterque patefecit."

The celebrated Sydenham somewhere tells us that the increase and perfection of the medical art are to advanced in two ways; first, by giving a history of distempers and their symptoms, and then deducing a method of cure. It is also said that, wherever man dwells, in the city or in the field, Azrael and his pitiless ministers of destruction and disease have taken up their dwelling with him.

Wherever man flies—to whatever quarter of the wide world he tries to escape, bodily sorrow and sickness still unrelentingly follow him. Go where we will, to the fairest and brightest spots on the surface of the earth, the same evidence of the pronounced doom ever appears, "That cursed is the ground for thy sake."

"'Tis nature's law, wave urges wave;
The coffin'd grandsire seeks the grave;
The babe, that feeds by suction,
Finds with its ancestor, repose;
Life ebbs, and dissolution sows
The seeds of reproduction."

The shortness and uncertainty of human life is always a constant and common source of anxiety and regret with us; still it is strange to see with what eagerness and restlessness we all hasten from one step of human existence to another—forward and onward to the next, with great begrudgings and complainings, in this railroad era, about any detentions or delays.

The love of gain,—the *sacra auri fames*, and self interest has too much hold on us, and blinds us to any necessity for investigating causes of diseases, and the means necessary for their arrest and prevention.

It has not been inaptly said that "Hygeia has many enemies where death and disease have friends," nor should it be imagined that the whole art and mystery of preserving the public health consists in ventilation, cutting of drains, constructing sewers, and supplying pure water.

The study of prevalent diseases, whether special or isolated in their origin, the observations of epidemics, whether severe or mild, all call for especial notice, as influencing to a very great and important degree the state of public health and security; and are of as great, if not the greatest, consideration to the welfare of mankind, than almost any other sanitary measure.

The old Ciceronian doctrine, "*Salus populi lex suprema est*," should be borne in mind. The preservation of the population of a country should always be one of the first objects with its Legislature, and sanitary science by all means promoted and encouraged; for it is in tracing the history, aspect, and relations of disease, whether in isolated cases, or with communities, that medicine assumes her true position in connection with the State. Her resources are not to be expended merely in ministering to fastidious ailments, or the restoration of debilitated frames and constitutions, but to prevent the prevalence and recurrence of diseases, whose inroads spread havoc and desolation in their march; to endeavour to investigate the causes, how

"The all-surrounding heaven, the vital air
Is big with death."

And where

"————— a secret venom oft
Corrupts the air, the water, and the land."

Of the nature and causes of epidemics we know nothing, and in our own mind we can only revolve the emphatic line of the Roman poet—

"Felix qui potuit rerum cognoscere causas."

Nature is cautious how she reveals to mortal eyes the causes of things, though she makes no secret of, throws no veil over their effects. We see the flux and reflux of the tide, and we believe it is caused by *attraction*, which is only another term for *effect*, but we know nothing of the *modus operandi* of this said attraction; so also of an epidemic, we say it is caused by an aerial change, or a terrestrial exhalation, but of the nature and causes of these atmospherical conditions and constitutions we know little or nothing.

That there is some unknown subtle poison floating in the atmosphere during the prevalence of epidemics, I think there can be no doubt, and to this latent cause Hippocrates gave the term τὸ θεῖον, which also confirms the doctrine of Sydenham. In another part of the works of Hippocrates, it is said that "when any disease spreads generally, it is evident it is not the mode of living that is the cause of it, but what we imbibe in breathing, which clearly retains some morbific quality." Again, he says, "Morbi oriuntur partim quidem ex virendæ rationes, partim vero ex spiritu quem introducendo vivimus," —that is, that diseases arise partly from the way of living, but chiefly from the air we breathe. Galen, one of the first fathers in medicine, has made this observation, and one of the truest of our ancient authorities, that "It is necessary to remember that no cause can affect without a predisposition of the body, otherwise, all who are exposed to the same influences would be attacked by the same diseases." Whatever the substances may be that are mixed up or suspended in the atmosphere are carried into the lungs by breathing, and in this way enter the blood. And some of these exhibit their effects in a much shorter time than if they had been conveyed into the stomach; as an illustration of which, it is only necessary to inhale the vapour of turpentine, or remain a short time in a newly-painted room. Some later instances are recorded in the "Lancet," where people have been poisoned by inhaling arsenic, which is largely used in the preparation of green paper for rooms.

All we know of the circumstances which tend to influence the production of epidemic diseases are variations of temperature, certain electrical conditions of the atmosphere, quality and quantity of water and food, nature of soil, and amount and character of animal and vegetable decomposition. These may, or may not be alone capable of producing them; but I think it more likely that many other circumstances have an important influence on them, and which exist wholly unknown to us. From time immemorial the most experienced physicians have acknowledged they were ignorant of the latent cause of epidemics, which only shows itself by its effects on the human body, while its own specific genus is unknown. By unanimous consent they allow that the cause, whatever its nature is, exists in the air. Galen was most particular on this point, and, denying that epidemic distempers arise from food, says the cause of them resides in the air,—"*sed aer solus foris omnes ambit, atque ab omnibus inspiratur*."

The question propounded by "M. D." in the *Herald* of Friday, "Are epidemics due to a deficiency of *ozone* in the air," opens up a field of enquiry which meteorological investigations will alone solve. Chemistry and chemical analysis have hitherto failed in determining the epidemic constitution, or condition of the air; and without further research or inquiry we are as likely to remain as ignorant of it as ever. The knowledge of the composition of atmospheric air, and of the importance of *oxygen* for supporting animal life, very naturally gave rise to the notion of ascertaining the quantity and quality of this gas in the air at different times and in different places. Hence it was supposed that the purity of the atmosphere, or its fitness for communicating health and vigour, might be discovered by determining the proportion of oxygen, and this lead to the construction of an instrument named *eudiometer*. This opinion, however, was proved to be fallacious, though supported by the results of the earlier analysts, for it was found that not only was the composition of the air uniform and constant in the same place, but is the same in all regions of the earth, and at all altitudes. The air of Mont Blanc and Chimborazo contains the same proportions of oxygen as that of the lowest valleys. The air of Egypt is similar to that of France, and the miasmata of marshes, and the effluvia of infected places, though they owe their principle to an agent too subtle to be detected by chemical analysis, *do not depend* on a deficiency of oxygen. The experiments of Seguin on the infectious atmosphere of an hospital, the odour of which was intolerable, led to no deficiency of oxygen or other peculiarity in the composition.

There are many other considerations in connection with epidemic diseases, as the intensity and concentration of the poison, which I must omit, being fearful it would extend my paper beyond the time I can bestow on it, or the limits that may be assigned to it, and as I have yet to speak of *ozone*,—I will commence some remarks about the now prevailing disorder—*Influenza*.

This disease, which it is the fashion to call influenza, is a catarrh—and has prevailed epidemically at different periods almost all over the globe, and it has been noticed in the earliest records of the world. Several remarkable outbreaks of it in the last century are described, numbering at least fifteen, the most particular and serious of which was that of 1782; and in the present century in Europe in 1803, 1833, and 1837, at which latter time the bills of mortality testified to its great severity. In this colony we have had periodical visitations of it, two or three of which, within the last twenty years, I distinctly recollect, and may particularise that which occurred in 1846 as the most prevalent, if not the most intense. My ideas of the epidemic which prevailed in Europe in 1837 do not come up to the account of it in Saturday's *Herald*, nor was it so destructive as there stated. The greatest number of deaths which occurred in London from the 17th of January to the 21st of March, and which was during its severity, were only 364, by no means disproportionate to such a population; nor can "its destructive effects be compared with those awful visitations upon record in remote history," for the old bills of mortality seldom indicated any notable increase in the proportion of deaths during the existence of the epidemic. The advice, however, given at the close of the article cannot be too much impressed on the public, "to be on their guard against the supposition that influenza in its virulent form is not a serious disease."

The origin of epidemic influenza, like that of other epidemic diseases, is still a mystery, and the circumstance of it visiting in succession several countries, and resisting in its progress both the extremes of heat and cold, shew that it is produced by something more than variations of temperature. In 1833, when it visited London, after an interval of thirty years, the weather was unusually mild, and the idea which was then entertained about it, in common with other epidemics, that it spread by contagion and personal intercourse, was entirely abandoned. No attempts were made to explain the nature of the attack, or to what the disease was owing, but the general impression was, that there existed some *temperies aëris occulta*. It is said, by authorities, that it almost always travels from east to west, and its stay in any one district scarcely exceeds six weeks, attacking in the meanwhile the great majority of the adult population. The peculiarities of this disease are the suddenness of its attack, and the languor and debility which accompanies it; and which continues usually during the course of the illness, and even after all other symptoms have subsided.

It generally runs its course in three, four, or six days, the headache, especially in the region of the forehead, and the disorder of the stomach which generally accompanies it, are often very severe.

Elderly persons are the chief sufferers from the disorder, and those whose lungs are constitutionally weak, or who have suffered from previous chest affections.

The disease with them merges into either acute or subacute bronchitis, causing a copious secretion of mucus or pus to be poured out, so as completely to fill and obstruct the air passages, and death consequently ensues. The average proportion of fatal cases is, however, about two per cent.; this has been the calculation in Europe. Whether our colonial statistics will shew a difference, future observations will determine. With respect to the treatment, there is perhaps no disease for which so many nostrums are prescribed and advised—of course I mean without the pale of professional rule or authority, for every one you meet tells you of something which cured Mrs. So-and-so's aunt's cousin's son—an advice one might as well follow as the prescription of a celebrated captain of the Cork Militia, which was, "to treat every complaint with sovereign contempt."

In many cases it may be left with perfect safety to nature, and a spontaneous perspiration will speedily relieve the symptoms; but when more severe confinement to the house becomes necessary, with the use of mild aperients, diluent drinks, and footbath, which will generally promote some action on the skin. When the hoarseness and rawness of the throat are present, with cough, fever, difficult expectoration, and oppression in breathing, then lose no time in getting the advice of a qualified medical man, and abide by what he tells you.

I must now hasten to the consideration of my last subject present, and that is *ozone*. This is nothing else than oxygen itself, but it differs from that body to which Priestly gave the name in some peculiarities, that it is very difficult to find out its nature. It has a very penetrating odour, resembling chlorine mixed with air—or phosphorus or sulphur in combustion. Oxygen, on the contrary, has no smell. Its oxydizing power is much greater than that of common oxygen, and it combines rapidly with mercury at an ordinary temperature, where the other does but slowly. In 1785 this remarkable body was first discovered by Van Marn, who, having the use of a large electrical machine, excited sparks in a tube filled with oxygen; after 5000 sparks the oxygen acquired a strong smell, which this natural philosopher remarked "was clearly the smell of electrical matter." From this time, however, until 1840, these experiments were lost sight of, when Professor Schönbein, while decomposing water by a galvanic battery, remarked this peculiar smell, and published a paper on the subject. It was this chemist who gave the new substance the name of *ozone*, but left undecided the question whether it was a simple element, or a composition of oxygen with hydrogen or azote. I will not follow the various opinions expressed about this peculiar substance, but endeavour to show the uses to which it is subservient. Since 1850 Schönbein ascertained that ozone decomposed iodide of potassium, and concluded that starched paper, containing a small quantity of the iodide, would always be a good re-agent for the presence of ozone; and paper thus prepared, and exposed to the atmosphere, soon revealed its presence. A scale, or ozonometrical measure, is now, however, devised, by which the daily variations of atmospheric ozone can be ascertained in the same manner as the temperature and weight of the air are by the thermometer and barometer; and now many men of science are directing their particular attention to this new branch of meteorological observations.

Thus, then, we have a body which never ceases to act on us, and all animated nature; the existence of which we did not even suspect a few years since, and which exerts a powerful influence upon respiration, and consequently on all our vital functions.

According to Dr. Beeckel, of Strasburg, malaria always shews itself with the zero of the ozonscope, and that the presence of cholera coincided with the absence of ozone, which re-appeared as soon as the epidemic ceased. Professor Schönbein observed a *considerable quantity of ozone* in the atmosphere at Berlin *during an epidemic of influenza*, while with cholera in the same city there was a *decrease* of it.

Dr. Billiard, of Corbigny, entertained the opinion that the cause of cholera was the diminution of ozone in the atmosphere, and that this modification brings forth a change in the animal organization, so that liquids contained in certain vessels, and substances in the digestive tube, are withdrawn from vital action, and only remain subject to the rules by which inert matter is acted on.

I have now written a good deal—far too much, I think I hear many say—and must still leave the question of your correspondent, "M. D.," unanswered; but the remarks I have made may elicit some observations from abler and more scientific men, and if it was only on this account I may have done some good.

My idea is that medical men should always be on the alert for investigation and causes.

The study and practice of medicine is not one of those mere pursuits or callings entered on by the majority of mankind for the purposes of gain and self-aggrandisement; it has higher attributes and holier commissions than the mere seeking for the shadowy golden fleece. As argonauts across the rough sea of life, its aim is and should be to carry its inestimable gifts to the ends of the habitable globe; and as an humble agent under a high power, it dispenses ease to the suffering, strength to the weak, health to the sick and infirm, and sometimes life to the dying; it is balm to the wounded, can still the cries of pain and anguish, and extinguish the consuming fire of pestilence and disease. It often cheers the hopes of drooping, disappointed, downcast sufferers and friends, and sometimes elevates again to the dignity of humanity the once humiliated object of bereaved reason; and when at last it cannot save the sufferer from becoming the tenant of the cold, cold grave, it has the gratifying satisfaction of rescuing his last moments from the bitter pains of suffering, and by thus smoothing the ebbing tide of life, enable him to think more calmly of his approaching end, and place his sole confidence in a future hope.

W. BELL.

Campbelltown, 2nd June.

P S.—I will describe some atmospheric appearances during the prevalence of epidemics at another time.

VERY LIKE THE SEA SERPENT.—While the ship Typhoon (just arrived at Liverpool from Bombay) was on her voyage home, and when in latitude 5·24 N., longitude 22·0 W. the captain saw a large tree, upwards of ninety feet long, and without branches, but with long fibrous roots, extending from eight to ten feet from the trunk. The tree was very thick, and from its general proportions, the captain believes, would be very destructive in the event of a collision with a ship. This is probably the great sea serpent, and the fibrous roots the mane so much talked of by other navigators.

AN OLD COUPLE.—There are now living at Tremar, in the parish of St. Cleer, a man and his wife whose united ages amount to 180 years. Mr William Stanton and his wife were born in the year 1770, and were married at the parish church of St. Cleer sixty-eight years ago last May. They were both born in, and have never lived out of, the parish; have eight children—three sons and five daughters—five of whom are now living. They have forty-one grandchildren, and thirty-nine great grandchildren, the greater part of whom are now living in that parish. Mr. Stanton enjoys good health, walks very upright, can walk to Liskeard market and back, goes to work every day at South Caradon mine, and gets 10s. per week.—*Western Morning News.*

PRESUMPTUOUS PATRIOTS AND PUBLIC-HOUSE POLITICIANS.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—The insolence and overbearing conduct of some men more nimble in speech than wisdom, can be seen every day, now we have such a multiplicity of the above gentlemen who form the heading of these few remarks. If an election of a member of parliament, or member of a municipal council takes place, some of these pot-house politicians want the hustings or polling place opposite his friend's or benefactor's pot-house door; and, by the bye, these mouthing politicians are ever ready to cut their benefactor's throat at any imaginary wrong. Let these parties that talk so much and do so little towards assisting in giving employment by steadily sticking to work become producers, as well as consumers of what they can pay for; not live as some do—hand to mouth—and consume all but their breath, which does not require ready cash. If these few remarks are taken in good part, we should not hear so much about the "Unemployed," who are only made the means of these men thrusting their clamour upon the public ear. The festering curse of this colony is to be found in the low public-houses of Sydney and the suburbs. Were the police sufficiently strong to turn these would-be patriots home to their families, if they unfortunately should have any. It has come within our own observation of some of these men where they have played the bully by compelling needless expense at an election. Now this fine patriot of the people, when remonstrated with as to the additional expense, made answer, what has that do with with you, or any body, as the money all comes out of the General Revenue! These prowlers and growlers, if you were to give them land for nothing would not live on it, because, to grumble with the gum-trees, and live on tea and damper, and have to put up with a little self-denial, would not be congenial to his feelings, as his former habits of living—namely, going home at the small hours of the morning, and throwing himself on the bare boards, thinking no doubt he was comfortably in bed; and in the course of the night dreaming, or imagining, what patriots he has left, and how they have been trying to alleviate his suffering brothers.

JACK AND JOE.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—In your issue of this day's date I see a letter signed "Holdsworthy," suggesting that the influenza now so prevalent is caused by hydroselenic acid.

Selenium is a very rare substance, discovered, as Mr. Holdsworthy says, by Berzelius, in the refuse of the manufacture of sulphuric acid, in Sweden, which is made with sulphur extracted from pyrites containing selenium. It has since been found in some few minerals, and is classed by the discoverer and some other chemists amongst the metals.

Now, instead of taking such a rare substance—not known to exist in Australia—as the cause of influenza, I would suggest to Mr. Holdsworthy that perhaps it might be brought home to the bad habit people have of blowing out candles instead of snuffing them out. Everybody knows the unpleasant smell produced when a candle is blown out, which is caused by the production of a small quantity of acroleine; and I remember about twenty people, including myself, coughing for some fifteen or twenty minutes in consequence of a bottle containing this substance being broken in the room where we were sitting. Would it not be desirable for the Government to pass a law inflicting a heavy penalty on whomsoever should blow out a candle?

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

P. L.

Sydney, 4th June.

CONCERNING CRAVATS.

WE must not despair. Everything will have its history told in its turn. Already English umbrellas and French lamps have their respective histories in print; then why should not the kind protector of the human windwipe have its useful story related? The art of tying the cravat was written, some considerable number of years since, by an author who signed himself the Baron de l'Empesé; but, although we are assured that the baron brought the patience of a Benedictine monk to his works, he did not exhaust his subject. Could the history of the cravat be told in a hundred printed pages, and with only five illustrative plates? As well endeavour to exhaust the history of England on a sheet of note-paper. The worthy historian of the cravat must consider the men who wear cravats, and the great men who have not worn them. The baron reminds us that the cravat makes the man. It is not, then, of importance to the world to learn that M. de Chateaubriand and M. de Villèle, two eminent statesmen, could never decently dispose their cravats? Could M. de Villèle conduct a straightforward policy with his neckcloth awry? No. It is to the honour of the baron that, thirty years ago, he discovered a new point of view from which men might advantageously look upon human affairs; that view was from man's necktie! The wearer of the Gordian knot must have been a distinct individual from the creatures who wore Talma knots, or Bergami knots, or cascade knots, or giraffe knots, or gastronomic knots. We should unhesitatingly declare that an inclination to the Gordian knot betrayed a tendency to diplomacy. Did Brillat Savarin wear a gastronomic knot, and was Cuvier's windpipe hidden by the giraffe? History is silent on these important points.

There have been dabblers, however, in the history of the neckcloth, who have collected materials, suggested chapters, and run up hasty theories. There have been controversies on the origin of cravats, in which the focalia of the Romans make a prominent figure, and in which the pretensions of the Croats are supported and rebutted.

How the neckband of the shirt grew into the prodigious frills of the sixteenth century; how these linen walls fell over upon the manly shoulders of the Puritans of the seventeenth century; how the cravats became effeminate under the second Charles; are progresses which belong to the future historian—to the coming man.

The cravat proper, with its elegantly adjusted folds, it is stoutly asserted, was first brought into France by French officers, on their return from Germany, in sixteen thirty-six. As stoutly is it maintained by Furetiere, against Menage, that the word cravat is nothing more than a corruption of Croat. The Croats, who guarded the Turkish frontiers of Austria, and who acted as scouts on the flanks of the army, wore linen round their necks, tied in front, the officers wearing muslin, or silk. When France organised a regiment on the model of the Croats, these linen croats, or cravats, were also imitated. The Royal Cravat was the name of a French regiment to the time of the French Revolution. So much for the origin of the cravat.

We are reminded that the cravat did not make its way suddenly; since, in the archives of the Calvinistic college in Languedoc, where Bayle was educated, may be seen an order, commanding the scholars to wear black clothing, and not to indulge in canes, cravats, nor other things that violate modesty. But what would the learned doctors of Puylawrens have thought of splendid Louis the Fourteenth's cravats, with scarlet and sky-blue satin knots, and their lace falls? Not that the old Calvinists could have commanded much attention had they been in the neighbourhood of great Louis; French vivacity and audacity had their play there; the humour of the moment was the law of the moment; and this humour took its graceful turns now and then. For instance, the princes, dressing hastily for the battle of Steinkerque, cast their cravats negligently round their throats. After the victory, charming women, looking lovingly at the victors, adorned themselves with gracefully careless little kerchiefs, and called them Steinkerques. Advertisers have vulgarised these feminine gentillesses of old. It is true that Parisian ladies wear, at this moment, Solferino mantillas, and that flâneurs are conspicuous in Cavour shirt-collars; but we know that here are only so many twopences made by the tradesmen who inspire Le Follet. These will have their day, as even the Great Louis cravats had their day.

Way for the flowing Chancellor cravats of Louis the Fifteenth's time!—they also must have their day. And their day shall end at the peace of Hanover, when the Duke of Choiseul shall command the army of France to wear stiff stocks. It was a sad day for French and for English soldiers when these instruments of torture were invented. Civilians soon broke through them; but only to be bound up anew in the starched muslin of Louis the Sixteenth's time. These barricades about the windpipe were especially conspicuous on a certain day when the National Assembly met at Versailles; the stuff military stocks, or elegant lace cravats of the nobility, contrasting strongly (perhaps ominously) with the plain white of the commoners' neckcloths.

The Revolution tore the cravat from men's throats. How could men call loud enough for blood, in the days of Terror, with the windpipe shackled by starched muslin? The Sans-Culottes must have their throats free, for the exercise of their lungs; their enemies must have their throats free, also, for the convenience of La Guillotine. Thus, the Marats would have done violence to the cravat; had not Robespierre set his grim, green head, upon a column of starched muslin, mathematically set up. The cravat was saved; and Republican generals, to make it doubly safe, were two—a small black one over a large white one. There were generals, however (Pichegru, for instance), who disdained the voluminous starched bands of Paris. How the cravat grew round the chin, till it threatened to burke the wearer, our readers must remember from the thousands of drawings of this wildly dressing time. Men carried their political faith, in those days, round their necks. The royalists distinguished themselves by wearing green neckcloths. And we, in our turn, imitated even the republicans. The first gentleman in Europe passed his youth wrapped about the neck like a fresh mummy. Brummel must be approached with awe by the coming historian of the neckcloth. Was the delicacy with which he passed his thumb and forefinger round the upper edge of his spotless muslin ever equalled?

Let us treat this subject with the gravity it deserves. We are told that in the year nine of the republic, the collar began to peep timidly above the cravat. Democratic collar! which in spite of Toryism in brass buttons and nankeens, stoutly defending the cravat in all its integrity, was destined to triumph at last in that particularly demonstrative type of the species known as "the all-rounder!" But—not to anticipate—throughout the Consulate, the cravat held its own, and grew, till the man was almost second to the neckcloth. The Empire brought back some of the lace of royalty. The delicate work of Alençon encompassed the throat of the hero of Arcole on his coronation day. His senators imitated him; and civilians began to strut about with huge white knots, called *choux*. We are assured that General Lasalle's cravat was thick enough to turn a bullet and save his life; and it has been more than hinted that Napoleon owed the defeat of Waterloo to the fact that on that great day he wore a white cravat, with a flowing knot, "contrary to his custom."

His fall marked the beginning of a perilous era in the history of the neckcloth. The Restoration took to stocks. Stocks of velvet, and even of morocco leather, were adopted. The cravat was at the point of death, when some clever chemisier gave it a galvanic spasm, by attaching it to the stock. It was no longer free to float in the air, however. Prodigious golden pins held it fast, until after the revolution of eighteen thirty, when it regained its liberty. But it was clearly in its dotage, and to this hour it remains in obscurity, dreaming of the glorious time when it encircled the throat of the Great Louis.

One of the practical sages of this practical time has calculated that the man who wears a neckcloth and ties it properly, wastes four thousand hours in forty years upon its knot! This same sage vehemently panegyrises the loose neck gear of the present time. Fond of figures, he bids us enjoy a knowledge of the fact (according to him), that six thousand workwomen make a good living in Paris, in arranging neck-ties for the civilized world.

Gr. de M.—to whom we humbly confess ourselves indebted for some of the materials for a serious history of the neck-cloth (which we now put at the service of any ambitious frequenter of the British Museum reading-room who may chance to read these lines)—Gr. de M. is not equal to his subject—it overpowers him.—*All the Year Round.*

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the late Mr. JOHN WILLS, tailor, are respectfully requested to attend his funeral. The procession to move from his late residence, 484, George-street, on TUESDAY MORNING, at quarter to ten o'clock. REUBEN THOMAS, undertaker, 141, York-street, late of 54, King-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the late Mrs. JANE COOPER are respectfully invited to attend her Funeral, which will take place THIS MORNING. The procession to move from the residence of her mother, Mrs. E. SEWELL, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-street, at half-past eight o'clock precisely. R. STEWART, undertaker, Pitt-street, corner of Bathurst-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the deceased WILLIAM S. MOUTRY, Esq., are invited to attend his Funeral, to move from his late residence, Church-hill, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at 11 o'clock. JAMES CURTIS, undertaker, Hunter-street. N.B.—No circulars will be issued.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the late Mr. JOHN WATTS, late stevedore to the A.S.N. Company, are respectfully requested to his funeral. The procession to move from the residence of Mr. Loyde, Margaret-street, near the A.S.N. Company's Wharf, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at quarter to 3 o'clock. REUBEN THOMAS, undertaker, 141, York-street, late of 54, King-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the deceased Mr. JOHN SPROULES are invited to attend his Funeral, to move from his late residence, Botany-street, Waterloo Estate, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 3 o'clock. JAMES CURTIS, undertaker, Hunter-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. HENRY GRIFFITHS, fruiterer, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased son ARTHUR, THIS AFTERNOON, 5th June. The procession to move from his residence, Kent-street, near Market-street, at 3 o'clock. THOMAS DIXON, undertaker, South Head Road.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. EDWARD J. RUBIE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased daughter JANE MARY, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, June 6th. The procession to move from his residence, Macquarie-street South, at half-past 3 o'clock. THOMAS DIXON, South Head Road.

EXHIBITION of WORKING MODELS of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MACHINES.—Mr. MONTAGUE BEALE, from the firm of Messrs. Ransome and Sims, Ipswich, England, has now open for exhibition to the public a set of working models as above. Mr. Beale will attend from 10 to 4 o'clock, Saturdays excepted, at the stores of Mr. Edward Bingham, of 115, York-street, one door from King-street.

LORD NELSON HOTEL, Market Wharf.—A Select CONCERT, every MONDAY, TUESDAY, and SATURDAY EVENING. Mr. C. J. Johnson, the renowned sentimental singer, and Mr. Jerry Horn, the celebrated Irish comic singer, will appear each of the above evenings. Admission Free.

GENERAL WASHINGTON Luncheons from 12 till 3. Bill of fare: Turkey and ham, roast and boiled fowl, lamb in mint, roast-beef, mutton and veal, grilled chops and steaks, made dishes, &c.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—SIR,—As I mentioned in my advertised letter, I shall pass over with silence and contempt any further slander that Mr. Kentish may choose to publish concerning myself, but when a member of the public catches the contagion, and delivers his opinion upon malevolent effusions before he has heard the version of the parties attacked, I certainly must publicly express my disgust at such conduct, and inform your correspondent, if he were, what he has paradoxically termed himself, "A Lover of Justice," he would not deliver his opinions, fair or foul, on any personal subject, until he had heard the statements of the slandered as well as the slanderer. As I have not the pleasure of knowing this "amicus curiæ," who seemingly has delighted to take the part of the false accuser, and, like him, to express foul and uncalled for words, no other resort lies at my command than to throw him back his personal allusions with the obloquy such deserve, and in "tu quoque" style of language to emphatically impress upon his mind that I am no more "A REPROBATE" than he is himself. Your correspondent, indeed, does not possess a clear brain or generous mind else that exclamation, "Can such atrocities be possible, as disclosed by this exposé!" would never have passed his lips. A clear-brained generous minded man would have at once detected the paltry evidence upon which Mr. Kentish grounds his charges—terming me "a brawler" because an official dispute took place between Mr. Sibthorpe and myself—"a blasphemer," because I had jocularly used the words eternal damnation—and a sot because he heard me say that I had been intemperate at a dinner party (which statement, however, I deny). I would wish your correspondent, as he has placed his finger in this dirty pie, to con once again the "PETITS MORCEAUX" of evidence, which my gratuitous accuser has selected to substantiate his charges; and, indeed, in spite of sluggish brain and biassed mind, he will have to confess that no sane justice on such evidence could convict a man of being a "blasphemer, a brawler, and a sot," for, verily, he would be a queer lover of justice who would denounce a man as a "notorious sot," upon the IPSE DIXIT of his accuser. I certainly do hope, along with your correspondent, however repugnant it may be to my feelings, that the honorable member for Tamworth will pursue the case up in Parliament, as by that means I can prove to your correspondent, and the rest of the public, how largely Mr. Kentish has indulged in that sin which Satan is said to be the father of. Confident as I am in my innocence of the gross charges of Mr. Kentish, no slander of his, however well such may be expressed in glossy words or flowing style, can in the sequel injure me. Hoping that your QUONDAM Lover of Justice, may see his error, and transmit an apology where an apology is due.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

R. B. MITCHELL.

Lachlan River, 23rd May.

PIANOFORTES, Harmoniums by the best makers, for Sale or Hire. MOSS, Hunter-street.

TRAVIATA.—The songs in English and Italian, Pianoforte pieces, dance music, &c. MOSS, Hunter-st.

NELLY GRAY.—Just published, that popular song. Price, 2s. MOSS, Hunter-street.

W. WILLINGTON is regularly forwarding Parcels to Pickford and Co., railway carriers, per clipper ships, to the United Kingdom, New York, and the Continent of Europe. Small parcels, 1s. 148, Prince-street, Sydney.

SHIRTS, OUTFITS, &c.—M. A. HUGHES' Unique Shirts fit perfectly, are moderate in price, and unsurpassed in quality. Crimean shirts of superior texture and favourite colours, at 8s. Shirt Depot, Market-street East.

SELLING OFF.—J. WETHERILL having made large purchases of goods, selected from several recent shipments, for cash, has determined upon offering the whole of them at such prices that must effect a speedy clearance.
Ladies' tweed mantles, from 3s. 9d.
Ditto ditto jackets, 4s. 6d.
Checked tweed dresses, 3s. 11d., 12 yards, worth 8s. 6d.
Coburg cloths, 4½d. per yard, worth 7½d.
Fine ditto ditto, 6½d. ditto, best quality
French twills, 8½d., all colours
German merinoes, 10½d., worth 1s. 6d.
French ditto, 2s. 9½d., all colours
Plain tweeds, 7½d., worth 1s.
Checked ditto, 6½d., ditto 1s.
Plain linseys, 7½d., ditto 1s.
Wool plaids, 6½d., ditto 1s.
French delaines, 10½d., ditto 1s. 6d.
Hoyle's prints, fast colours, 2s. 11d. 8 yards
Ditto cambrics, ditto ditto, 3s. 11d. 8 yards
India longcloth, 1s. 11d. 12 yards
Croydon calicoes, 2s. 11d. 12 yards
Horrock's longcloth, 3s. 11d. 12 yards
Glazed linings, 2½d., all colours
Brown hollands, 6½d.
Worsted table covers, 1s. 11d., worth 5s. 6d.
Welsh flannels, 10½d., worth 15d., all wool
Furniture dimity, 6½d., worth 9½d.
Ditto chintzes, 4½d., worth 9d.
China mattings, yard wide, 8½d., worth 1s.
Tapestry carpets, 3s. 9d., worth 5s. 6d.
White unions, 4½d., worth 7d.
Bonnet ribbons, 6½d., worth 1s.
Muslin sets, hand work, 2s. 9d., worth 6s. 6d.
Rich flouncings, 7½d., worth 1s. 6d.
Fashionable trimmings, 36 yards, 1s. 6d., worth 5s. 6d.
Fancy buttons for dresses, 1d. a dozen
Sea side boas, from 6d. each.
Note the address—J. WETHERILL, Lincolnshire House, 307, George street, near Hunter-street.

AMERICAN MILLET BROOMS, for SALE. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 292, Pitt-street.

PORTABLE Patent Spring Roller MANGLES, for families. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 292, Pitt-street.

SMOKED OX TONGUES, to be had in any quantity, at E. J. BLAXLAND'S, Lime-street, Erskine-st.

GUNNIES, large size, for SALE. JOHN C. DIBBS, Pitt street, next Exchange.

GLENDRONACH WHISKY.—This celebrated Whisky, from the Royal Distillery, on SALE at the Stores of the undersigned. JAMES MORT and CO.

FOR SALE by the Undersigned, ex late arrivals.
Sparkling hock
Ditto burgundy
Ditto champagne (Duc de Montebello and Crême de Sillery).
MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 13, Macquarie-place.

BASS' ALE, No. 3—Now landing, ex Lloyds, and King Lear, new brew. MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 13, Macquarie-place.

FOR SALE, a portable seven-horse power STEAM-ENGINE, by Garrett and Sons, of Saxmundham, just landed, with circular saw bench, fitted with self-feeding apparatus, &c., complete. Apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street. N.B. This would be an excellent investment for the Kiandra gold-fields.

FOR SALE, by the undersigned, ex late arrivals,—
Enamelled oval boilers, saucepans, fryingpans
Gridirons, milk dishes, pie dishes, &c.
Joseph Rodgers and Son's table cutlery
J. Dickson's best britannia metal goods
Lyon's sausage machines for private families
Moseley and Sons' London planes, with Ward's irons
Buck's celebrated London saws
Blythe and Hill (late Howell's) saws
Ward and Payne's edge tools, Sorby and Sons' ditto
William's butcher knives, all sizes
An assortment of papier mache and japanned trays
Toiletware, japanned water carriers
Enamelled toiletware, complete
Herring twine, three ply; patent knive boards
Carpenter's patent rim locks, all sizes, &c., &c.
Drawback locks, chest locks, cupboard locks, &c.
Hollowware, assorted, in hogsheads; patent screws, iron and brass
Coal scuttles, tinned fryingpans, oval and round, all sizes
Patent nails, 1-inch to 6-inch; Oakey's glass paper
American washing machines, sausage machines, with fillers
Patent gun animal traps, breaking-up hoes
Iron bedsteads, mattresses, palliasses and pillows, &c., &c.
THOMAS GRIFFITHS, wholesale and retail ironmonger, 584, George-street, corner of Bathurst-street.

MATCHES and WAX VESTAS.—On SALE, ex late arrivals, I.N.E., saloon, and paper box matches; vestas in plaid and japan tin boxes, 50, 100, 150, 250, 500, 1000, in separate or assorted cases, or in quantities to suit the trade. A. BLITZ, office No. 9, Market-buildings, George-street.

CART HORSE For SALE, just arrived from Windsor, accustomed to saddle and all kinds of harness, and subject to any trial, price £20. An excellent second-hand Dogcart, in good order, late Captain Pike's, price £30, cost £70. GIBSON, 402, Castlereagh-street, near Liverpool-street.

A LARGE airy BEDROOM to LET, with or without board, at 90, Hunter-street.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM TO LET, with board if required. Apply No. 2, Bligh-street.

APARTMENTS Vacant at Mrs. Brady's, 2, Craigend-terrace, Upper William-street, Woolloomooloo.

A LARGE and convenient STORE to be LET, adjoining the Circular Wharf. Apply to MOREHEAD and YOUNG, O'Connell-street.

A GENTLEMAN can meet with a furnished Bedroom and partial Board, in a private family. Mrs. DUNN'S, Castlereagh-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE. No. 6, Bligh-street.

DWELLING-HOUSES and Business Premises in the city and suburbs. W. P. WOOLCOTT, 4, Jamison-street.

FURNISHED HOUSE, or superior APARTMENTS REQUIRED, for two months; the neighbourhood of Darlinghurst preferred. Terms liberal. Address T., No. 1, St. John's-terrace, Darlinghurst.

SUPERIOR BOARD and RESIDENCE, in a delightful situation, overlooking the harbour and domain, and within a few minutes' walk of St. James' Church. Terms moderate. Address W. H., HERALD Office.

STORE to LET, in Bridge-street, now in the occupation of Mr. Hutchinson. Apply to Mr. H. K. JAMES, King-street.

SYDNEY EXCHANGE COMPANY.—To LET, from the 1st of July proximo, the extensive and conveniently situated CELLARS, underneath the EXCHANGE, at present in the occupation of Messrs. Scott, Henderson, and Co., in close proximity to the Circular and other wharves. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to HENRY CHERRY, Secretary.

TO LET, the SHOP 241, Pitt-street, next Theatre. JOHN HULBERT, 88, King-street.

TO LET, or SELL, IVY COTTAGE, 6 rooms, verandah, garden, water. Shamrock Hotel, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, at Paddington, a detached COTTAGE. Rent moderate. Apply at CROUCH'S Bazaar.

TO TANNERS.—TO LET, the GLENMORE TANNERY, Rushcutter's Bay. Apply to RAYMOND and CO., Treasury-buildings, George-street.

TO LET, at Newtown, a HOUSE of four rooms, outhouse, shed, and garden; rent moderate. JOHN ARMSTRONG, ironmonger, Market-street.

TO LET, No. 9, Williams-terrace, Stanley-street, Woolloomooloo. For particulars apply to Mr. PEIL, 5, Burton-street; or to Mr. WILLIAMS, Hotel, Parramatta.

TO LET, in Hyde Park, facing the Race-course, a desirable Family RESIDENCE, containing seven rooms, kitchen, &c. For cards to view apply to C. H. ROOKE, estate agent, 123, King-street.

TO LET, at reduced rent, No. 204, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo; balcony and verandah, with eight rooms, water laid on. Apply on the premises; or SMITH'S Shirt Factory, Park-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE, containing thirteen bedrooms, dining rooms, &c. Rent low; also, a first-class billiard room, with gas fittings, &c., &c. Apply Prince of Wales Hotel, George-street.

TO LET, a first-class RESIDENCE, in the most respectable and delightful part of the Point Piper Road, with the best supply of water; rent moderate. Apply to Mr. J. CAREW, 255, George-street, Sydney.

TO LET, a COTTAGE, in William-street, containing seven rooms, kitchen, &c. Apply to W. H. WEBB, at the office of the New South Wales Trade Protection Society, 229, Pitt street, next Moffitt's.

TO LET, that Family DWELLING, No. 219, Castlereagh-street, near Market-street, in first-rate condition, and at a reasonable rental, in consequence of removing to the interior. Apply on the premises.

TO LET, a HOUSE, in Prince-street, No. 61, containing seven rooms, with kitchen, good yard, with back entrance; water laid on. Apply OWEN J. CARAHER, Gloucester-street.

TO LET, two new STORES in Pitt-street North, convenient to the Circular Quay, three floors each. For further particulars apply to J. F. HILLY, Esq., Pitt-street.

TO LET, in Victoria-street, a neat Verandah COTTAGE, consisting of four rooms, kitchen, &c., together with about a quarter of an acre of garden ground in cultivation attached. Apply to THOS. FARRELL, 78, King-street.

TO LET, Two good Rooms, 10s. per week, 334, Castlereagh-street, near Bathurst-street.

TO LET, that commodious FAMILY RESIDENCE, in George-street, nearly opposite the Cathedral (now occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association), containing eleven rooms, with coachhouse, stable, &c. Possession can be given on 1st July. Apply W. CLARKE, 338, George-street (next door to Brush and MacDonnell's).

TO LET, from the 1st of July, all that HOUSE and PREMISES, with detached kitchen and servants' room, situate at the corner of Kent and Bathurst streets, now in the occupation of Dr. Graham, and formerly occupied by the Medical Institution, together with coach-house and stable, if required. For particulars apply to Mr. G. JILKS, 68, Bathurst-street West.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDENCE, containing nine rooms, with kitchen and servants'-room over, in thorough repair, delightfully and pleasantly situated, having a commanding view of the harbour from the balcony and verandah. For cards to view, apply to Mr. S. GOOLD, bookseller, corner of King and Pitt streets.

TO LET, at Snail's Bay, Balmain, within five minutes' walk of the steam ferry, a detached VILLA RESIDENCE, containing five good rooms, entrance hall, kitchen, and servant's room, with a good garden, and water frontage, wharf, &c.; rent moderate. For particulars apply to G. R. H., Box 55, Post Office.

TO LET, at Waverley, a FAMILY RESIDENCE, containing 8 rooms; also, kitchen, pantry, servant's room, washhouse, mangling room; two-stall stable, coach-house, hayloft and coal shed; large yard, garden, and good grass paddock, with abundant supply of the purest water. Rent £120. Apply 235, Pitt-street.

TO LET, those capacious Stone STORES consisting of three floors and large covered shed, with gallery on one side, situated in George-street, a few doors south of Bathurst-street, at present occupied by the undersigned. These premises are admirably adapted for a wholesale ironmonger, grocer, or any other trade requiring plenty store room. Immediate possession can be given, and the rent will be moderate. For all further particulars apply to C. F. EDWARDS, 598 and 600, George-street.

TO LET, with immediate possession, ROXBURGH ESTATE, near Windsor, containing 1930 acres of land, 400 of which are cleared and in cultivation; with dwelling-house, coach-house, stables, and barn, all enclosed by a ring fence, now in good order. Mr. Phipps, on the farm, will show the premises, and further particulars made known on applying at Major WINGATE'S, at No. 22, Potts' Point, Sydney, any day from 10 to 12 o'clock.

TO LET, Observatory VILLA, situate on the most prominent part of Paddington, at the junction of the Point Piper and Old South Head Roads. These premises consist of the house and garden, with coachhouse, stables, &c., and are in every way suitable for a respectable family. For further particulars apply to JOHN COUSENS, at the office of Messrs. Christopher Newton, Frother, and Co., George street.

TO BE LET, that elegant and commodious TOWN HOUSE, No. 1, Hyde Park Terrace, presently, and from the time of its completion (21 years) occupied by Gilbert Elliott, Esq., now about to be vacated, in consequence of that gentleman's departure from the colony. Rent £220 per annum. Apply to BEAUMONT and WALLER, builders, Castlereagh-street. A two-stall stable, coach-house, hay loft, &c., may be had with the house, if desired.

TO LET, MONIA VALE, consisting of 700 acre grant, but by measurement about 2000 acres. It will carry about 300 head of cattle, besides the fenced-in paddocks; will milk about 60 to 70 cows all the year round. There is coals and a good wharf on the estate; the firewood will three times pay the rent, as the wharf and other conveniences are greater than any other place in the colony for the Sydney markets. For particulars apply by letter to H. J. BATE, at Mr. F. R. Robinson's ironmonger, George-street, opposite Sydney Markets.

TO TAILORS, DRAPERS, &c.—TO be LET, a good substantial brick HOUSE, with shop, containing four rooms, kitchen, and workshop detached; also, large shed and storeroom, shingled. The premises are situated in the best business part of Albury. The proprietor, in offering the above, begs to state that he has hitherto done a good business, and is now anxious to retire from the trade. Having lived on the premises since their erection, he has spared no expense in making the same a comfortable residence for a respectable family. Further particulars can be obtained of the owner, on the premises, ROBERT MORTON, tailor and draper, next the Border Post, Townsend-street, Albury.

TO CARMEN, DRAYMEN, and others.—TO LET, at Camperdown, with immediate possession, Three HOUSES, together with a large yard, and stabling for eighteen horses. The proprietor wishes to call the attention of those in search of premises to the great advantages to be derived in living in the country, and more especially when the tollbar is removed, which is to be in a few days. For further particulars apply to JOHN HORNSBY, near the premises; or to the proprietor, JAMES DUFFIE, 377, Kent-street, Sydney.

TO BE LET, Agricultural and Dairy FARMS, in the Goulburn district. A large quantity of first rate land is now open for selection on the Arthursleigh Estate, near Berrima. Large or small farms may be had, to suit the convenience of parties wishing to occupy land. Leases will be given for 7, 14, or 21 years, on most liberal terms. The agricultural farms comprise some of the best wheat growing land in the district, and are never liable to be flooded. The dairy farms consist of excellent grazing land, are well watered in all seasons, and have a large quantity of pre-emptive leased Government land, attached to them, for back run. As the Great Southern Railway will be within a short distance of this estate, great facility will be afforded for the transmission of produce to Sydney. Further particulars and plans of the farms may be obtained on application to ALEX. REID, Arthursleigh.

UPTON HOUSE and GROUNDS, North Shore, to be LET; rent very moderate. Apply on premises.

SMITH versus M'GUFFNA.

THIS DAY, June 5th, at 11 o'clock.
To Dealers and others.

G. F. BAKER has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Hunter-street, three doors from George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A quantity of household furniture, consisting of cheffonier, chairs, pictures, sofa, clock, table, watch, flutina, ornaments, plated ware, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

Clearing-out Sale.

Loo and Dining Table, Iron and Wood Bedsteads
Cheffoniers, Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers
Chairs, Washstands, Sofas, Couches
Swing Glasses, Glass Counter Case
Dressing Tables, Feather Beds, Palliasses, &c., &c.

FREDERICK BRADLY will sell by auction, THIS DAY,
The above superior and useful furniture.
Without any reserve.
Terms, cash.

Produce Sale.

WEDNESDAY, 6th June, at 11 o'clock.

Barrel Flour, Hay, Maize, Oats, &c., &c.

PRITCHARD and WILLIAMS will sell by auction, at their Stores, Sussex-street,
40 barrels Gallego fine flour, slightly damaged
50 bales prime lucerne hay
100 bags maize
30 bags Scotch oats
Fat pigs, calves, &c.
Terms, cash.

Unreserved Sale of Gallego Flour, slightly damaged.

WEDNESDAY, 6th instant, at 11 o'clock.

PRITCHARD and WILLIAMS will sell by auction, at their Stores, Sussex-street,
40 barrels (more or less) Gallego flour.
Terms, cash.

Clearing-out Sale.
Previous to entering into new Premises.

WEDNESDAY, 6th instant, at 10 o'clock.

PRITCHARD and WILLIAMS will sell by auction, at their Stores, Sussex-street,
In lots to suit buyers,
Winnowing machines, corn-shellers, Scotch and American ploughs, harrows, cultivators, hay rakes, buckets, sashes, shovels, churns, box frames and sashes, panel and sash doors, hoop iron, colonial wine, mess beef, ladders, steps, empty casks, old rope, large quantity of lumber, hardwood timber, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD—
Subscription, 20s. per quarter.
CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
Two lines or 14 words ... One shilling.
Four lines or 30 ditto ... Two shillings.
Six lines or 48 ditto ... Three shillings.
Eight lines or 64 ditto ... Four shillings.
And 3d. (three pence) per line for every additional line eight words for each insertion.
*** All advertisements under six lines will be 3s. to advertiser's account, if booked.
Births, Deaths, and Marriages, 3s. each insertion.
N.B.—Advertisers in the country can remit payment in postage stamps.

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